Operating Instructions Liquiline CM44P

Universal four-wire multichannel controller for process photometers and Memosens sensors

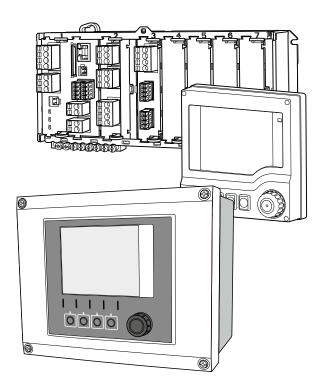




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1 Document information

1.1 Warnings

Structure of information	Meaning
▲ DANGER Causes (/consequences) If necessary, Consequences of non-compliance (if applicable) ► Corrective action	This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid the dangerous situation will result in a fatal or serious injury.
<pre>▲ WARNING Causes (/consequences) If necessary, Consequences of non-compliance (if applicable) </pre> Corrective action	This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid the dangerous situation can result in a fatal or serious injury.
CAUTION Causes (/consequences) If necessary, Consequences of non-compliance (if applicable) ► Corrective action	This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or more serious injuries.
NOTICECause/situationIf necessary, Consequences ofnon-compliance (if applicable)Action/note	This symbol alerts you to situations which may result in damage to property.

1.2 Symbols

Symbol	Meaning	
i	Additional information, tips	
	Permitted or recommended	
	Not permitted or not recommended	
l	Reference to device documentation	
	Reference to page	
	Reference to graphic	
L .	Result of a step	

1.3 Symbols at the device

Symbol	Meaning
	Reference to device documentation

1.4 Documentation

The following instructions complement these Operating Instructions and are available on the product pages on the internet:

- Brief Operating Instructions Liquiline CM44P, KA01213C
- Operating Instructions Memosens, BA01245C
 - Software description for Memosens inputs
 - Calibration of Memosens sensors
 - Sensor-specific diagnostics and troubleshooting
- Operating Instructions for HART communication, BA00486C
- Onsite settings and installation instructions for HART
- Description of HART driver
- Guidelines for communication via fieldbus and web server
 - HART, SD01187C
 - PROFIBUS, SD01188C
 - Modbus, SD01189C
 - Web server, SD01190C
 - EtherNet/IP, SD01293C

2 Basic safety instructions

2.1 Requirements for the personnel

- Installation, commissioning, operation and maintenance of the measuring system may be carried out only by specially trained technical personnel.
- The technical personnel must be authorized by the plant operator to carry out the specified activities.
- The electrical connection may be performed only by an electrical technician.
- The technical personnel must have read and understood these Operating Instructions and must follow the instructions contained therein.
- Faults at the measuring point may only be rectified by authorized and specially trained personnel.

Repairs not described in the Operating Instructions provided must be carried out only directly at the manufacturer's site or by the service organization.

2.2 Designated use

2.2.1 Non-hazardous atmosphere

Liquiline CM44P is a multichannel controller for connecting analog photometers and digital sensors with Memosens technology in non-hazardous environments.

The device is designed for use in the following applications:

- Food and beverages
- Life science
- Power stations
- Chemical industry
- Other industrial applications

2.2.2 Non-designated use and improper use

NOTICE

Objects stored on top of the housing

May result in short-circuits or fire, the failure of individual cabinet components to complete failure of the measuring point.

- Never place any objects e.g. tools, cables, paper, food, liquid containers or similar on top
 of the housing.
- Always observe the operator's regulations, in particular with regard to fire safety (smoking) and foodstuffs (beverages).

Use of the device for any purpose other than that described, poses a threat to the safety of people and of the entire measuring system and is therefore not permitted.

The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-designated use.

2.2.3 Installation environment (cabinet device only)

The device and the associated power units can be operated with 24 V AC, 24 V DC or 100 to 230 V AC and provide shock protection in accordance with IP20.

The components have been designed for pollution degree 2, and moisture must not be allowed to collect in them. The components must therefore be installed in an appropriate enclosure for protection. The ambient conditions specified in the instructions must be observed here.

Occupational safety 2.3

As the user, you are responsible for complying with the following safety conditions:

- Installation guidelines
- Local standards and regulations
- Regulations for explosion protection

Electromagnetic compatibility

- The product has been tested for electromagnetic compatibility in accordance with the applicable European standards for industrial applications.
- The electromagnetic compatibility indicated applies only to a product that has been connected in accordance with these Operating Instructions.

2.4 **Operational safety**

- 1. Before commissioning the complete measuring point, verify that all connections are correct. Ensure that electrical cables and hose connections are undamaged.
- 2. Do not operate damaged products, and protect them against unintentional operation. Label the damaged product as defective.
- 3. If faults cannot be rectified, products must be taken out of service and protected against unintentional operation.

Cleaning not switched off during calibration or maintenance activities

Risk of injury due to medium or cleaning agent

- ▶ If a cleaning system is connected, switch if off before removing a sensor from the medium.
- If you wish to check the cleaning function and have therefore not switched off the ► cleaning system, please wear protective clothing, goggles and gloves or take other appropriate measures.

2.5 Product safety

2.5.1 State of the art

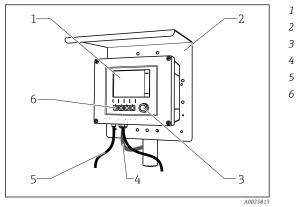
The product is designed to meet state-of-the-art safety requirements, has been tested, and left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate. The relevant regulations and European standards have been observed.

2.5.2 IT security

We only provide a warranty if the device is installed and used as described in the Operating Instructions. The device is equipped with security mechanisms to protect it against any inadvertent changes to the device settings.

IT security measures in line with operators' security standards and designed to provide additional protection for the device and device data transfer must be implemented by the operators themselves.

Device description 3



3.1 Housing closed (field device)

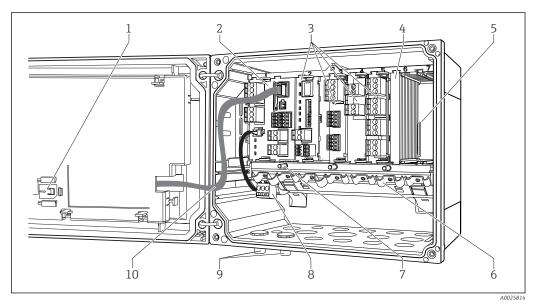
Display

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- Weather protection cover (optional)
- Navigator
- 4 Sensor cable or current output cable
 - Power supply cable
 - Soft keys, assignment depends on menu

1 Mounted on a post

3.2 Housing open (field device)



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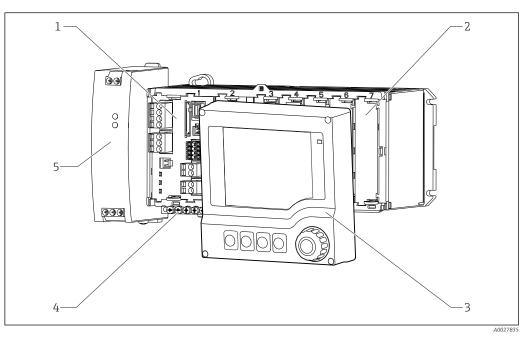
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₽ 2 Example of a four-channel device with an open display cover (without wiring)

- 1 Storage slot for SD card
- 2 Basic module
- 3 Extension modules (optional)
- 4 Shock protection, dummy cover and end cover
- 5 Extension backplane

- Cable mounting rail
- Threaded bolt for protective ground connection
- Extension power unit with internal cable
- M12 connectors for sensor connection (optional)
- 10 Display cable

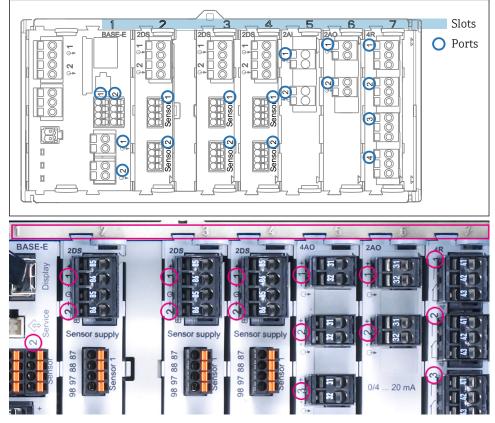
3.3 Overview (cabinet device)



- Device with optional, external display (excluding cables)
- 1 Basic module

2

- 5 Terminal strip
- Shock protection, dummy module 6 External power unit
- 3 External display (optional)



3.4 Slot and port assignment

Slot and port assignment of the hardware modules

Outlet 1		OK
CH1: 1) pH Glass	ATC 6.95 pH	Devt
CH2: 1:2 TU/TS	500.0 g/l	Port Slot
CH3: 5:1 SAC	500.0 1/m	5101
CH4: 5:2 Cond i	ATC 2.62 mS/cm	
CH5: 6:1 Chlorine	28.33 mg/l	
CH6: 6:2 Redox	<u>∓</u> 51 mV	
CH7: 7:1 Oxygen (am.	32.86 mg/l	
CH8: 7:2 Cond c	АТС 131.1 µS/с м	·
MENU CAL DIA	AG HOLD	

Slot and port assignment on the display

 Inputs are assigned to measuring channels in the ascending order of the slots and ports. Adjacent example:

"CH1: 1:1 pH glass" means:

Channel 1 (CH1) is slot 1 (basic module) : Port 1 (input 1), pH glass sensor

• Outputs and relays are named according to their function, e.g. "current output", and are displayed with the slot and port numbers in ascending order

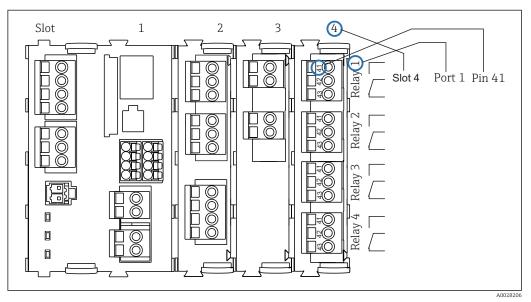
3.5 Terminal diagram

The unique terminal name is derived from:

Slot no. : Port no. : Terminal

Example, NO contact of a relay

- Device with 2 inputs for digital sensors, 4 current outputs and 4 relays
- Base module BASE-E (contains 2 sensor inputs, 2 current outputs)
- PEM module (1 photometer sensor)
- 2AO module (2 current outputs)
- 4R module (4 relays)



G Creating a terminal diagram using the example of the NO contact (terminal 41) of a relay

4 Incoming acceptance and product identification

4.1 Incoming acceptance

1. Verify that the packaging is undamaged.

- Notify your supplier of any damage to the packaging.
 Keep the damaged packaging until the matter has been settled.
- 2. Verify that the contents are undamaged.
 - ► Notify your supplier of any damage to the delivery contents.
 Keep the damaged products until the matter has been settled.
- 3. Check the delivery for completeness.
 - └ Check it against the delivery papers and your order.
- **4.** Pack the product for storage and transportation in such a way that it is protected against impact and moisture.
 - └ The original packaging offers the best protection.
 - The permitted ambient conditions must be observed (see "Technical data").

If you have any questions, please contact your supplier or your local sales center.

4.2 Product identification

4.2.1 Nameplate

The nameplate provides you with the following information on your device:

- Manufacturer identification
- Order code
- Extended order code
- Serial number
- Ambient and process conditions
- Input and output values
- Activation codes
- Safety information and warnings
- Compare the data on the nameplate with your order.

4.2.2 Product identification

Product page

www.endress.com/cm44p

Interpreting the order code

The order code and serial number of your product can be found in the following locations:

- On the nameplate
- In the delivery papers

Obtaining information on the product

1. Go to the product page for your product on the Internet.

- 2. At the bottom of the page, click the link **Online Tools** and then select **Access device specific information**.
 - └ An additional window opens.

- 3. Enter the order code from the nameplate into the search field and then select **Show details**.
 - └ You will receive information on each feature (selected option) of the order code.

Manufacturer's address

Endress+Hauser Conducta GmbH+Co. KG Dieselstraße 24 D-70839 Gerlingen

4.3 Scope of delivery

The scope of delivery comprises:

- 1 multichannel controller in the version ordered
- 1 mounting plate
- 1 wiring label (attached at the factory to the inside of the display cover)
- 1 external display (if selected as an option) ¹⁾
- 1 DIN rail power unit incl. Cable (cabinet device only)
- 1 printed copy of the Operating Instructions for DIN rail power unit (cabinet device only)
- 1 printed copy of the Brief Operating Instructions in the language ordered

If you have any questions, please contact your supplier or local sales center.

4.4 Certificates and approvals

4.4.1 **C€** mark

The product meets the requirements of the harmonized European standards. As such, it complies with the legal specifications of the EU directives. The manufacturer confirms successful testing of the product by affixing to it the CC mark.

4.4.2 cCSAus

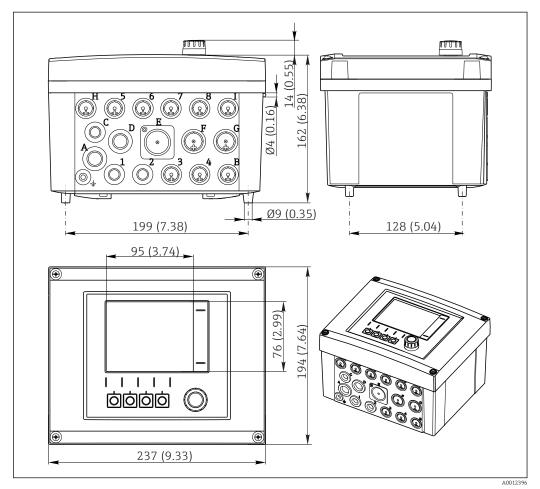
The product complies with "CLASS 2252 06 - Process Control Equipment" and "CLASS 2252 86 - Process Control Equipment - Certified to US Standards" requirements.

¹⁾ The external display can be selected as an option in the order structure or ordered as an accessory at a later stage.

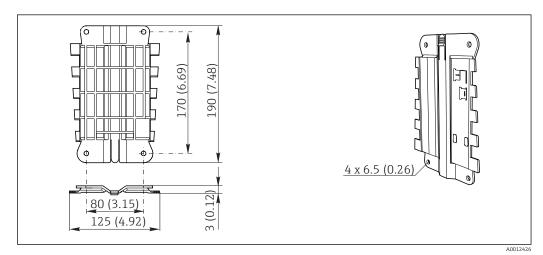
5 Installation

5.1 Installation conditions

5.1.1 Dimensions



7 Dimensions of field housing in mm (inch)



5.1.2 Mounting plate

8 Mounting plate in mm (inch)

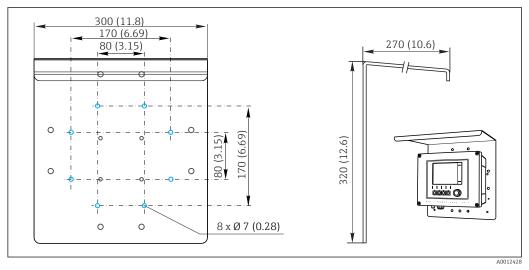
5.1.3 Protective cover

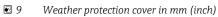
NOTICE

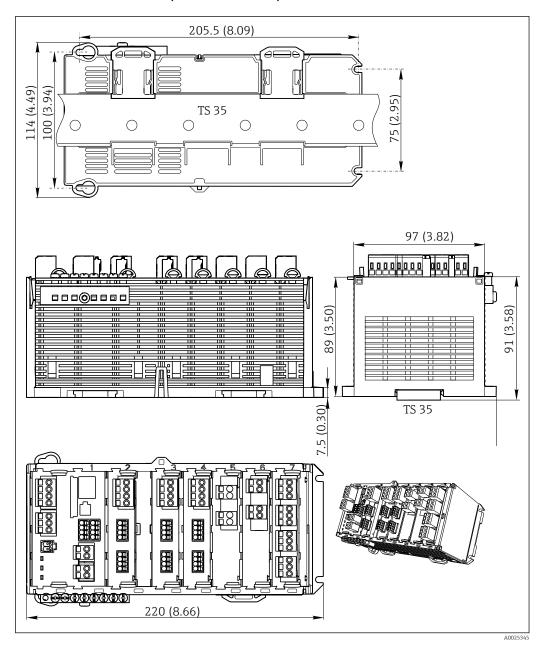
Effect of climatic conditions (rain, snow, direct sunlight etc.)

Impaired operation to complete transmitter failure

▶ When installing outside, always use the weather protection cover (accessory).







5.1.4 Dimensions (cabinet device)

☑ 10 Dimensions in mm (inch)

5.1.5 Mounting on DIN rail as per IEC 60715

ACAUTION

The power unit can get very hot under full load Burn hazard

- Avoid touching the power unit during operation.
- Make sure to keep the minimum distance to other devices.
- After switching off the power unit, allow it to cool before performing any work on it.

Impermissible collection of moisture in the device

Puts the safety of the user at risk

- The device has IP20 shock protection. Moisture must not be allowed to collect in the device.
- ► Comply with the specified ambient conditions, e.g. by installing the device in an appropriate protective enclosure.

NOTICE

Incorrect mounting location in the cabinet, spacing regulations not observed

Possible malfunctions as a result of heat development and interference from neighboring devices

- Do not position the device directly above sources of heat. Make sure to observe the temperature specification.
- The components are designed for convection-based cooling. Avoid the buildup of heat and ensure openings are not covered over, e.g. by cables.
- ► Make sure to keep the specified distance to other devices.
- Physically separate the device from frequency converters and high-voltage devices.
- ► Recommended installation direction: horizontal. The specified ambient conditions, and particularly the ambient temperatures, only apply for horizontal installation.
- Vertical orientation is also possible. However, this requires additional fixing clips at the place of installation to hold the device in position on the DIN rail.
- ► Recommended installation of power unit: to the left of the device.

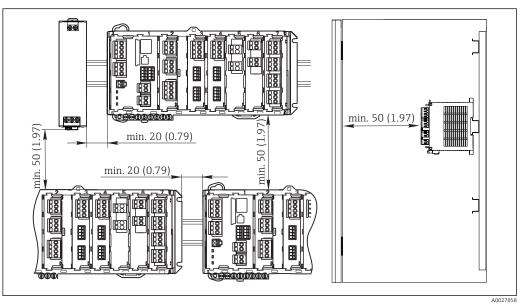
The following minimum spacing specifications must be observed:

 Distance at the side to other devices including power units and distance to control cabinet wall:

at least 20 mm (0.79 inch)

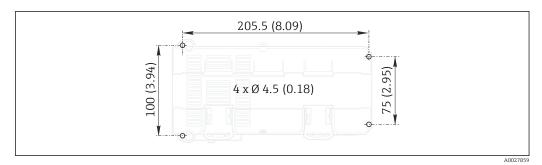
 Distance above and below the device and depth distance (to control cabinet door or other devices installed there):

at least 50 mm (1.97 inch)



■ 11 Minimum spacing in mm (inch)

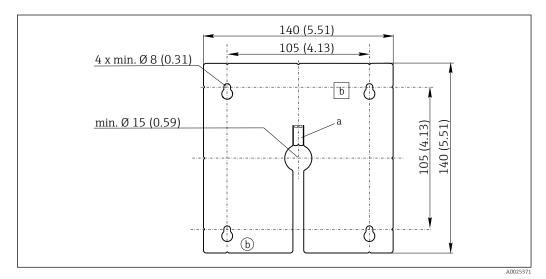
5.1.6 Wall mounting



I2 Drilling pattern for wall mounting in mm (inch)

5.1.7 Mounting the external display

The mounting plate also serves as the drilling template. The marks on the side help you mark the position of the drill holes.



I3 Mounting plate of external display in mm (inch)

a Retaining tab

b Production-related recesses, no function for the user

5.1.8 Cable length for optional display

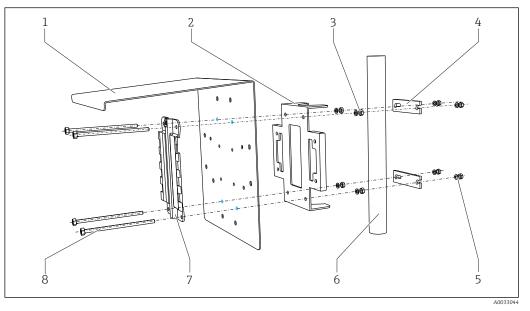
Length of display cable provided (cabinet device only): 3 m (10 ft)

Maximum permitted length of a display cable (cabinet device only): 5 m (16.5 ft)

5.2 Mounting the measuring device (field device)

5.2.1 Post mounting

You require the post mounting kit (optional) to mount the unit on a pipe, post or railing (square or circular, clamping range 20 to 61 mm (0.79 to 2.40")).



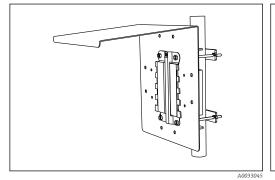
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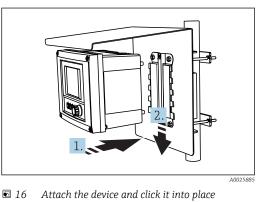
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- 14 Post mounting
- 1 Weather protection cover (optional)
- 2 Post mounting plate (post mounting kit)
- 3 Spring washers and nuts (post mounting kit)
- 4 Pipe clamps (post mounting kit)
- Spring washers and nuts (post mounting kit)
- Pipe or railing (circular/square)
- Mounting plate
- Threaded rods (post mounting kit)

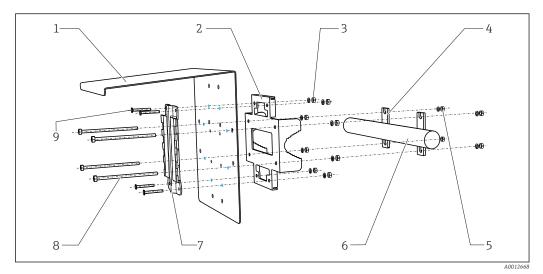




■ 15 Post mounting

1. Bring the device to the mounting plate.

2. Slide the device downwards in the guide on the mounting rail until it clicks into place.



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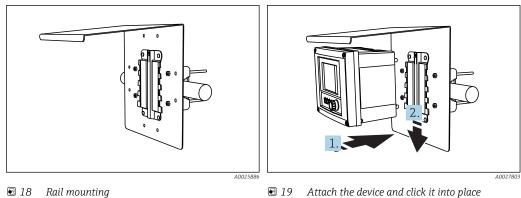
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5.2.2 **Rail mounting**

- 17 Rail mounting
- 1 Weather protection cover (optional)
- Post mounting plate (post mounting kit) 2
- 3 Spring washers and nuts (post mounting kit)
- Pipe clamps (post mounting kit) 4
- 5 Spring washers and nuts (post mounting kit)
- Pipe or railing (circular/square)
- Mounting plate
- Threaded rods (post mounting kit)
- Screws (post mounting kit)

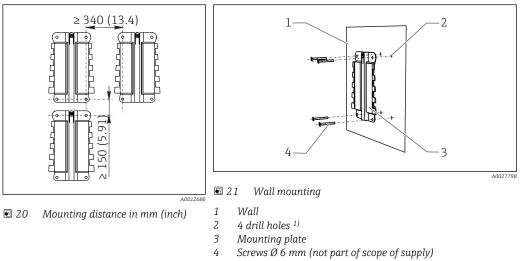


🛃 18 Rail mounting

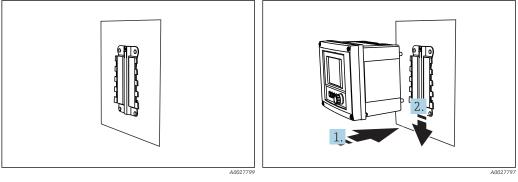
1. Bring the device to the mounting plate.

2. Slide the device downwards in the guide on the mounting rail until it clicks into place.

5.2.3 Wall mounting



¹⁾The size of the drill holes depends on the wall plugs used. The wall plugs and screws must be provided by the customer.



■ 22 Wall mounting

23 Attach the device and click it into place

1. Bring the device to the mounting plate.

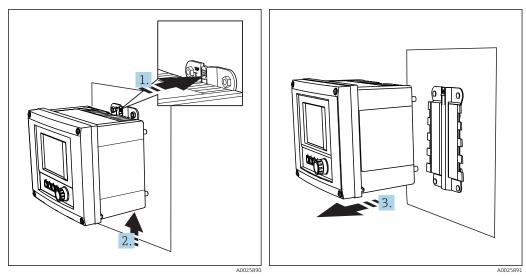
2. Slide the device downwards in the guide on the mounting rail until it clicks into place.

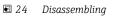
5.2.4 Disassembly (for conversion, cleaning etc.)

NOTICE

The device can be damaged if dropped

When pushing the housing out of the holder, secure the housing in such a way that you do not drop it. If possible, ask a second person to help you.





🗷 25 Disassembling

- 1. Hold down the catch.
- 2. Push up the device to remove it from the holder.
- 3. Remove the device towards the front.

5.3 Mounting the measuring device (cabinet device)

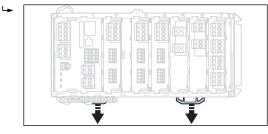
5.3.1 DIN rail mounting

L-

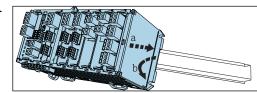
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The mounting procedure is the same for all Liquiline devices. The example shows a CM448R.

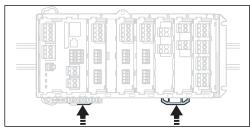
1. In the order configuration, the securing clips are "tightened" to secure the DIN rail. Release the securing clips by pulling them downwards.



2. Attach the device from the top to the DIN rail (a) and then press it down to secure it (b).



3. Slide the securing clips upwards until they click, thereby securing the device to the DIN rail.



4. Mount the external power unit in the same way.

5.3.2 Wall mounting

B Mounting material (screws, dowels) are not included in the scope of delivery and must be provided by the customer.

The external power unit can be mounted on a DIN rail only.

Use the back of the housing to mark the mounting holes.

1. Drill the required holes and place dowels in them if necessary.

2. Screw the housing onto the wall.

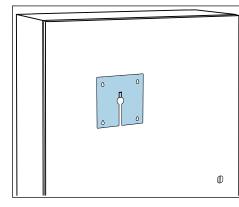
5.3.3 Mounting the optional external display

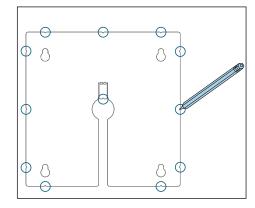
Sharp-edged, non-deburred drill holes

Risk of injury, display cable may get damaged

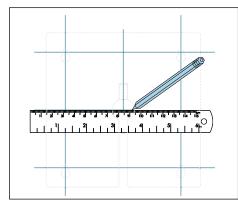
► In particular, deburr the central drill hole for the display cable.

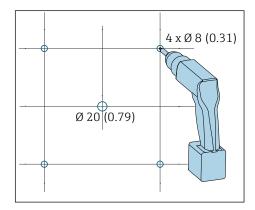
Mounting the display on the door of the cabinet





- 1. Hold the mounting plate from the outside against the door of the control cabinet. Choose the point at which you wish to install the display.
- 2. Make all the markings.

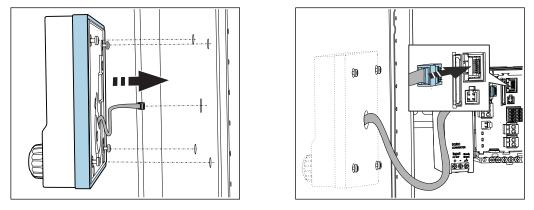




3. Draw lines connecting the markings.

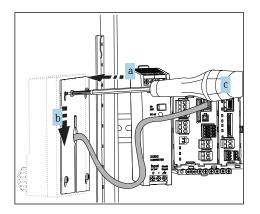
This will indicate the position of the five drill holes needed.

4. Drill the holes ($\rightarrow \blacksquare 13$, $\blacksquare 20$).

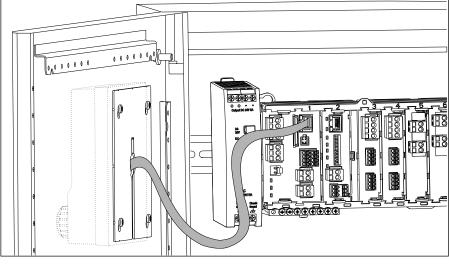


5. Pull the display cable through the hole in the middle, and place the display from the outside through the four holes drilled for this purpose, ensuring that the torx screws have been unscrewed to the last half turn but are still in place. Ensure that the rubber frame (seal, highlighted blue) does not become damaged and is properly positioned on the surface of the door.

6. Connect the display cable to the RJ-45 socket in the base module.



7. Place the mounting plate (a) on the inside over the screws, slide it down (b) and tighten the screws (c).



└ The display is now mounted and ready to use.

■ 26 Mounted display

NOTICE

Installation error

Damage, e.g. to the cable, or malfunctions are possible

- Lay cables in such a way that they do not get squashed e.g. when closing the cabinet door.
- ► Plug the display cable only into the RJ45 socket in the base module. Otherwise, the display will not function.

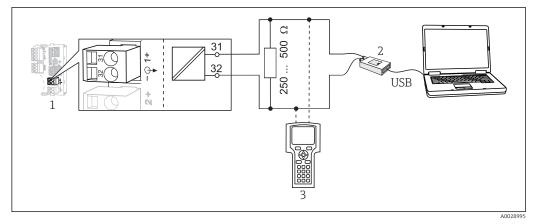
5.4 Post-installation check

- 1. After installation, check the transmitter for damage.
- 2. Check whether the transmitter is protected against moisture and direct sunlight (e.g. by the weather protection cover).
- 3. Following installation, check all devices (controller, power unit, display) for damage.
- 4. Verify that the specified mounting distances have been observed.
- 5. Verify that all securing clips have been snapped into place and that the components are securely positioned on the DIN rail.
- 6. Ensure that the temperature limits at the mounting location are observed.

6 Electrical connection

6.1 Connection conditions

6.1.1 Via HART (e.g. using HART modem and FieldCare)

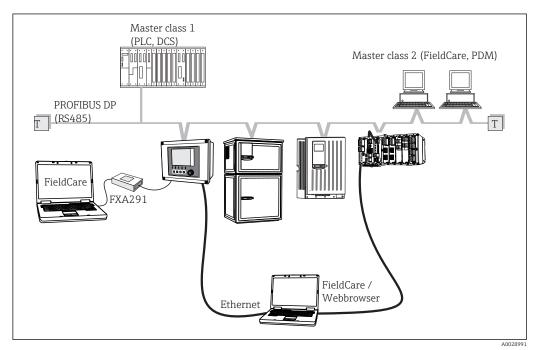


■ 27 HART using modem

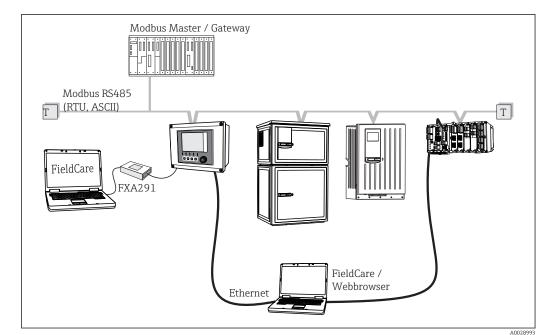
- 1 Device module Base L, H or E: current output 1 with HART
- 2 HART modem for connection to PC, e.g. Commubox FXA191 (RS232) or FXA195¹⁾ (USB)
- 3 HART handheld terminal

¹⁾ Switch position "on" (substitutes the resistor)

6.1.2 Via PROFIBUS DP



- ☑ 28 PROFIBUS DP
- T Terminating resistor

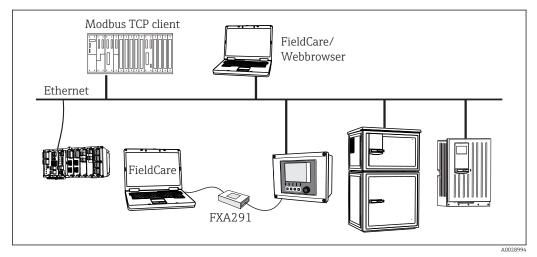


6.1.3 Via Modbus RS485



T Terminating resistor

6.1.4 Via Ethernet/Web server/Modbus TCP/EtherNet/IP



30 Modbus TCP and/or EtherNet/IP

6.2 Connecting the measuring device

WARNING

Device is live

Incorrect connection may result in injury or death

- The electrical connection may be performed only by an electrical technician.
- The electrical technician must have read and understood these Operating Instructions and must follow the instructions contained therein.
- **Prior** to commencing connection work, ensure that no voltage is present on any cable.

NOTICE

The device does not have a power switch

- The customer must provide a protected circuit breaker in the vicinity of the device.
- The circuit breaker must be a switch or power switch, and you must label it as the circuit breaker for the device.
- At the supply point, the power supply must be isolated from dangerous live cables by double or reinforced insulation in the case of devices with a 24 V supply voltage.

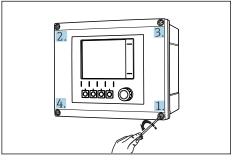
6.2.1 Open the housing

NOTICE

Pointed or sharp tools

If unsuitable tools are used, they can scratch the housing or damage the seal, and thus have a negative impact on the leak-tightness of the housing.

- Do not use any sharp or pointed objects, such as a knife, to open the housing.
- Only use a suitable Phillips screwdriver.



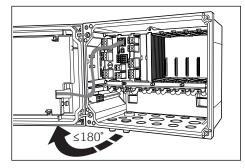
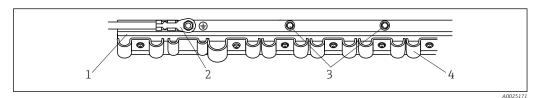


Image: 31 Releasing housing screws in a diagonally opposite sequence with Phillips screwdriver

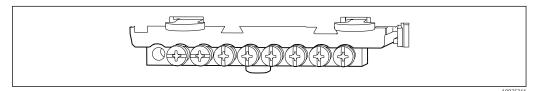
32 Opening display cover, max. opening angle 180° (depends on installation position)

- **1.** Release the housing screws step by step. Start with any screw and then release the screw diagonally opposite etc.
- 2. When closing the housing, also tighten the screws step-by-step in a diagonally opposite sequence.

6.2.2 Cable mounting rail



🛃 33 Cable mounting rail and associated function (field device)



3

4

🛃 34 Mounting rail for functional ground connections (cabinet device)

1 Cable mounting rail

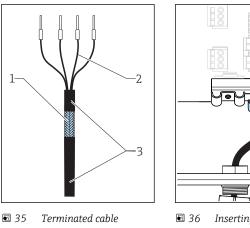
2 Threaded bolt (protective ground connection, central grounding point)

Additional threaded bolts for ground connections Cable clamps (fixing and grounding the sensor cables)

6.2.3 Connecting the cable shield

If possible, only use terminated genuine cables. The sensor, fieldbus and ethernet 1 cables must be shielded.

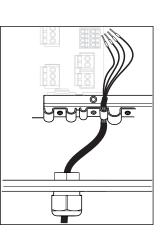
Cable sample (does not necessarily correspond to the genuine cable supplied)



- Grounding clip 4
- Outer shield (exposed) Cable cores with ferrules 2
- 3 Cable sheath (insulation)

1

Inserting the cable



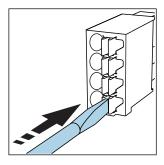
^{☑ 37} Tighten screw (2 Nm)

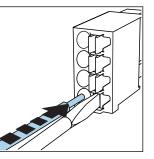
The cable shield is grounded using the grounding clamp.¹⁾

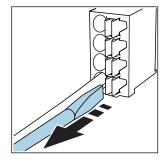
- Please note the instructions in the "Guaranteeing the degree of protection" section. ($\rightarrow \square 48$) 1)
- 1. Release a suitable cable gland on the underside of the housing and remove the dummy plug from the entry.
- 2. Making sure the gland is facing the right direction, thread the gland onto the cable end and pull the cable through the entry and into the housing.
- Route the cable in the housing in such a way that the **exposed** cable shield fits into 3. one of the cable clamps and the cable cores can be easily routed as far as the connection plug on the electronics module.
- 4. Screw on the cable clamp and clamp the cable in place. Then tighten the screw of the cable clamp.
- Connect the cable cores as per the wiring diagram. 5.
- 6. Lastly, tighten the cable gland from the outside.

6.2.4 Cable terminals

Plug-in terminals for Memosens and PROFIBUS/RS485 connections





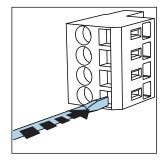


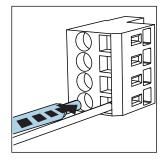
Press the screwdriver against the clip Insert the cable until the limit stop (opens the terminal)

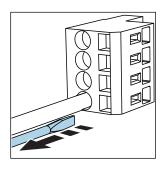
Remove the screwdriver (closes the terminal)

After connection, make sure that every cable end is securely in place. Terminated cable ends, in particular, tend to come loose easily if they have not been correctly inserted as far as the limit stop.

All other plug-in terminals

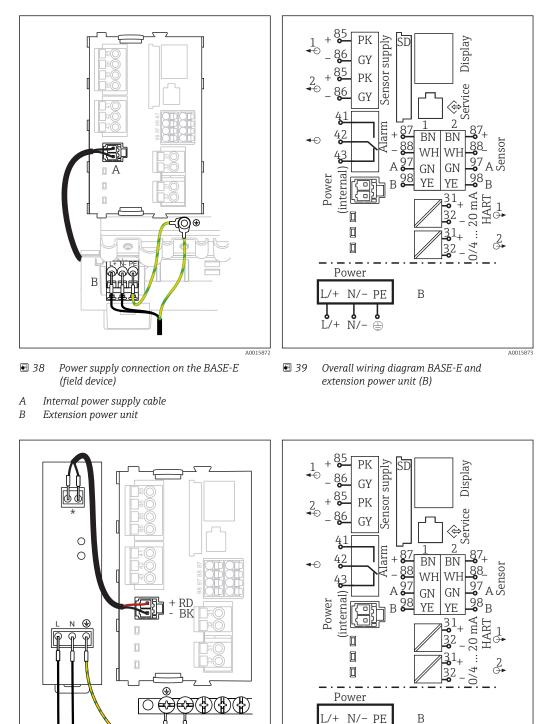






t the cable until the limit stop Remove the screwdriver (closes the terminal)

Press the screwdriver against the clip Insert the cable until the limit stop (opens the terminal)



6.2.5 Connecting the supply voltage

€ 40 *Power supply connection with BASE-E (cabinet* device)

🛃 41 Overall wiring diagram BASE-E and external power unit (B)

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Assignment depending on power unit, make sure to connect correctly

The two device versions may only be operated with the power unit supplied and the i power unit cable. Also pay attention to the information in the operating manual supplied for the power unit.

A0015873

Connecting the supply voltage

- 1. Route the power supply cable into the housing through the suitable cable entry.
- 2. Step 2 applies only to the 100 to 230 V AC power unit.

Connect the protective ground of the power unit to the threaded bolt specially provided on the cable mounting rail.

- 3. Protective ground or grounding provided by customer (absolutely essential for 24 V power unit, additionally recommended for 100 to 230 V AC power unit): You must provide a ground cable (min. 0.75 mm² (corresponding to 18 AWG))¹. Guide the ground cable also through the cable entry and connect it to the threaded bolt on the cable mounting rail.
- 4. Connect the cable cores L and N (100 to 230 V AC) or + and (24 V DC) to the plugin terminals on the power unit in accordance with the wiring diagram.

NOTICE

Protective ground/ground cable with end sleeve or open cable lug

The cable can become loose. Loss of the protective function.

- To connect the protective ground or ground cable to the threaded bolt, only use a cable with a closed cable lug as per DIN 46211, 46225, form A.
- Never connect the protective ground or ground cable to the threaded bolt with an end sleeve or an open cable lug!

NOTICE

Incorrect connection and cable run not separate

Faults in signal or display cable, incorrect measured values or failure of display may occur

- ► Do not place the cable shield of the display cable on PE (terminal strip of device)!
- Run the signal/display cable in the control cabinet separately from current-carrying cables.

6.3 Connecting the sensors

6.3.1 Sensor types

Photometer sensors

Sensor types	Sensor cable	Sensors
Analog photometer sensors without additional internal power supply	CUK80	 OUSAF12 OUSAF21 OUSAF22 OUSAF44 OUSAF46 OUSTF10 OUSBT66
	Fixed cable	OUSAF11

Sensors	with	Memosens	protocol
00.00.0		11101110000110	p. 0 . 0 . 0

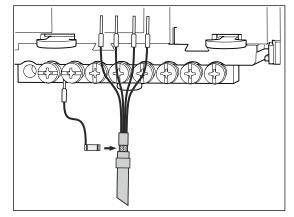
Sensor types	Sensor cable	Sensors
Digital sensors without additional internal power supply	With plug-in connection and inductive signal transmission	 pH sensors ORP sensors Combined sensors Oxygen sensors (amperometric and optical) Conductivity sensors with conductive measurement of conductivity Chlorine sensors (disinfection)
	Fixed cable	Conductivity sensors with inductive measurement of conductivity
additional internal power supply - Ser coe Nit Opr		 Turbidity sensors Sensors for interface measurement Sensors for measuring the spectral absorption coefficient (SAC) Nitrate sensors Optical oxygen sensors Ion-sensitive sensors

The following rule applies if connecting CUS71D sensors:

- The maximum number of Memosens inputs is limited to two.
- Any combination of CUS71D or other sensors is possible.

6.3.2 Connecting the functional ground (cabinet device)

You must always connect the terminal strip with PE from the central node in the cabinet. Use the conductor with cable clamp that is included with the Memosens cable to connect the functional earth to the terminal strip of the device.



42 Functional earth connection

You must only ever connect one functional earth to each screw in the terminal strip. Otherwise, shielding is not guaranteed.

6.3.3 Connecting the sensors

Types of connection

- Direct connection of sensor cable to terminal connector of the sensor module PEM and of Memosens module 2DS or of base module E ($\rightarrow \blacksquare$ 43 ff.)(Memosens sensors only)
- Optional for Memosens sensors: Sensor cable plug connected to the M12 sensor socket on the underside of the device (field device)

With this type of connection, the device is already wired at the factory ($\rightarrow \blacksquare 47$).

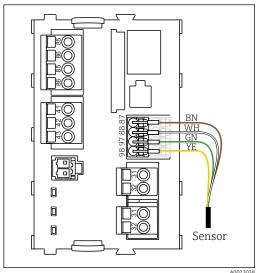
1. Sensor cable connected directly

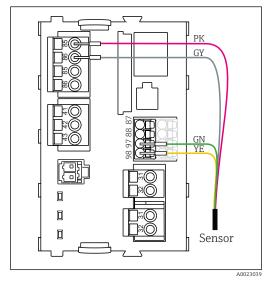
Connect the sensor cable to the terminal connector of the sensor module PEM or 2DS or of base module E.

2. When connecting via M12 connector (Memosens sensors only)

Connect the sensor connector to an M12 sensor socket which has been previously installed or is supplied on delivery.

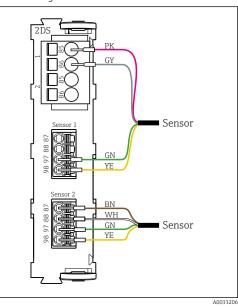
Sensor cable connected directly



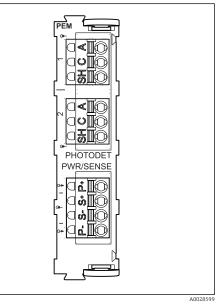


E 43 Memosens sensors without additional supply voltage





E 45 Memosens sensors with and without additional supply voltage at sensor module 2DS



🖻 46 🛛 PEM module

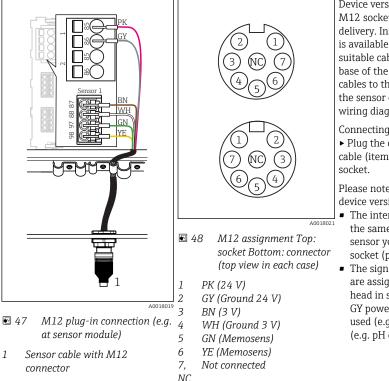
Sensor	Cable color	PEM terminal	Assignment
OUSAF11	YE (thick)	P+	Lamp voltage +
OUSAF12	YE (thin)	S+	Recording lamp voltage +
	BK (thin)	S-	Recording lamp voltage -
	BK (thick)	P-	Lamp voltage -
	RD	A (1)	Sensor +
	BK ¹⁾ / WH ²⁾	C(1)	Sensor -
	GY	SH (1)	Shield

Sensor	Cable color	PEM terminal	Assignment
OUSAF21	YE (thick)	P+	Lamp voltage +
OUSAF22 OUSTF10	YE (thin)	S+	Recording lamp voltage +
OUSAF44	BK (thin)	S-	Recording lamp voltage -
	BK (thick)	P-	Lamp voltage -
	RD	A (1)	Measuring detector sensor +
	BK	C(1)	Measuring detector sensor -
	GY	SH (1)	Measuring detector screening
	WH	A (2)	Sensor reference +
	GN	C(2)	Sensor reference -
	GY	SH (2)	Reference screening
OUSAF46	PEM module 1		
2 PEM modules	YE (thick)	P+	Lamp voltage +
necessary	YE (thin)	S+	Recording lamp voltage +
	BK (thin)	S-	Recording lamp voltage -
	BK (thick)	P-	Lamp voltage -
	RD	A (1)	Measuring detector sensor +
	ВК	C(1)	Measuring detector sensor -
	GY	SH (1)	Measuring detector screening
	RD (lamp)	A (2)	Sensor reference +
	BK (lamp)	C(2)	Sensor reference -
	GY (lamp)	SH (2)	Reference screening
	PEM module 2		
	WH	A (1)	Measuring detector sensor +
	GN	C(1)	Measuring detector sensor -
	GY	SH (1)	Measuring detector screening
	WH (lamp)	A (2)	Sensor reference +
	GN (lamp)	C(2)	Sensor reference -
	GY (lamp)	SH (2)	Reference screening
OUSBT66	BN	P+	Lamp voltage +
	BN	S+	Recording lamp voltage +
	ВК	P-	Lamp voltage -
	ВК	S-	Recording lamp voltage -
	RD	A (1)	Sensor +
	OG	C(1)	Sensor -
	TP	SH (1)	Shield

1) 2) OUSAF12

OUSAF11

Memosens connection via M12 plug-in connection



Device versions with a pre-installed M12 socket are ready-wired upon delivery. Install an M12 socket, which is available as an accessory, in a suitable cable gland opening in the base of the housing, and connect the cables to the Memosens terminals of the sensor or base module as per the wiring diagram.

Connecting the sensor

► Plug the connector of the sensor cable (item 1) directly into the M12

Please note the following for these device versions:

- The internal device wiring is always the same regardless of what kind of sensor you connect to the M12 socket (plug&play).
- The signal and power supply cables are assigned in the sensor plug-in head in such a way that the PK and GY power supply cables are either used (e.g. optical sensors) or not (e.g. pH or ORP sensors).

6.4 Connecting additional inputs, outputs or relays

WARNING

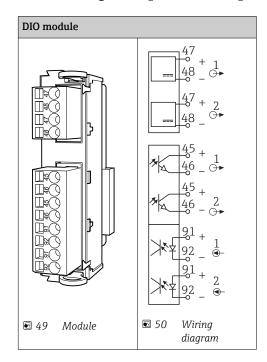
1

Module not covered

No shock protection. Danger of electric shock!

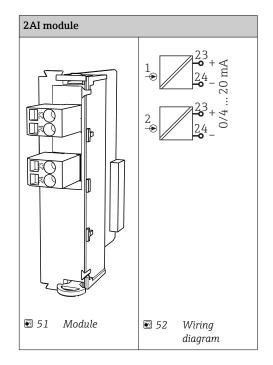
- If you are modifying or extending your hardware, always fill the slots from left to right. ► Do not leave any gaps.
- If all of the slots are not occupied: Always insert a dummy cover or end cover in the slot ► to the right of the last module ($\rightarrow \mathbb{E} 2$, $\cong 10$). This ensures the that unit is shockprotected.
- Always ensure shock protection is guaranteed particularly in the case of relay modules ► (2R, 4R, AOR).

The terminal strip (cabinet unit) is used to connect the cable shields. Additionally H H required shields must be connected with PE centrally in the control cabinet via terminal blocks supplied by the customer.

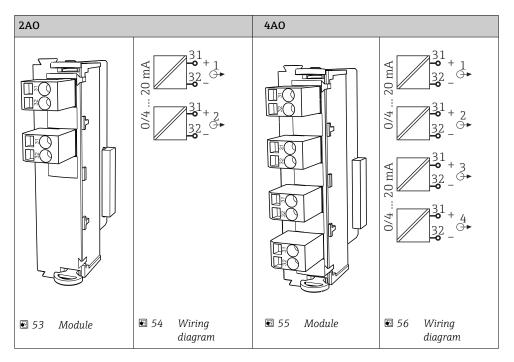


6.4.1 Digital inputs and outputs

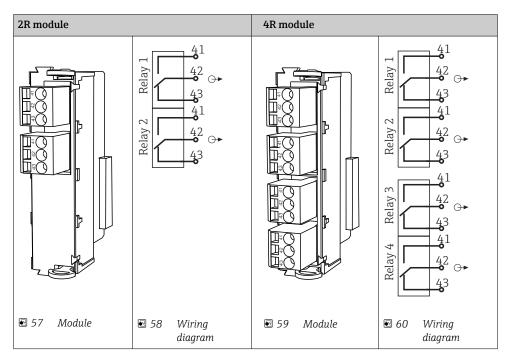
6.4.2 Current inputs



6.4.3 Current outputs



6.4.4 Relay



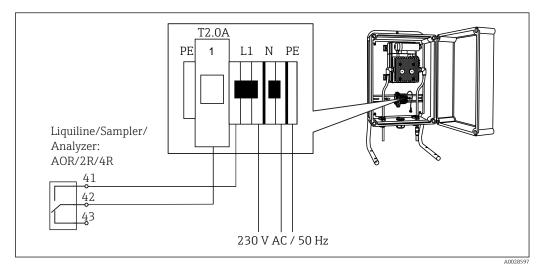
Example: Connecting the cleaning unit 71072583 for CAS40D

NOTICE

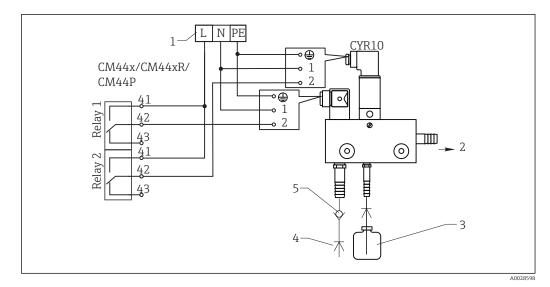
Power consumption too high for the Liquiline alarm relay

Can cause irreparable damage to the base module

 Only connect the cleaning unit to terminals of an additional module (AOR, 2R or 4R), not to the alarm relay of the base module.



■ 61 Connecting the cleaning unit for CAS40D



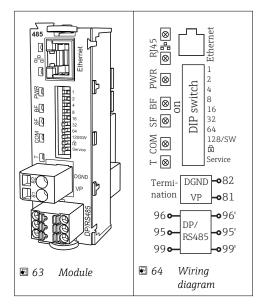
Example: Connecting the Chemoclean CYR10 injector cleaning unit

■ 62 Connecting the CYR10 injector cleaning unit

- 1 External power supply
- 2 Cleaner to spray head
- 3 Container with cleaner
- 4 Motive water 2 to 12 bar (30 to 180 psi)
- 5 Backflow valve (to be provided by the customer)

6.5 Connecting digital communication

6.5.1 Module 485



Terminal	PROFIBUS DP	Modbus RS485
95	А	В
96	В	А
99	Not connected	С
82	DGND	DGND
81	VP	VP

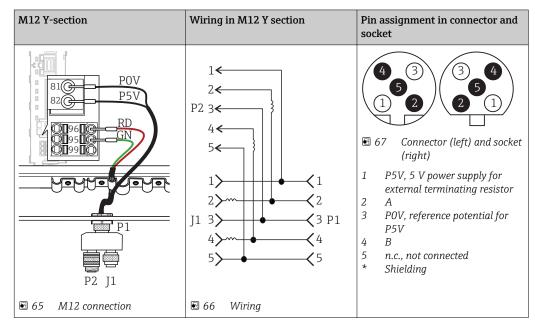
LEDs on front of module

LED	Description	Color	Description
RJ45	LNK/ACT	GN	 Off = Connection is not active On = Connection is active Flashing = Data transmission
RJ45	10/100	YE	 Off = Transmission rate 10 MBit/s On = Transmission rate 100 MBit/s
PWR	Power	GN	Supply voltage is applied and module is initialized
BF	Bus failure	RD	Bus failure
SF	System failure	RD	Device error
СОМ	Communication	YE	Modbus message sent or received
Т	Bus termination	YE	 Off = No termination On = Termination is used

DIP switches on front of module

DIP	Factory setting	Assignment
1-128	ON	Bus address (\rightarrow "Commissioning/communication")
â	OFF	Write protection: "ON" = configuration not possible via the bus, only via local operation
Service	OFF	If the switch is set to "ON" , the user settings for Ethernet addressing are saved and connection settings programmed into the device at the factory are activated: IP address=192.168.1.212, Subnet mask=255.255.255.0, Gateway=0.0.0.0, DHCP=Off. If the switch is set to "OFF" , the saved user settings are reactivated.

6.5.2 Connection via M12 connector (field device only)

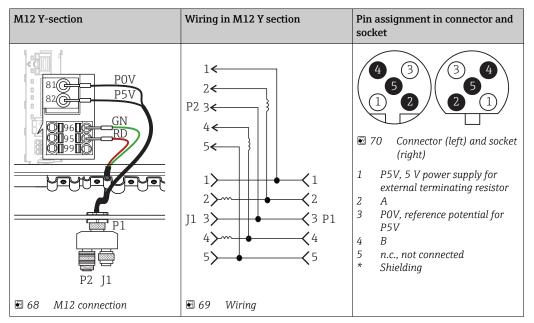


PROFIBUS DP

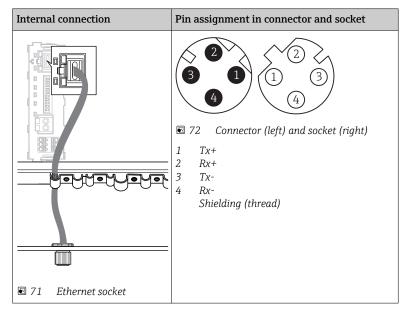
1

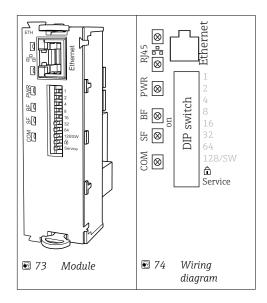
When using the M12 Y-section, the maximum data transfer rate is limited to 1.5 MBit/s. For direct wiring, the maximum data transfer rate is 12 MBit/s.

Modbus RS485



Ethernet, Web server





6.5.3 Module ETH

LEDs on front of module

LED	Designation	Color	Description
RJ45	LNK/ACT	GN	 Off = Connection is not active On = Connection is active Flashing = Data transmission
RJ45	10/100	YE	 Off = Transmission rate 10 MBit/s On = Transmission rate 100 MBit/s
PWR	Power	GN	Supply voltage is applied and module is initialized
BF	Bus failure	RD	Not used
SF	System failure	RD	Device error
СОМ	Communication	YE	Modbus message sent or received

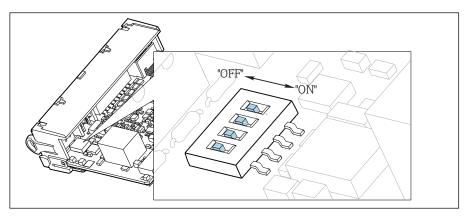
DIP switches on front of module

DIP	Factory setting	Assignment
1-128	ON	Bus address (\rightarrow "Commissioning/communication")
۵	OFF	Write protection: "ON" = configuration not possible via the bus, only via local operation
Service	OFF	If the switch is set to "ON" , the user settings for Ethernet addressing are saved and connection settings programmed into the device at the factory are activated: IP address=192.168.1.212, Subnet mask=255.255.255.0, Gateway=0.0.0.0, DHCP=Off. If the switch is set to "OFF" , the saved user settings are reactivated.

6.5.4 Bus termination

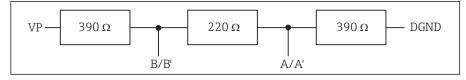
There are two ways to terminate the bus:

1. Internal terminating resistor (via DIP switch on the module board)



■ 75 DIP switches for internal terminating resistor

Using a suitable tool, such as a tweezers, set all 4 DIP switches to the "ON" position.
 The internal terminating resistor is used.



76 Structure of the internal terminating resistor

2. External terminating resistor

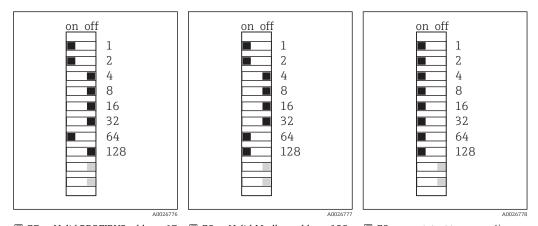
Here, leave the DIP switches on the module board in the "OFF" position (factory setting).

- Connect the resistor to terminals 81 and 82 on the front of module 485 for 5-V power supply.
 - \blacktriangleright The external terminating resistor is used.

6.6 Hardware settings

Setting the bus address

- 1. Open the housing.
- 2. Set the desired bus address via the DIP switches of module 485.
- For PROFIBUS DP, valid bus addresses are anything between 1 and 126, and anything between 1 and 247 for Modbus. If you configure an invalid address, software addressing is automatically enabled via the local configuration or via the fieldbus.



77 Valid PROFIBUS address 67 8 78 Valid Modbus address 195 79 Invalid address 255¹)
 ¹⁾ Order configuration, software addressing is active, software address configured at the factory: PROFIBUS 126, Modbus 247

6.7 Ensuring the degree of protection

Only the mechanical and electrical connections which are described in these instructions and which are necessary for the required, designated use, may be carried out on the device delivered.

• Exercise care when carrying out the work.

Individual types of protection permitted for this product (impermeability (IP), electrical safety, EMC interference immunity, Ex protection) can no longer be guaranteed if, for example:

- Covers are left off.
- Different power units to the ones supplied are used.
- Cable glands are not sufficiently tightened (must be tightened with 2 Nm for the confirmed level of IP protection).
- Modules are not fully secured.
- The display is not fully secured (risk of moisture entering due to inadequate sealing).
- Loose or insufficiently tightened cables/cable ends.
- Conductive cable strands are left in the device.

6.8 Post-connection check

WARNING

Connection errors

The safety of people and of the measuring point is under threat. The manufacturer does not accept any responsibility for errors that result from failure to comply with the instructions in this manual.

• Operate the device only if you can answer **yes** to **all** of the following questions.

Instrument status and specifications

▶ Is there any external damage to the device and cables?

Electrical connection

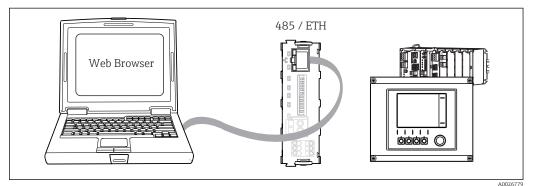
- Are the mounted cables strain-relieved?
- ► Have the cables been routed without loops and cross-overs?
- ► Have the signal lines been connected correctly in accordance with the wiring diagram?
- Have all the other connections been established correctly?
- ► Have you connected unused connection wires to the protective ground connection?
- Are all plug-in terminals securely engaged?
- Are all the connection wires securely positioned in the cable terminals?
- ► Are all cable entries mounted, tightened and leak-tight?
- Does the supply voltage match the voltage indicated on the nameplate?

7 System integration

7.1 Web server

7.1.1 Connection

• Connect the PC communication cable to the RJ45 port of module 485 or module ETH.



■ 80 Web server/Ethernet connection

7.1.2 Establishing the data connection

To ensure that your device has a valid IP address, you must disable the **DHCP** parameter in the Ethernet settings. (Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Ethernet/Settings)

You can then set the IP address in the same menu.

- 1. Start your PC.
- 2. First, set a manual IP address in the network connection settings of the operating system.

Example: Microsoft Windows 7

Via the Control Panel, go to the Network and Sharing Center. You should see an active "Local Area Connection" link. Select this link.

- ► In the pop-up window select the "Properties" button.
- ► Double click "Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)".
- ► Select "Use the Following IP Address".
- ► Enter the desired IP address.
- This address must be in the same subnetwork as the IP address of the device, e.g.:
- IP address of Liquiline: 192.168.1.212 (as configured previously)
- IP address for the PC: 192.168.1.213

3. Start the Internet browser.

4. If you use a proxy server to connect to the Internet:

Disable the proxy (browser settings under "Connections/LAN settings").

- 5. Enter the IP address of your device in the address line (192.168.1.212 in the example).
 - The system takes a few moments to establish the connection and then the CM44 web server starts. You might be asked for a password. The factory setting is "admin" for the user name and "admin" for the password.

- Enter the following address(es) to download logbooks:
 - 192.168.1.212/logbooks_csv.fhtml (for logbooks in CSV format) 192.168.1.212/logbooks_fdm.fhtml (for logbooks in FDM format)

Downloads in FDM format can be securely transmitted, saved and visualized with Endress+Hauser's "Field Data Manager Software".

 $(\rightarrow$ www.endress.com/ms20)

7.1.3 Operation

The menu structure of the web server corresponds to the onsite operation.

Menu/Setup			
Device tag: Measur Device state: OK	ing point no. 1		
Software version: 01.06.0	00		
Home	► Basic setup	?	
Home	▶ Basic setup▶ General settings	? ?	
ESC	General settings	?	
	 General settings Inputs 	? ?	

Example of web server (menu/language=English)

- Clicking a menu name or a function corresponds to pressing the navigator.
- You can make your settings conveniently via the computer keyboard.
 - Instead of using an Internet browser, you can also use FieldCare for configuration via ethernet. The ethernet DTM required for this is an integral part of the "Endress +Hauser Interface Device DTM Library".

Download: https://portal.endress.com/webdownload/FieldCareDownloadGUI/

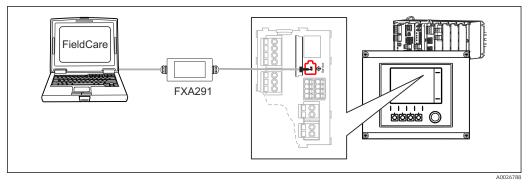
7.2 Service interface

You can connect the device to a computer via the service interface and configure it using "Fieldcare". Furthermore, configurations can also be saved, transferred and documented.

7.2.1 Connection

- **1.** Connect the service connector to the interface on the Liquiline base module and connect it to the Commubox.
- 2. Via the USB port, connect the Commubox to the computer running the Fieldcare software.

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82 Connection overview

7.2.2 Creating the data connection

1. Start Fieldcare.

2. Establish a connection to the Commubox. For this, select the ComDTM "CDI Communication FXA291"

3. Then select the "Liquiline CM44x" DTM and start the configuration.

You can now start online configuration via the DTM.

Online configuration competes with onsite operation, i.e. each of the two options blocks the other one. On both sides it is possible to take away access from the other side.

7.2.3 Operation

- In the DTM the menu structure corresponds to the onsite operation. The functions of the Liquiline soft keys are found in the main window on the left.
- Clicking a menu name or a function corresponds to pressing the navigator.
- You can make your settings conveniently via the computer keyboard.
- Via Fieldcare, you can save logbooks, make backups of configurations and transfer the configurations to other devices.
- You can also print out configurations or save them as PDFs.

7.3 Fieldbuses

7.3.1 HART

You can communicate using the HART protocol via current output 1.

- Connect the HART modem or handheld to current output 1 (communication load 230 500 Ohm).
- 2. Establish the connection via your HART device.
- **3.** Operate Liquiline via the HART device. To do so, follow the instructions in the manual.

More detailed information on HART communication is provided on the product pages on the Internet (\rightarrow BA00486C).

7.3.2 PROFIBUS DP

With the fieldbus module 485 and the appropriate device version, you can communicate via PROFIBUS DP.

More detailed information on PROFIBUS communication is provided on the product pages on the Internet (\rightarrow SD01188C).

7.3.3 Modbus

With the fieldbus module 485 and the appropriate device version, you can communicate via Modbus RS485 or Modbus TCP.

For Modbus TCP, you can use the ETH module as an alternative to module 485.

The RTU and ASCII protocols are available when connecting via Modbus RS485. You can switch to ASCII on the device.

► Connect the Modbus data cable to the terminals of the fieldbus module (RS 485) or to the RJ45 (TCP) port as described.

More detailed information on Modbus communication is provided on the product pages on the Internet (\rightarrow SD01189C).

7.3.4 EtherNet/IP

With the fieldbus module 485 or the ETH module and the appropriate device version, you can communicate via EtherNet/IP.

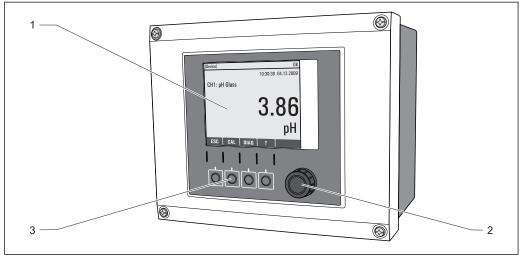
• Connect the EtherNet/IP data cable to the RJ45 socket of module 485 or ETH.

More detailed information on EtherNet/IP communication is provided on the product pages on the Internet (\rightarrow SD01293C).

8 Operation options

8.1 Overview

8.1.1 Display and operating elements



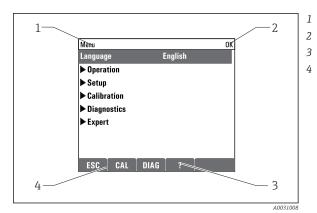
■ 83 Overview of operation (using the example of the field device)

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1 Display (with red display background in alarm condition)

- 2 Navigator (jog/shuttle and press/hold function)
- 3 Soft keys (function depends on menu)

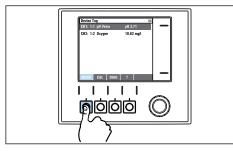
8.1.2 Display



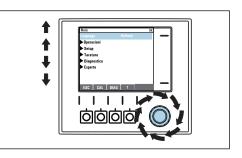
- Menu path and/or device designation
- Status display
- Help if available
- Assignment of the soft keys

8.2 Access to the operating menu via the local display

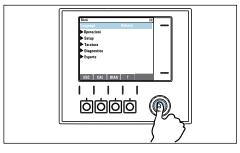
8.2.1 Operating concept



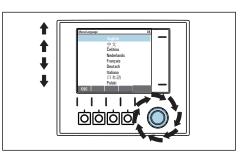
• Pressing the soft key: selecting the menu directly



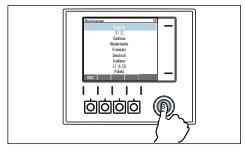
• Turning the navigator: moving the cursor in the menu

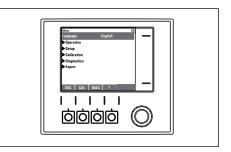


Pressing the navigator: launching a function



• Turning the navigator: selecting a value (e.g. from a list)





- Pressing the navigator: accepting the new value
- └► New setting is accepted

8.2.2 Locking or unlocking operating keys

Locking operating keys

1. Press the navigator for longer than 2 s.

 A context menu for locking the operating keys is displayed. You have the choice of locking the keys with or without password protection.
 "With password" means that you can only unlock the keys again by entering the correct password. This password is set here: Menu/Setup/General settings/ Extended setup/Data management/Change lock password.

- 2. Choose whether you want to lock without or without a password.
 - └ The keys are locked. No more entries can be made. In the soft key bar, you will see the ☆symbol.

The password is 0000 when the device is delivered from the factory. **Make sure to note down any changes to the password**, as otherwise you will not be able to unlock the keypad yourself.

Unlocking operating keys

1. Press the navigator for longer than 2 s.

← A context menu for unlocking the operating keys is displayed.

2. Select Key unlock.

- └ The keys are unlocked immediately if you did not choose to lock with a password. Otherwise you are asked to enter your password.
- **3.** Only if keypad is password-protected: enter the right password.

8.3 Configuration options

8.3.1 Display only

- You can only read the values but cannot change them.
- Typical read-only values are: sensor data and system information
- Example: Menu/Setup/Inputs/../Sensor type

8.3.2 Picklists

- You receive a list of options. In a few cases, these also appear in the form of multiple choice boxes.
- Usually you just select one option; in rare instances you select one or more options.
- Example: Menu/Setup/General settings/Temperature unit

8.3.3 Numerical values

- You are changing a variable.
- The maximum and minimum values for this variable are shown on the display.
- Set a value within this range.
- Example: Menu/Operation/Display/Contrast

52		 						OK
			Γ	0	1	2	3	4
Min	5			5	6	7	8	9
Max	95)		+	C
	_					•		<u> </u>
X		+						

8.3.4 Actions

- You trigger an action with the appropriate function.
- You know that the item in question is an action if it is preceded by the following symbol:
- Examples of typical actions include:
 - Deleting log entries
 - Saving or loading configurations
 - Triggering cleaning programs
- Example: Diagnostics/Logbooks/Configuration logbook/Delete all entries

8.3.5 Free text

- You are assigning an individual designation.
- Enter a text. You can use the characters in the editor for this purpose (upper-case and lower-case letters, numbers and special characters).
- Using the soft keys, you can:
 - Cancel your entries without saving the data (\pmb{x})
- Delete the character in front of the cursor (\swarrow)
- Move the cursor back one position (
- Finish your entries and save (\checkmark)
- Example: Menu/Setup/General settings/Device tag

Time:	ок E+H CM44											
						40						
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
A	B	C	D	Ε	F	G	H	Ι	J	K	L	М
N	0	P	۵	R	S	Т	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
A. .	a	+*	0				ł	-		≯	del	C
						7	۲			١	/	
>	(√				

8.3.6 Tables

- Tables are needed to map mathematical functions .
- You edit a table by navigating through rows and columns with the navigator and changing the values of the cells.
- You only edit the numerical values. The controller automatically takes care of the engineering units.
- You can add lines to the table (**INSERT**) or delete lines from the table (**DEL**).
- Afterwards, you save the table (**SAVE**).
- You can also cancel your entries any time using the **X** soft key.
- Example: **Menu/Setup/Inputs**/pH/**Medium comp.**

Nenu//I	nputs/pH/Medium comp.		OK
	Temperature	pH	
1	20.0 °C	pH 6.90	
2	25.0 °C	pH 7.00	
3	30.0 °C	рН 7.10	
	INSERT D		
L			

9 Commissioning

9.1 Function check

WARNING

Incorrect connection, incorrect supply voltage

Safety risks for staff and device malfunctions

- Check that all connections have been established correctly in accordance with the wiring diagram.
- Ensure that the supply voltage matches the voltage indicated on the nameplate.

Saving the configuration settings as a screenshot

Via the local display , you can take screenshots at any time and save them to a SD card.

- 1. Insert an SD card into the SD card slot in the base module.
- 2. Press the navigator button for at least 3 seconds.
- 3. In the context menu select the **Screenshot**.
 - └ The current screen is saved as a bitmap file to the SD card in the "Screenshots" folder.

9.2 Power up

During the device startup phase, the relays and current outputs have an undefined status for a few seconds prior to initialization. Watch out for possible effects on any actuators which may be connected.

9.2.1 Setting the operating language

Configure language

If you have not already done so, close the housing cover and screw the device closed.

- Switch on the supply voltage.
 Wait for initialization.
- 2. Press the soft key **MENU**. Set your language in the top menu item.
 - └ The device can now be operated in your chosen language.

9.2.2 Display behavior

Menu/Operation/Displ	ay	
Function	Options	Info
Contrast	5 to 95 % Factory setting 50 %	Adjust the screen settings to suit your working environment. Backlight = Automatic
Backlight	Selection • On • Off • Automatic Factory setting Automatic	The backlighting is switched off automatically after a short time if a button is not pressed. It switches back on again as soon as you press the navigator button. Backlight = On The backlighting does not switch off automatically.
Screen rotation	Selection Manual Automatic Factory setting Manual	If Automatic is selected, the single-channel measured value display switches from one channel to the next every second.

9.3 User definable screens

Function	Options	Info
Meas. screen 1 6		You can create 6 measuring screens of your own and give them a name. The functions are identical for all 6 measuring screens.
Meas. screen	Selection • On • Off Factory setting Off	Once you have defined your own measuring screen, you can switch it on here. You can find the new screen under User definable screens in the measuring mode.
Label	Customized text, 20 characters	Name of the measuring screen Appears in the status bar of the display.
Number of lines	1 to 8 Factory setting 8	Specify the number of measured values displayed.
▶ Line 1 8	Display Information Label	Specify the content of Label in the submenu of each line.
Source of data	Selection None See list in "Info" column Factory setting None	 Select a source of data. You can choose from the following: Sensor inputs Heartbeat diagnostics of sensor inputs Controller Current inputs Fieldbus signals Mathematical functions Binary inputs and outputs Current outputs Relay Measuring range switching
Measured value Source of data is an input	Selection Depends on the input Factory setting None	You can display different main, secondary and raw measured values depending on the type of input. No options can be selected for outputs here.

Menu/Operation/User definable screens		
Function	Options	Info
Actuator type Source of data is a controller	Selection None Bipolar Unipolar- Unipolar+ Factory setting None	For more information on controllers and manipulated variables: → 🗎 86.
Label	Customized text, 20 characters	User-defined name for the parameter to be displayed
▷ Set label to "%0V" ¹⁾	Action	If you perform this action you accept the parameter name that is automatically suggested. Your own parameter name (Label) is lost!

 "%0V" here stands for text that depends on the context. This text is generated automatically by the software and inserted in place of %0V. In the simplest situations, the generated text could be the name of the measuring channel, for example.

9.4 Basic setup

Making basic settings

- 1. Go to the menu **Setup/Basic setup**.
 - └ Make the following settings.
- 2. **Device tag**: Give your device any name of your choice (max. 32 characters).
- 3. **Set date**: Correct the set date if necessary.
- 4. **Set time**: Correct the set time if necessary.
 - └→ For quick commissioning, you can ignore the additional settings for outputs, relays etc. You can make these settings later in the specific menus.
- 5. Return to measuring mode by pressing and holding the soft key for **ESC** for at least one second.
 - Your controller now works with your basic settings. The sensors connected use the factory settings of the sensor type in question and the individual calibration settings that were last saved.

If you wish to configure your most important input and output parameters in the ${\bf Basic \ setup}$:

► Configure the current outputs, relays, limit switches, controllers, device diagnostics and cleaning cycles with the submenus which follow the time setting.

10 Operation

10.1 Display

10.1.1 Soft keys in the measurement mode

On the bottom row of the display you can find four soft keys in the measuring screens:

- With MENU, CAL and DIAG take you directly to the specific software menu.
- With **HOLD** you can activate an immediate, general hold for sensors. This also sets all the linked outputs, controllers and cleaning cycles to HOLD. Any sensor cleaning programs that are currently running are interrupted. However, you can also start manual sensor cleaning when a hold is active.

10.1.2 Measuring mode

There are different display modes: (press the navigator button to change the mode)

- (1) Overview of all the inputs and outputs
- (2) Main measured value of an input or output or the status of a relay
- (3) Main and secondary measured value of a sensor input
- (4) All measured values of a sensor input
- (5) Only for interface measurement:

Graphic display of the separation zone

There are also submenus:

- (6) User-defined screens
 - Choice of previously configured screens ($\rightarrow \implies 60$)
- (7) Heartbeat diagnostics

Quick overview of the health of the device and of each connected sensor that supports Heartbeat technology

Changing to display modes (2) - (5)

- Turn the navigator.
 - └ The display changes from channel to channel.

Sensor type	Main value	Main / secondary measured value	All values
Photometer	Absorption (UV, NIR, color, cell growth) Turbidity	Absorption (UV, NIR, color, cell growth) Turbidity	Measured value, 2nd Meas. value, Raw value, Raw 2nd meas. value
pH, glass	pH value	pH value, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature, Glass Impedance
Combined sensor pH and ORP	pH value or ORP or rH value	pH value or ORP or rH value, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature, Glass Impedance
pH, ISFET	pH value	pH value, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature
ORP	ORP	ORP, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Offset, Temperature
Conductivity, measured inductively	Conductivity, concentration	Conductivity, concentration, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature
Conductivity, measured conductively	Conductivity, resistivity, concentration	Conductivity, resistivity, concentration, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature
Oxygen, optical and amperometric	Oxygen	Oxygen, temperature	Partial pressure, Saturation , Concentration, Temperature

Sensor type	Main value	Main / secondary measured value	All values
Disinfection	Chlorine or chlorine dioxide (depending on the sensor)	Chlorine or chlorine dioxide, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature
Nitrate	Nitrate	Nitrate, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature
Turbidity	Turbidity	Turbidity, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature
Spectral absorption coefficient (SAC)	SAC	SAC, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature
Sludge level	Turbidity	Turbidity, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature
Ammonium, ion- selective	Ammonium	Ammonium, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature
Nitrate, ion-selective	Nitrate	Nitrate, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature
Potassium, ion- selective	Potassium	Potassium, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature
Interface measurement	UIS	UIS	Main value, Raw value, Temperature Separation zone (graphic)

Heartbeat diagnostics

(optional or with additional activation code)

- Heartbeat status information on the health of the device and the condition of the sensor Smileys for immediate status information: good, OK, bad
- Heartbeat diagnostics screen with graphic indicators for the health of the device and sensor and with a maintenance or (sensor-dependent) calibration timer
- The Heartbeat sensor health is the evaluation of the calibration results and the sensor diagnostic functions.

10.1.3 Device status

Icons on the display alert you to special devicestates.

Icon	Location	Description
F	Header bar	Diagnostic message "Failure"
М	Header bar	Diagnostic message "Maintenancerequest"
C	Header bar	Diagnostic message "Check"
S	Header bar	Diagnostic message "Outof specification"
←→	Header bar	Fieldbus orTCP/IP communication active
I	Header bar	Holdactive (forsensors)
I	At measured value	Hold for the actuator (currentoutput, limit switch etc.) is active
$\overline{\mathbf{T}}$	At measured value 1)	An offset has been addedto the measured value
8	At measured value	Measured value in "Bad" or "Alarm" state
ATC	At measured value	Automatictemperature compensation active (forsensors)
MTC	At measured value	Manualtemperature compensation active (forsensors)
SIM	Header bar	Simulation mode active or Memocheck SIM connected
SIM	At measured value	The measured value is influencedby a simulated value
SIM	At measured value	The displayed measured valueis simulated (for sensors)

Icon	Location	Description
\odot	After the channel number	Heartbeat diagnostics: condition of sensor is good
\odot	After the channel number	Heartbeat diagnostics: condition of sensor is bad
≅	After the channel number	Heartbeat diagnostics: condition of sensor is OK

1) Only pH or ORP measurement

If two or more diagnostic messages occur simultaneously, only the icon for the message with the highest priority is shown on the display (for the order of priority according to NAMUR, $\rightarrow \cong 132$).

10.1.4 Assignment views

Assignment views, e.g. **Channel assignment view**, appear as the last function in many sections of the menu. You can use this function to see which actuators or functions are connected to an input or output. The assignments appear in hierarchical order.

10.2 General settings

10.2.1 Basic settings

Menu/Setup/General settings		
Function	Options	Info
Device tag	Customized text, 32 characters	Select any name for your controller. Use the TAG name for example.
Temperature unit	Selection • °C • °F • K Factory setting °C	
Current output range	Selection • 020 mA • 420 mA Factory setting 420 mA	In accordance with Namur NE43, the linear range is from 3.8 to 20.5 mA (420 mA) or from 0 to 20.5 mA (020 mA). If the range is exceeded or undershot, the current value stops at the range limit and a diagnostic message (460 or 461) is output.
Error current	0.0 to 23.0 mA Factory setting 22.5 mA	The function meets NAMUR NE43. Set the current value that should be output at the current outputs in the event of an error.
output range = 020 mA output range = 420 mA	you should set an error currer you could also define a value current within the measuring	uring range. If you decided that your Current nt between 20.1 and 23 mA. If the Current < 4 mA as the error current. g range. In such instances pay attention to possible
Alarm delay	0 to 9999 s Factory setting 0 s	The system only displays the errors that are present longer than the set delay time. This makes it possible to suppress messages that only occur briefly and are caused by normal process- specific fluctuations.
Device hold	Selection Disabled Enabled Factory setting Disabled	You can enable an immediate, general hold (for sensors) here. The function acts in the same way as the HOLD soft key in the screens.

10.2.2 Date and time

Menu/Setup/General sett	ings/Date/Time	
Function	Options	Info
Set date	Depends on the format	Editing mode: Day (two-digit): 01 to 31 Month (two-digit): 01 to 12 Year (four-digit): 1970 to 2106
Set time	Depends on the format	Editing mode: hh (hour): 00 to 23 / 0 am to 12 pm mm (minutes): 00 to 59 ss (seconds): 00 to 59
Extended setup		
Date format	Selection DD.MM.YYYY YYYY-MM-DD MM-DD-YYYY	Decide which date format you want to use.
	Factory setting DD.MM.YYYY	
Time format	Selection HH:MM am (12h) HH:MM (24h) HH:MM:SS (24h)	Decide whether you want to use the 12-hour or 24-hour clock. Seconds can also be displayed with the latter version.
	Factory setting HH:MM:SS (24h)	
Time zone	Selection None Choice of 35 time zones 	None = Greenwich Mean Time (London).
	Factory setting None	
DST	Selection Off Europe USA Manual Factory setting Off	The controller adapts the summertime/normal time changeover automatically if you choose European or American daylight saving time. Manual means that you can specify the start and end of daylight saving time yourself. Here, two additional submenus are displayed in which you specify the changeover date and time.

10.2.3 Hold settings

Menu/Setup/General settings/	/Hold settings	
Function Options		Info
Settings automatic Hold		
Hold release time	0 to 600 s Factory setting 0 s	The hold status is maintained for the duration of the delay time when you switch to the measuring mode.
Setup menu Diagnostics menu	Selection Disabled Enabled Factory setting	Decide whether the device outputs should switch to the defined hold state when the particular menu is opened.
	Disabled	
Calibration active	Factory setting Enabled	



If a device-specific hold status is activated, any cleaning previously started is interrupted. When a hold is active you can only start manual cleaning.

10.2.4 Logbooks

Logbooks record the following events:

- Calibration/adjustment events
- Operator events
- Diagnostic events

You define how the logbooks should store the data.

In addition, you can also define individual data logbooks .

- 1. Assign the logbook name.
- 2. Select the measured value to be recorded.
- 3. Set the recording rate (**Scan time**).
 - └ You can set the recording rate individually for every data logbook.

Further information on the logbooks: $\rightarrow \square$ 153.

Menu/Setup/General settings	/Logbooks	
Function	Options	Info
Logbook ident	Customized text, 16 characters	Part of the file name when exporting a logbook
Event logbook	Selection Off Ring buffer Fill up buffer Factory setting Ring buffer	All diagnostic messages are recorded Ring buffer If the memory is full, the most recent entry automatically overwrites the oldest entry. Fill up buffer If the memory is full, there is an overflow, i.e. no new values can be saved. The controller displays a corresponding diagnostic message. The memory then has to be cleared manually.
▶ Overflow warnings		
Event logbook = Fill up buffer		
Calibration logbook	Selection	Decide whether you want to receive a diagnostic
Diagnostic logbook	OffOn	message if the fill-up buffer of the relevant logbook overruns.
Configuration logbook	Factory setting Off	
▶ Data logbooks		
▶ New		You can create a maximum of 8 data logbooks.
Logbook name	Customized text, 20 characters	
Source of data	Selection Sensor inputs Heartbeat signals Controller Current inputs Fieldbus signals Binary inputs Mathematical functions Factory setting None	Select a data source for the logbook entries. You can choose from connected sensors, available controllers, current inputs, fieldbus signals, binary input signals and mathematical functions.
Measured value	Selection depend on Source of data Factory setting None	You can record different measured values depending on the data source.

Options 0:00:01 to 1:00:00 Factory setting 0:01:00 Selection • Ring buffer • Fill up buffer Factory setting Ring buffer Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off Action	Info Minimum interval between two entries Format: H:MM:SS Ring buffer If the memory is full, the most recent entry automatically overwrites the oldest entry. Fill up buffer If the memory is full, there is an overflow, i.e. no new values can be saved. The controller displays a corresponding diagnostic message. The memory then has to be cleared manually. Decide whether you want to receive a diagnostic message if the fill-up buffer of the relevant logbook overruns.
Factory setting 0:01:00 Selection • Ring buffer • Fill up buffer Factory setting Ring buffer Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	Format: H:MM:SS Ring buffer If the memory is full, the most recent entry automatically overwrites the oldest entry. Fill up buffer If the memory is full, there is an overflow, i.e. no new values can be saved. The controller displays a corresponding diagnostic message. The memory then has to be cleared manually. Decide whether you want to receive a diagnostic message if the fill-up buffer of the relevant logbook overruns.
 Ring buffer Fill up buffer Factory setting Ring buffer Selection Off On Factory setting Off 	If the memory is full, the most recent entry automatically overwrites the oldest entry. Fill up buffer If the memory is full, there is an overflow, i.e. no new values can be saved. The controller displays a corresponding diagnostic message. The memory then has to be cleared manually. Decide whether you want to receive a diagnostic message if the fill-up buffer of the relevant logbook overruns.
 Off On Factory setting Off 	memory then has to be cleared manually. Decide whether you want to receive a diagnostic message if the fill-up buffer of the relevant logbook overruns.
• On Factory setting Off	message if the fill-up buffer of the relevant logbook overruns.
Action	
	Only if you want to create another data logbook immediately. You add a new data logbook at a later date using New .
Action	This allows you to exit the menu New .
Action	Appears if you have created more than one data logbook. With one mouse click, you can start or stop recording all the data logbooks.
	The name of this submenu is based on the name of the logbook and only appears once you have created a logbook.
times if you have several	data logbooks.
Read only	This is for information purposes only. If you want to record another value, delete this logboo and create a new data logbook.
Read only	Displays the days, hours and minutes remaining until the logbook is full.
Read only	Displays the number of entries remaining until the logbook is full.
Customized text, 20 characters	You can change the name here again.
0:00:01 to 1:00:00 Factory setting 0:01:00	As above Minimum interval between two entries Format: H:MM:SS
Selection • Ring buffer • Fill up buffer Factory setting Ring buffer	Ring buffer If the memory is full, the most recent entry automatically overwrites the oldest entry. Fill up buffer If the memory is full, there is an overflow, i.e. no new values can be saved. The controller displays a corresponding diagnostic message. The memory then has to be cleared manually.
Selection • Off • On Factory setting	Decide whether you want to receive a diagnostic message if the fill-up buffer of the relevant logbook overruns.
	Read only Customized text, 20 characters 0:00:01 to 1:00:00 Factory setting 0:01:00 Selection • Ring buffer • Fill up buffer Factory setting Ring buffer Selection • Off

Menu/Setup/General settings/Logbooks		
Function	Options	Info
Line plotter		Menu to define the graphic display
Axes	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	Should the axes (x, y) be displayed (On) or not (Off)?
Orientation	Selection Horizontal Vertical Factory setting Horizontal	You can choose whether the value curves should be displayed from left to right (Horizontal) or from top to bottom (Vertical). If you want to display two data logbooks simultaneously, make sure that both logbooks have the same settings here.
X-Description	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	Decide whether a description should be
Y-Description		displayed for the axes and whether gridlines should be shown. In addition, you can also
Grids		decide whether pitches should be displayed.
Pitches		
X Pitch/Grid distance	10 to 50%	Specify the pitches.
Y Pitch/Grid distance	Factory setting 10 %	
⊳ Remove	Action	This action removes the data logbook. Any data that have not been saved are lost.

Example: New data logbook (Setup/General settings/Logbooks/Data logbooks/New)

1. Make the settings:

- Logbook name
 - Assign a name. Example: "01".
- Source of data Select a data source. Example Sensor connected to channel 1 (CH1).
- Measured value
- Select the measured value to be recorded. Example: pH value.
- Scan time

Specify the time interval between two logbook entries.

- Data logbook Activate the logbook: specify the data storage method.
- 2. Run the ../**Finished**: action.
 - └ The device shows the new logbook in the list of data logbooks.
- 3. Select data logbook "01".
 - ← Additional display: **Log time left**in the measuring mode.

4. Only for **Fill up buffer**:

Choose **Overflow warning**: **On** or **Off**in the measuring mode.

- └ **On**: The device displays a diagnostic message in the event of memory overflow.
- 5. Submenu **Line plotter**: specify the type of graphic representation.

10.2.5 Advanced setup

Diagnostics settings

The list of diagnostic messages displayed depends on the path selected. There are device-specific messages, and messages that depend on what sensor is connected.

Function	Options	Info
List of diagnostic messages		Select the message to be changed. Only then can you make the settings for this message.
Diag. code	Read only	
Diagnostic message	Selection On Off 	You can deactivate or reactivate a diagnostic message here. Deactivating means:
	Factory setting Depends on the message	 No error message in the measuring mode No error current at the current output
Error current	Selection On Off	Decide whether an error current should be output at the current output if the diagnostic message display is activated.
	Factory setting Depends on the message	In the event of general device errors, the error current is output at all the current outputs. In the event of channel-specific errors, the error current is only output at the assigned current output.
Status signal	Selection Maintenance (M) Out of specification (S) Function check (C) Failure (F)	The messages are divided into different error categories in accordance with NAMUR NE 107. Decide whether you want to change a status signal assignment for your application.
	Factory setting Depends on the message	
Diag. output	Selection None Alarm relay 	You can use this function to select an output to which the diagnostic message should be assigned.
	Binary outputRelay 1 to n (depends on the device version)	Before being able to assign the message to an output you must first configure a relay output to Diagnostics .
	Factory setting None	(Menu/Setup/Outputs: Assign the Diagnostics function and set the Operating mode to as assigned .)
An alarm relay is alway	s available, regardless of the dev	rice version. Other relays are optional.
Cleaning program (for sensors)	Selection None 	Decide whether the diagnostic message should trigger a cleaning program.
	Cleaning 1Cleaning 2Cleaning 3Cleaning 4	You can define the cleaning programs under: Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning.
	Factory setting None	
Detail information	Read only	Here you can find more information on the diagnostic message and instructions on how to resolve the problem.

HART bus address

The list of diagnostic messages displayed depends on the path selected. There are device-specific messages, and messages that depend on what sensor is connected.

Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/HART		
Function	Options	Info
Bus address	0 to 63 Factory setting 0	You can change the device address to integrate several HART devices in a single network (Multidrop mode).

If you reset the device to the factory settings (**Diagnostics/Reset/Factory default**), the bus address is not reset. Your setting is retained.

PROFIBUS DP

Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/PROFIBUS		
Function	Options	Info
Enable	Selection • Off • On	You can switch off communication at this point. The software can then only be accessed via local operation.
	Factory setting On	
Termination	Read only	If the device is the last in the bus, you can terminate via the hardware. $\rightarrow \cong 47$
Bus address	1 to 125	If you have addressed the bus via hardware (DIP switches on the module, $\rightarrow {} 47$), you can only read the address here. If an invalid address is set via the hardware, you have to assign a valid address for your device either here or via the bus.
Ident number	Selection Automatic PA-Profile 3.02 (9760) Liquiline CM44x (155D) Manufacturer specific	
	Factory setting Automatic	

Modbus

Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Modbus		
Function	Options	Info
Enable	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	You can switch off communication at this point. The software can then only be accessed via local operation.
Termination	Read only	If the device is the last in the bus, you can terminate via the hardware. $\rightarrow \bigoplus 47$

Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Modbus		
Function	Options	Info
Settings		
Transmission Mode	Selection TCP RTU ASCII Factory setting (Modbus-RS485 only) RTU	The transmission mode is displayed depending on the version ordered. In the case of RS485 transmission, you can choose between RTU and ASCII . There are no choices for Modbus-TCP.
Baudrate Modbus-RS485 only	Selection 1200 2400 4800 9600 19200 38400 57600 115200 Factory setting 19200	
Parity Modbus-RS485 only	Selection • Even (1 Stopbit) • Odd (1 Stopbit) • None (2 Stopbit) Factory setting Even (1 Stopbit)	
Byte order	Selection 1-0-3-2 0-1-2-3 2-3-0-1 3-2-1-0 Factory setting 1-0-3-2	
Watchdog	0 to 999 s Factory setting 5 s	If no data transmission takes place for longer than the time set, this is an indicator that communication has been interrupted. After this time, input values received via the Modbus are considered to be invalid.

Web server

Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Webserver		
Function	Options	Info
Webserver	Selection • Off • On	You can switch off communication at this point. The software can then only be accessed via local operation.
	Factory setting On	
Webserver TCP Port 80	Read only	The Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) is an arrangement (protocol) as to how data should be exchanged between computers. A port is a part of an address which assigns data segments to a network protocol.
Webserver login	Selection • Off • On	You can switch user administration on and off at this point. This makes it possible to create multiple users with password access.
	Factory setting On	

Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Webserver		
Function	Options	Info
User administration		
List of users already created	View/edit	You can change user names or passwords or delete users. A user is already created at the factory: "admin" with password "admin".
New user:		
Name	Free text	Create new user
Enter new user password	Free text	1. Press INSERT . 2.Assign any name to the new user.
Confirm new user password	Free text	 3.Select a password for the user. 4.Confirm the password. └∽ You can now change the password at any
Change user password	Free text	time.

EtherNet/IP

Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Ethernet		
Function	Options	Info
Enable	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	You can switch off communication at this point. The software can then only be accessed via local operation.
Settings		
Link settings	Selection Auto negotiation IOMBps Half duplex IOMBps Full duplex IOOMBps Half duplex IOOMBps Full duplex Factory setting Auto negotiation	 Transmission methods of the communication channels Full duplex: Data can be transmitted simultaneously in both directions. Half-duplex: Data can only be transmitted alternately in both directions, i.e. not at the same time. Source: Wikipedia
DHCP	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	The Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) makes it possible to assign the network configuration to clients via a server. With DHCP, it is possible to automatically integrate the device into an existing network without the need for manual configuration. Normally only the automatic assignment of the IP address must be configured at the client. During startup, the IP address, the netmask and the gateway are retrieved from a DHCP server. Do you want to assign the IP address of the device manually? If so, you must set DHCP = Off .
IP-Address	XXX.XXX.XXX	An IP address is an address in computer networks which are based on the Internet protocol (IP). You can only set the IP address if DHCP is switched off.

Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Ethernet		
Function	Options	Info
Netmask	XXX.XXX.XXX	On the basis of the IP address of a device, the netmask specifies which IP addresses this device searches for in its own network and which addresses it could access in other networks via a router. It therefore divides the IP address into a network part (network prefix) and a device part. The network part must be identical for all devices in the individual network, and the device part must be different for every device within the network.
Gateway	X.X.X.X	A gateway (protocol converter) enables communication between networks that are based on completely different protocols.
Service switch	Read only	
MAC-Address	Read only	The MAC address (Media Access Control address) is the hardware address of every individual network adapter which is used to uniquely identify the device in a computer network.
EtherNetIP Port 44818	Read only	A port is a part of an address which assigns data segments to a network protocol.

Accepting settings

Have you changed settings manually, such as the IP address?

▶ Before you leave the **Ethernet** menu: Select **SAVE**to apply your settings.

└ In the **DIAG/System information** menu you can check whether the new settings are used.

Data management

Firmware update

Please contact your local sales office for information on firmware updates available for your controller and its compatibility with earlier versions.

The current firmware version can be found at: Menu/Diagnostics/System information/.

Back up your current setup and your logbooks to an SD card.

To install a firmware update, you must have the update available on an SD card.

1. Insert the SD card into the controller card reader.

2. Go to: Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Data management/ Firmware update.

└ The update files on the SD card are displayed.

3. Select the desired update and select yes when the following question is displayed:

The current firmware will be overwritten.

After this the device will reboot.

Do you want to proceed?

└ The firmware is loaded and the device is then started with the new firmware.

Saving the setup

Saving the setup gives you the following advantages:

- Copying settings for other devices
- Quick and easy switching between various setups, e.g. for different user groups or for recurring sensor type change
- Restoring a tried-and-tested setup, e.g. if you have changed a lot of settings and no longer know what the original settings were
- 1. Insert the SD card into the controller card reader.
- 2. Go to: Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Data management/Save setup.
- 3. **Name**: Assign a file name.
- 4. Then select Save.
 - If you have already assigned the file name, you will be asked whether you want to overwrite the existing setup.
- 5. Select **OK** to confirm, or cancel the operation and assign a new file name.
 - Your setup is stored on the SD card and you can upload it quickly to the device at a later date.

Loading the setup

When you load a setup, the current configuration is overwritten.

- 1. Insert the SD card into the controller card reader. A setup must have been saved to the SD card.
- 2. Go to: Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Data management/Load setup.
 - A list of all the setups on the SD card is displayed.
 An error message is displayed if there is no valid setup on the card.
- 3. Select the desired setup.
 - └ A warning is displayed:

The current parameters will be overwritten and the device will reboot. Warning: Please note that cleaning and controller programs can be active. Do you want to proceed?

4. Select **OK** to confirm, or cancel the operation.

└ If you select **OK** to confirm, the device restarts with the desired setup.

Exporting the setup

Exporting the setup offers the following advantages:

- Export in XML format with a stylesheet for formatted display in an XML-compatible application such as Microsoft Internet Explorer
- Importing the data (drag and drop the XML file into a browser window)
- 1. Insert the SD card into the controller card reader.
- 2. Go to: Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Data management/Export setup.
- 3. Name: Assign a file name.
- 4. Then select **Export**.
 - └ If you have already assigned the file name, you will be asked whether you want to overwrite the existing setup.

5. Select **OK** to confirm, or cancel the operation and assign a new file name.

← Your setup is saved on the SD card in the "Device" folder.

You cannot upload the exported setup to the device again. You must use the **Save setup** function for this purpose. This is the only way you can save a setup to an SD card and reload it later on or upload it to other devices.

Activation code

You require activation codes for:

- Additional functions, e.g. fieldbus communication
- Firmware upgrades
- Retrofits, e.g. deactivation of fieldbus protocols

If activation codes are available for your device, these codes are provided on the inner nameplate. The corresponding device functions are activated at the factory. You only require the codes if servicing the device or deactivating fieldbus protocols.

1. Enter the activation code: Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Data management/Activation code.

- 2. Confirm your entry.
 - └ Your new hardware or software function is activated and can be configured.

The table below tells you what functions an activation code enables:

Function	Activation code beginning with
Second Memosens input	062
Deactivation of fieldbus when 485 or ETH module is removed $^{1)}$	0B0
Two current outputs (BASE-E module only)	081
HART	0B1
PROFIBUS PA	0B2
PROFIBUS DP	0B3
Modbus TCP	0B4
Modbus RS485	0B5
EtherNet/IP	0B6
Measuring range switching, set 1	211
Measuring range switching, set 2 ²⁾	212
Feedforward control	220
Chemoclean Plus	25
Mathematical function Cation exchanger capacity	301
Heartbeat monitoring	2D1
Heartbeat verification	2E1

- The device displays an error message if you remove the 485 or ETH module with the fieldbus protocol activated. You must now enter the activation code on the inside nameplate. The fieldbus is only deactivated once you do this. Afterwards you must enter the appropriate activation code to activate current outputs of the base module. Additional current outputs (CM444R and CM448R only) are activated as soon as the corresponding module is used.
- 2) When you order the "Measuring range switching" option, you receive two activation codes. Enter both codes to have two sets for measuring range switching.

Change password

You can lock the operating keys with a password (access the context menu by pressing the navigator for longer). The keys can then only be enabled by entering the right password.

Set the password to lock the keys here: **Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Data management/Change lock password**.

- 1. Enter the current password (factory setting 0000).
 - └ Enter new lock password
- 2. Enter a new password.
 - └ Confirm new lock password
- 3. Enter the new password again.
 - ← The lock password has been changed successfully.

Press the navigator for longer to return to the measuring mode.

10.3 Inputs

10.3.1 Photometer

General settings

Menu/Setup/Inputs/Photometer		
Function	Options	Info
Channel	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	
Photometer type	Selection OUSAF11 OUSAF12 OUSAF21/22 OUSAF44/45 OUSAF46 OUSAF46 OUSAF46(2) OUSBT66 OUSTF10 Factory setting OUSAF21/22	 OUSAF46 sensors have two detectors. Therefore you need two PEM modules to connect an OUSAF46 sensor. Select OUSAF46 for the configuration of the first input channel to which one of the two detectors is connected. OUSAF46 (2) must be selected for the configuration of the other input channel to which the second detector is connected. In the measuring mode, you can view the measured values of both channels, i.e. the two OUSAF46 detectors, in a user-defined view.
Operating mode Photometer type = OUSAF21/22	Selection Main value Main value + ref. 2x absorption Factory setting Main value + ref.	Main valueThis operating mode uses both sensor detectorsignals for absorbance measurement. The seconddetector signal is used to compensate for lampaging or turbidity.Main value + ref.The absorbance of the reference wavelength canbe displayed in addition to the compensatedmain measured value. The reference value canbe adapted to turbidity measurement or solidsmeasurement in the calibration menu of thereference channel. 2x absorption This operating mode uses both detector signalsindependently of one another for single-channelabsorbance measurement. Both measured valuesare uncompensated and can be calibrated andadjusted individually.

Menu/Setup/Inputs/Photometer		
Function	Options	Info
Dataset	Selection Dataset 1 5 Factory setting	You can configure datasets in the menu: CAL/ Photometer/Measurement channel (Reference channel/2nd measurement
	Dataset 1	channel)/Application adjustment.
Manual hold	Selection Off On 	On You can use this function to set the channel manually to "Hold".
	Factory setting Off	Off No channel-specific hold
Optical path length	0.5 to 1000.0 mm	Enter the distance between the two window
10.0 mm minimu	surfaces (light path through the medium). The minimum and maximum distance depends on the cable length and the process connection.	
Lamp voltage	2.5 to 12.0 V	The lamp voltage depends on the choice of
	Factory setting Depends on the sensor	 check the setting against the table below with the lamp voltages of the sensors.
		2. Set the correct voltage if necessary.
Lamp control input	Selection None Fieldbus input Binary input Factory setting None	The lamp can be switched on and off via a binary input or fieldbus. The voltage must be configured once following a change of photometer type or a change in voltage. Otherwise a diagnostic message is displayed.
 Switch lamp on Switch lamp off 	Action	Have you checked the correct lamp voltage beforehand and corrected the setting if necessary?
		► If so, you can now turn on the lamp.
		Furthermore, you can also switch off the lamp here again and cancel the measurement.

Lamp voltages of photometer sensors

Sensor version	Lamp type	Lamp voltage [V]
OUSAF11-xxxxx	Incandescent lamp	4.9 ± 0.1
OUSAF12-xxAxx	Standard incandescent lamp	3.4 ± 0.1
OUSAF12-xxBxx	Collimated incandescent lamp	4.9 ± 0.1
OUSAF12-xxCxx	High-luminescence lamp	4.9 ± 0.1
OUSAF12-xxDxx	Gas-filled high-performance lamp	4.9 ± 0.1
OUSAF21-xxxxx	High-luminescence or gas-filled high-performance lamp	4.9 ± 0.1
OUSAF22-xxxxx	High-luminescence or gas-filled high-performance lamp	4.9 ± 0.1
OUSAF44-xxxx	Low-pressure mercury lamp	9.9 ± 0.1
OUSAF46-xxxx	Low-pressure mercury lamp	11.9 ± 0.1
OUSTF10-xxxxx	Collimated incandescent lamp	4.9 ± 0.1
OUSBT66-xxxxx	LED	7.5 ± 0.1

Advanced setup

Measuring channel

Menu/Setup/Inputs/Photometer/Extended setup/Measurement channel		
Function	Options	Info
Damping	0 to 600 s Factory setting 0 s	The damping causes a floating average curve of the measured values over the time specified.
Calib. settings		
► Stability criteria		You define the permitted variation in the measured value which may not be exceeded in a certain timeframe during calibration. If the permitted difference is exceeded, the calibration will not be allowed and is canceled automatically.
Delta signal	0.1 to 2.0 % Factory setting 0.2 %	Permitted measured value variation during calibration
Duration	0 to 100 s Factory setting 10 s	Timeframe within which the permitted measured value variation may not be exceeded
Calibration timer	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	Switches the function on or off
Calibration timer value	1 to 10 000 h Factory setting 1000 h	Enter the time after which the timer should time out. When this time expires, diagnostic message Calibration timer is displayed with code 102.
Calib. expiration time	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	The function checks whether the calibration of a sensor is still valid. Example: you install a pre- calibrated sensor. The function checks how long ago the sensor was last calibrated. A diagnostic message is displayed if the last calibration is longer in the past than the prespecified warning or alarm limit.
► Calib. expiration time		Warning and alarm limits mutually influence each other's possible adjustment range. Range in which the two limits must be: 1 to 24 months. Generally, the following applies: alarm limit > warning limit
Warning limit	Factory setting 11 months	Diagnostic message: 105 Calibration validity
Alarm limit	Factory setting 12 months	Diagnostic message: 104 Calibration validity

Function	Options	Info
EasyCal	Selection • Yes • No Factory setting No	Easycal is available for: OUSAF12 OUSAF21/22 OUSAF44/45
NIST filter low	0.0000 to 99.9999 AU Factory setting 0.5000 AU	These 3 menu items are only displayed for the following sensors: OUSAF44/45
NIST filter high	0.0000 to 99.9999 AU Factory setting 1.0000 AU	Enter the actual filter values that appear on the factory calibration certificate of your Easycal.
Recert. date filter	Enter a date	Enter the recertification date specified on the factory calibration certificate.
Filter value	0.0000 to 99.9999 AU Factory setting 1.0000 AU	Applies for the following sensors: • OUSAF12 • OUSAF21/22
	Enter the actual filter	Enter the actual filter values that appears on the factory calibration certificate of your Easycal.
Filter calibration	Selection • Yes • No	This menu item and the next two menu items are only displayed for OUSBT66.
	Factory setting No	
Calibration filter	0.0000 to 99.9999 AU Factory setting 1.0000 AU	Enter the value on the certificate of the blue calibration filter here.
Verification filter	0.0000 to 99.9999 AU Factory setting 0.0000 AU	Enter the value on the certificate of the red verification filter here.
Zero solution	0.0000 to 99.9999 AU Factory setting 0.0000 AU	This function and the following function are no available for OUSBT66. Laboratory value for the absorbance of zero solution
Standard solution	0.0000 to 99.9999 AU Factory setting 1.0000 AU	Laboratory value for the absorbance of standar solution
	values mentioned above are t two-point calibration (CAL r	he reference values with which the measuring poin nenu).
Input optical zero	Selection None 	This function can be used to set the optical zero point via external input signals.
Input manual offset	 Current inputs Digital inputs Fieldbus input signal Factory setting 	This function can be used to set the manual offset via external input signals.

2nd measurement channel (OUSAF21/22 only)

This additional menu is displayed if, under Menu/Setup/Inputs/Photometer/Operating mode , you selected the option $2x\ absorption$.

It has the same structure and the same configuration options as **Measurement channel** ($\Rightarrow \triangleq 78$).

Reference channel (OUSTF10 and OUSAF21/22 only)

The menu is only available for the following sensors:

OUSTF10

The measuring channel presents the measured values of the transmitted light detector, while the reference channel presents those of the scattered light detector.

OUSAF21/22

The measuring channel presents the values of the first wavelength (color measurement), while the reference channel presents those of the second wavelength (turbidity value). The menu only has the following setting for these sensors:

Menu/Setup/Inputs/Photometer/Operating mode = Main value + ref.

Menu/Setup/Inputs/Photometer/Extended setup/Reference channel		
Function	Options	Info
Channel	Selection • Off • On	
	Factory setting On	
Damping	0 to 600 s Factory setting 0 s	The damping causes a floating average curve of the measured values over the time specified.

Diagnostic settings

Operating hours limits

Menu/Setup/Inputs/Photometer/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings		
Function	Options	Info
Limits operating hours		
Function	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	
Limit change filter		
Warning limit	0 to 50000 h Factory setting 10000 h	Diag. code 157

Diagnostic behavior

The list of diagnostic messages displayed depends on the path selected. There are devicespecific messages, and messages that depend on what sensor is connected.

Menu/Setup/(General settings or Inputs <sensor channel="">)/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior</sensor>		
Function	Options	Info
List of diagnostic messages		Select the message to be changed. Only then can you make the settings for this message.
Diag. code	Read only	
Diagnostic message	Selection On Off Factory setting Depends on the message	You can deactivate or reactivate a diagnostic message here. Deactivating means: • No error message in the measuring mode • No error current at the current output
Error current	Selection On Off 	Decide whether an error current should be output at the current output if the diagnostic message display is activated.
	Factory setting Depends on the message	In the event of general device errors, the error current is output at all the current outputs. In the event of channel-specific errors, the error current is only output at the assigned current output.
Status signal	Selection Maintenance (M) Out of specification (S) Function check (C) Failure (F) Factory setting Depends on the message	The messages are divided into different error categories in accordance with NAMUR NE 107. Decide whether you want to change a status signal assignment for your application.
Diag. output	Selection None Alarm relay Binary output Relay 1 to n (depends on the device version) Factory setting None	You can use this function to select an output to which the diagnostic message should be assigned. Before being able to assign the message to an output you must first configure a relay output to Diagnostics . (Menu/Setup/Outputs: Assign the Diagnostics function and set the Operating mode to as assigned .)
An alarm relay is alway	ys available, regardless of the dev	rice version. Other relays are optional.
Cleaning program (for sensors)	Selection None Cleaning 1 Cleaning 2 Cleaning 3 Cleaning 4 Factory setting None	Decide whether the diagnostic message should trigger a cleaning program. You can define the cleaning programs under: Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning .
Detail information	Read only	Here you can find more information on the diagnostic message and instructions on how to resolve the problem.

External dataset control

The function allows you to switch between datasets for application adjustment. This switchover is either manual or is controlled by the process control system. In this way, you can respond to changes in your process by applying a suitable dataset in each case.

The change in the process - for example, concentration measurement with a varying medium composition (milk, cream, yogurt) - can be communicated to the transmitter by a binary input signal. Binary inputs and fieldbus signals are available. For this, your device must have the appropriate hardware and the necessary activation codes.

You can specify a maximum of 3 dataset switches. Each switch has two states (binary encoding). Therefore you have a maximum of $2^3=8$ signal combinations for dataset switching.

- 1. Select Menu/Setup/Inputs/Photometer/Extended setup/Ext. dataset control.
- 2. Dataset switch 00x, Dataset switch 0x0, Dataset switch x00: First set up the dataset switches (maximum 3). You can use a binary input or one of a maximum of 8 fieldbus signals as the signal source.
- Then for each of the signal combinations available (Switch equals 000, Switch equals 001 etc.) you must define the dataset to be used for application adjustment (→
 128).

Now activate the function (Ext. dataset control=On).

If you activate the function **Ext. dataset control** the dataset under **Menu/Setup/ Inputs/Photometer/Dataset** is for display only. You can no longer choose between the datasets.

External hold

You can trigger a hold for all the devices of a measuring point via a digital signal, e.g. a fieldbus signal. Make sure that you do not use the hold signal elsewhere. You can assign an external hold individually to every sensor input.

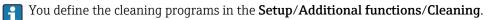
You will only find the function in the initial menu if you have configured the signals for the external hold in the general hold settings beforehand:

Menu/Setup/General settings/Hold settings/External hold.

Menu/Setup/Inputs/Channel: Sensor type/Extended setup/		
Function	Options	Info
Source	Selection Binary inputs Fieldbus signals Factory setting None	Select the source of the external hold. Multiple selection is possible. Press OK .

Cleaning hold

Menu/Setup/Inputs/Channel: sensor type/ Extended setup		
Function	Options	Info
Cleaning hold	Selection None Cleaning 1 4 Factory setting None	 Select one or more cleaning programs (multiple selection). For the programs defined, the channel goes to "Hold" while cleaning is in progress. Cleaning programs are executed: At a specified interval For this, the cleaning program must be started. If a diagnostics message is pending on the channel and a cleaning has been specified for this message (→ Inputs/Channel: Sensor type/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior/Diagnostic number/Cleaning program).



Sensor identification

Enter the following values (customized text) to identify the sensor:

- Serial number sensor
- Serial number assembly
- Serial number cable

10.3.2 Current inputs

The input can be used as the data source for limit switches and logbooks, for example. Furthermore, external values can be made available as set points for controllers.

Menu/Setup/Inputs/Current input x:y ¹⁾		
Function	Options	Info
Mode	Selection • Off • 0 - 20mA • 4 - 20mA	Select the same current range as in the data source (connected device).
	Factory setting 4 - 20mA	
Input mode	Selection • Flow rate • Parameter • Current Factory setting Current	Select the input variable.
Meas. value format	Selection # # ### #### Factory setting	Specify the number of decimal places.
	#.#	
Parameter name Input mode = Parameter	Customized text, 16 characters	Assign a useful name, such as the parameter name, which the data source uses.
Unit of measure Input mode = Parameter	Customized text, 16 characters	You cannot choose the unit from a list. If you want to use a unit, you must enter it here as customized text.

Menu/Setup/Inputs/Current input x:y ¹⁾		
Function	Options	Info
Lower range value Input mode = Parameter	-20.0 Upper range value <unit measure="" of=""> Factory setting 0.0 <engineering unit=""></engineering></unit>	Enter the measuring range. The lower and upper range values are assigned to the 0 or 4 mA value and the 20 mA value respectively. The system uses the engineering unit which you entered beforehand.
Upper range value Input mode = Parameter	Lower range value to 10000.0 <engineering unit> Factory setting 10.0 <engineering unit=""></engineering></engineering 	
Damping	0 to 60 s Factory setting 0 s	The damping causes a floating average curve of the measured values over the time specified.

1) x:y = slot no. : input number

10.4 Outputs

10.4.1 Current outputs

The basic version of the device always has two current outputs.

You can configure additional current outputs with extension modules.

Setting the current output range

• Menu/Setup/General settings: select 0..20 mA or 4..20 mA.

Menu/Setup/Outputs/Current output x:y ¹⁾		
Function	Options	Info
Current output	Options • Off • On	Use this function to activate or deactivate a variable being output at the current output
	Factory setting Off	
Source of data	Options None Connected inputs Controller 	The sources of data on offer depend on your device version. The all the sensors and controllers connected to inputs are available for selection.
	Factory setting None	
Measured value	Options None Depends on the Source of data 	The measured value you can select depends on the option selected under Source of data .
	Factory setting None	
The list of the dependent measured values can be found in the Measured value depending on the Source of data → <a>B 85. Apart from measured values from connected sensors, you can also select a controller as the data source. The best way to do so is by using the Additional functions menu. Here, you can select and configure the current output for outputting the controlled variable.		
Range lower value	Range of adjustment and	You can output the entire measuring range or
Range upper value	factory settings depending on the Measured value	just some of it at the current output. For this purpose, specify the upper and lower range values in accordance with your requirements.

Menu/Setup/Outputs/Current output x:y ¹⁾		
Function	Options	Info
Hold behavior	Options Freeze Fixed value None Factory setting Depends on the channel:output	Freeze The device freezes the last current value. Fixed value You define a fixed current value that is output at the output. None A hold does not affect this current output.
Hold current Hold behavior = Fixed value	0.0 to 23.0 mA Factory setting 22.0 mA	Specify which current should be output at this current output in the hold state.

1) x:y = slot: output number

Measured value depending on the Source of data

Source of data	Measured value
Photometer	Selection Measured value 2nd measurement value Raw meas. current Raw ref. current Lamp current Lamp voltage Raw meas. value Raw 2nd meas. value
pH Glass	Selection
pH ISFET	 Raw value mV pH Temperature
ORP	Selection • Temperature • ORP mV • ORP %
Oxygen (amp.)	Selection
Oxygen (opt.)	 Temperature Partial pressure Concentration liquid Saturation Raw value nA (only Oxygen (amp.)) Raw value µs (only Oxygen (opt.))
Cond i	Selection
Cond c	 Temperature Conductivity
Cond c 4-pol	 Resistance (only Cond c) Concentration (only Cond i and Cond c 4-pol)
Disinfection	Selection • Temperature • Sensor current • Concentration
ISE	Selection • Temperature • pH • Ammonium • Nitrate • Potassium • Chloride

Source of data	Measured value
TU/TS	Selection
TU	 Temperature Turbidity g/l (only TU/TS) Turbidity FNU (only TU/TS) Turbidity Formazine (only TU) Turbidity solid (only TU)
Nitrate	Selection • Temperature • NO3 • NO3-N
Ultrasonic interface	Selection • Temperature • Interface • Turbidity
SAC	Selection • Temperature • SAC • Transm. • Absorption • COD • BOD
Controller 1	Selection
Controller 2	 Bipolar (only for current outputs) Unipolar+ Unipolar-
Mathematical functions	All the mathematical functions can also be used as a data source and the calculated value can be used as the measured value.

Outputting the controller manipulated variable via the current output

Assign **Unipolar+** to the output to which an actuator that can increase the measured value is connected. Assign **Unipolar-** to the output to which an actuator that can decrease the measured value is connected.

To output the manipulated variable of a two-sided controller, positive manipulated variables and negative manipulated variables generally have to be output to different actuators, as most actuators are able to influence the process in one direction only (not in both). For this purpose, the instrument splits the bipolar manipulated variable y into two unipolar manipulated variables, y+ and y-.

Only the two unipolar manipulated variable parts are available for selection for outputting to modulated relays. If outputting the values via a current output, you also have the possibility of outputting the bipolar manipulated variable y to one current output only (split range).

10.4.2 Alarm relay and optional relays

The basic version of the device always has one alarm relay. Additional relays are also available depending on the version of the device.

The following functions can be output via a relay:

- Limit switch status
- Controller manipulated variable for controlling an actuator
- Diagnostic messages
- Status of a cleaning function in order to control a pump or a valve

You can assign a relay to multiple inputs in order to clean several sensors with just one cleaning unit, for example.

Menu/Setup/Outputs/Alarm relay or relay at channel no.		
Function	Options	Info
Function	Options Off Limit switch Controller Diagnostics Cleaning (sensor) Factory setting Alarm relays: Diagnostics Other relays: Off 	The following functions depend on the option selected. These versions are illustrated individually in the following sections to provide a clearer understanding of the options. Function = Off Switches off the relay function and means no further settings are required.

Outputting the status of a limit switch

Function = Limit switch		
Function	Options	Info
Source of data	Options None Limit switch 1 8 Factory setting None	Select the limit switch via which the status of the relay is to be output. The limit switches are configured in the menu: Setup/Additional functions/Limit switchesin the measuring mode.

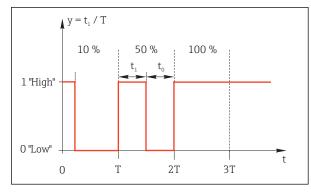
Outputting the manipulated variable of a controller

To output a controller manipulated variable via a relay, the relay is modulated. The relay is energized (pulse, t_1) and is then de-energized (interval, t_0).

Function = Controller		
Function	Options	Info
Source of data	Options None Controller 1 Controller 2 Factory setting None	Select the controller that should act as the data source.
Operating mode	Options • PWM • PFM Factory setting PWM	PWM=pulse width modulation PFM=pulse frequency modulation

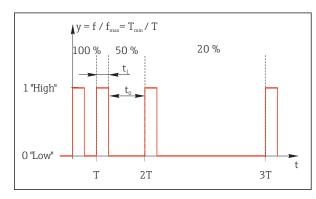
1. **PWM** (pulse width modulation):

The duty cycle is varied within a period ${\bf T}$ (T=t_1+t_0). The cycle duration remains constant.



84 Typical application: solenoid valve

2. **PFM** (pulse frequency modulation): Here, pulses of a constant length (t_1) are output and the interval between the pulses varies (t_0) . At a maximum frequency, $t_1 = t_0$.



🗟 85 Typical application: dosing pump

Function = Controller		
Function	Options	Info
Actuator type	Options • None • Unipolar(-) • Unipolar(+) Factory setting None	Here you specify what part of the controller should power the relay. Unipolar(+) is the part of the manipulated variable which the controller uses to increase the process value (e.g. for heating purposes). On the other hand, select Unipolar(-) if you want to connect an actuator to the relay that causes the controlled variable to drop (e.g. for cooling purposes).
Cycle duration Operating mode = PWM	Shortest turn-on time to 999.0 s Factory setting 10.0 s	Specify the cycle duration within which the duty cycle should be varied (only PWM).
The settings for Cycle duration \geq S applies Cycle duration \geq S		ime mutually affect one another. The following
Shortest turn-on time Operating mode = PWM	0.3 s to Cycle duration Factory setting 0.3 s	Pulses that are shorter than this limit value are not output in order to conserve the actuator.
Maximum frequency Operating mode = PFM	1 to 180 min ⁻¹ Factory setting 60 min ⁻¹	Maximum number of pulses per minute The controller calculates the pulse duration based on this setting.

Outputting diagnostic messages via the relay

If a relay is defined as a diagnostic relay (**Function** = **Diagnostics**), it works in the **"fail-safe mode"**.

This means that the relay is always energized ("normally closed", n.c.) in the basic state if an error is not present. In this way it can also indicate a drop in voltage, for example. The alarm relay always works in the failsafe mode.

You can output two categories of diagnostic messages via the relay:

- Diagnostic messages from one of the 4 Namur classes \rightarrow 🗎 132
- Diagnostic messages which you have individually assigned to the relay output

A message is individually assigned to the relay output at 2 specific points in the menu:

- Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior (device-specific messages)
- Menu/Setup/Inputs/<Sensor>/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior (sensor-specific messages)

Before being able to assign the relay output to a special message in **Diag. behavior** you must first configure **Outputs**/Relay x:y or /**Alarm relay/Function = Diagnostics** .

Function = Diagnostics		
Function	Options	Info
Operating mode	Options • as assigned • Namur M • Namur S • Namur C • Namur F Factory setting as assigned	as assigned If this option is selected, the diagnostic messages which you have individually assigned to the relay are output via the relay. Namur M Namur F If you decided to use one of the Namur classes, all the messages that are assigned to the individual class are output via the relay. You can also change the Namur class assignment for every diagnostic message. (Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior or Menu/Setup/Inputs/ <sensor>/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior)</sensor>
Attributed diagnostic messages Operating mode = as assigned	Read only	All the messages assigned to the relay output appear on the display. You do not have the option of editing the information here.

Outputting the status of a cleaning function

Function = Cleaning		
Function	Options	Info
Assignments	Options None Depends on the type of cleaning Factory setting None	 Here you can specify how a cleaning function should be displayed for the relay. Depending on the cleaning program selected (Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning) you can choose from the following: Cleaning type = Standard clean Cleaning 1 - Water, Cleaning 2 - Water, Cleaning 3 - Water, Cleaning 4 - Water Cleaning type = Chemoclean Cleaning 1 - Water, Cleaning 1 - Cleaner, Cleaning 2 - Water, Cleaning 3 - Water, Cleaning 3 - Cleaner, Cleaner, Cleaning 3 - Water, Cleaning 3 - Cleaner, Cleaner, Cleaning 3 - Water, Cleaning 3 - Cleaner, Cleaning 3 - Cleaning 3 -
		Cleaning 4 - Water, Cleaning 4 - Cleaner Cleaning type = Chemoclean Plus 4x Cleaning 1 - %0V, 4x Cleaning 2 - %0V ¹⁾

1) %0V is variable text which you can assign in Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning/Chemoclean Plus/Output label 1 ... 4 .

10.4.3 HART

Specify which device variables should be output via HART communication.

You can define a maximum of 16 device variables.

- 1. Define the data source.
 - You can choose from sensor inputs and controllers.
- 2. Choose the measured value which should be output.

Please note that if you select **Hold behavior** = **Freeze**, the system not only flags the status but also actually "freezes" the measured value.

More information is provided in:

Operating Instructions "HART Communication", BA00486C

10.4.4 PROFIBUS DP

Device variables (device \rightarrow PROFIBUS)

Specify which process values should be mapped to the PROFIBUS function blocks and are thereby available for transmission via PROFIBUS communication.

You can define a maximum of 16 device variables (AI Blocks).

- 1. Define the data source.
 - └ You can choose from sensor inputs, current inputs and mathematical functions.
- 2. Choose the measured value which should be transmitted.

In addition, you can define 8 binary variables (DI Blocks):

- 1. Define the data source.
- 2. Select the limit switch or relay whose status should be transmitted.

PROFIBUS variables (PROFIBUS \rightarrow device)

A maximum of 4 analog (AO) and 8 digital (DO) PROFIBUS variables are available as measured values in the controller, limit switch or current output menus.

Example: Using an AO or DO value as the set point for the controller

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Controller 1

- 1. In the menu mentioned, define PROFIBUS as the data source.
- 2. Select the desired analog output (AO) or digital output (DO) as the measured value.

More information is provided in:

Guidelines for Communication via PROFIBUS, SD01188C

10.4.5 Modbus RS485 and Modbus TCP

Specify which process values should be output via Modbus RS485 communication or via Modbus TCP.

In the case of Modbus RS485, you can switch between the RTU and the ASCII protocol.

You can define a maximum of 16 device variables.

1. Define the data source.

└ You can choose from sensor inputs and controllers.

2. Choose the measured value which should be output.

3. Define how the device should behave in the event of a "Hold" . (Configuration options of Source of data, Measured value and Hold behavior) $\rightarrow \textcircled{B}$ 85

Please note that if you select **Hold behavior** = **Freeze**, the system not only flags the status but also actually "freezes" the measured value.

More information is provided in:

Guidelines for Communication via Modbus, SD01189C

10.4.6 EtherNet/IP

Specify which process values should be output via EtherNet/IP communication.

You can define a maximum of 16 analog device variables (AI).

1. Define the data source.

← You can choose from sensor inputs and controllers.

2. Choose the measured value which should be output.

3. Define how the device should behave in the event of a "Hold" . (Configuration options of Source of data, Measured value and Hold behavior) $\rightarrow \cong 85$

4. In the case of controllers, also specify the type of manipulated variable.

Please note that if you select **Hold behavior** = **Freeze**, the system not only flags the status but also actually "freezes" the measured value.

In addition you can define digital device variables (DI):

- Define the data source.
 - You can choose from relays, binary inputs and limit switches.

More information is provided in: Guidelines for Communication via EtherNet/IP, SD01293C

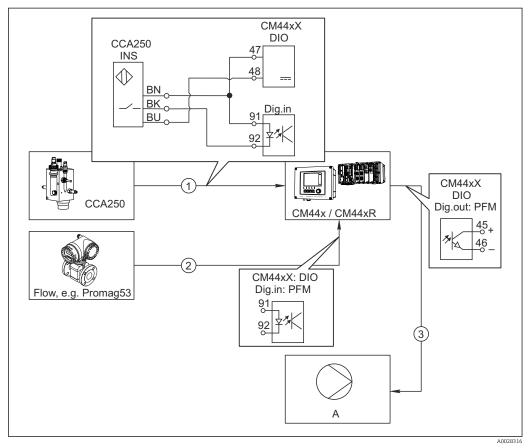
10.5 **Binary inputs and outputs**

Hardware options, such as the "DIO" module with 2 digital inputs and 2 digital outputs or fieldbus module "485" enable the following:

- Via a digital input signal
 - measuring range switching for conductivity (upgrade code required, $\rightarrow \triangleq 175$)
 - switching between different calibration datasets in the case of optical sensors
 - external hold
 - a cleaning interval to be triggered
 - PID controller switch-on/switch-off, e.g. via the proximity switch of the CCA250
 - the use of the input as an "analog input" for pulse-frequency modulation (PFM)
 - the setting of the optical zero point or a manual offset for photometer sensors
- Via a digital output signal
 - diagnostic states, point level switches, or similar states transmitted statically (similar to a relay)
 - the dynamic transmission (comparable to a non-wearing "analog output") of PFM signals, e.g. to control dosing pumps

10.5.1 Application examples

Chlorine control with feedforward control



86 Example of chlorine control with feedforward control

- 1 Connection of the inductive proximity switch INS of CCA250 to the digital input of the DIO module
- 2 Connection of the signal from a flowmeter to the digital input of the DIO module
- 3 Activation of a (pulse) dosing pump via a digital output of the DIO module
- A Dosing pump

Utilize the advantage of the effectively wear-free control with binary outputs versus a control system with relay. With pulse frequency modulation (PFM), it is possible to achieve virtually continuous dosing using a dosing pump with higher input frequency.

- 1. Connect the proximity switch INS of the CCA250 assembly to a digital input of the DIO module (e.g. slot 6, port 1).
- Configure a controller in the software and for the source select the binary input (e.g. Binary input 1) to which the proximity switch is connected. (Menu/Additional functions/Controllers/Controller 1/Controller Enable = Binary input 1)
- 3. **Signal type**: For the selected input, select the factory setting (**Static signal**).
- 4. Connect the measured value of a flowmeter to the second input of the DIO module (e.g. slot 6, port 2).
- 5. Signal type: for this input, select PFM. (Menu/Inputs/Binary input 6:2/Signal type = PFM)
- 6. **Input mode**: select the corresponding measured value (**Flow rate**).
 - You can now use the input you have just configured as the disturbance variable for your controller².

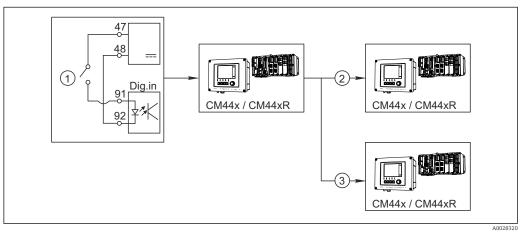
²⁾ An activation code, Order No. 71211288, is necessary for the "feedforward control" function.

- Disturbance variable: In the controller menu, select the binary input to which the flow measured value is connected. (Menu/Additional functions/Controllers/Controller 1/Disturbance variable/Source of data = Binary input 6:2 and Measured value = PFM value)
- 8. You can activate a dosing pump through PFM via a digital output of the DIO module. Connect the pump to an output of the DIO module (e.g. slot 6, port 1) and choose the following settings in the menu: **Menu/Outputs/Binary output 6:1/Signal type** = **PFM** and **Source of data** = **Controller 1**.

Take the direction of action of your dosing into account. Select the correct parameter (Actuator type = Unipolar+ or Unipolar-).

You must make additional settings in the controller menu to fully customize the control to suit your process conditions.

CM44x as the cleaning master



87 Example of a central cleaning control

- 1 External cleaning trigger at the binary input
- 2 Transferring the external hold over binary output to other measuring devices without connected cleaning functions
- 3 Transferring the cleaning trigger over a binary output to other self-cleaning measuring points
- **1.** An external trigger actuates a cleaning operation at the master. A cleaning unit is connected via a relay or a binary output, for example.
- 2. The cleaning trigger is transferred to another device via a binary output. This does not have its own connected cleaning unit, but its sensors are installed in the medium affected by cleaning the master and are set to hold by the trigger.
- **3.** The trigger is transferred via an additional binary output to another device, whose connected sensors have their own cleaning units. The signal can be used to simultaneously activate a self-cleaning with the master.

Function	Options	Info
Binary input	Selection Off On Exctorm setting	Switches the input on/off
	Factory setting On	
Signal type	Selection Static signal PFM 	Select the signal type. Static signal Use this pating to read out the position of far
	Factory setting Static signal	Use this setting to read out the position of, for example, an on/off switch, an inductive proximity switch or a PLC binary output. Signal application: for measuring range switching, acceptance of an external hold, as a cleaning trigger or for controller activation
		PFM The PFM setting produces a pulse-frequency- modulated signal that is subsequently available on the device as a quasi-continuous process value.
Signal trma - Static signa	1	Example: Measuring signal of a flowmeter
Signal type = Static signa Signal level	Selection	Determine which input signal levels should
Sigliai level	• Low • High	Determine which input signal levels should activate, for example, measuring range switching or a cleaning.
	Factory setting High	Low Input signals between 0 and 5 V DC
		High Input signals between 11 and 30 V DC
Signal type = PFM		
Max. frequency	100.00 to 1000.00 Hz Factory setting 1000.00 Hz	Maximum frequency of the PFM input signal Is to equal the maximum possible upper limit of the measuring range. If the value selected is too small, higher frequencies will not be detected. If the value is too large, on the other hand, the resolution for
		small frequencies will be relatively inexact.
Meas. value format	Selection # ### #### #####	Specify the number of decimal places.
	Factory setting #.##	

10.5.2 Binary input configuration

Function	Options	Info
Input mode	Selection • Frequency • Parameter • Flow rate Factory setting Frequency	Frequency Display in Hz in the measuring menu Parameter You subsequently determine the parameter name and unit. These are then displayed in the measuring menu. Flow rate For connecting a flowmeter
Parameter name Input mode = Parameter	Customized text, 16 characters	Define a name for the parameter, e.g. "pressure".
Unit of measure Input mode = Parameter	Customized text, 16 characters	Define the unit for your parameter, e.g. "hPa".
Flow rate unit Input mode = Flow rate	Selection • 1/s • 1/h • m ³ /s • m ³ /h • cfs • cfd • mgd Factory setting 1/s	Define the unit for the flow. cfs = cubic feet per second cfd = cubic feet per day mgd = mega gallon per day
Lower range value Input mode = Parameter or Flow rate	-2000.00 to 0.00 Factory setting 0.00	The start of measuring range corresponds to a frequency of 0 Hz. Your previously defined unit is additionally displayed.
Upper range value Input mode = Parameter or Flow rate	0.00 to 10000.00 Factory setting 0.00	The end of measuring range corresponds to the maximum frequency defined above. Your previously defined unit is additionally displayed.
Damping	0 to 60 s Factory setting 0 s	The damping causes a floating average curve of the measured values over the time specified.

1) x:y = slot no. : input number

10.5.3 Configuration of binary outputs

Menu/Setup/Outputs/Binary	output x:y ¹⁾	
Function	Options	Info
Binary output	Options • Off • On Factory setting On	Switches the output on/off
Signal type	Options • Static signal • PFM Factory setting Static signal	Select the signal type. Static signal Comparable to a relay: output of a diagnostic status or a limit switch PFM You can output a measured value, e.g. the chlorine value or the manipulated variable of a controller. It functions as a "wear-free" switching contact that can be used to activate a dosing pump, for example.

Menu/Setup/Outputs/Binary	output x:y ¹⁾	
Function	Options	Info
Signal type = Static signal		
Function	Options None Limit switches Diagnostics message Cleaning Factory setting None	Source for the outputted switching state The following functions depend on the option selected. Function = None Switches off the function. There are no other settings.
Assignments Function = Cleaning	Multiple selection Cleaning 1 - Water Cleaning 4 - Cleaner 	Here you can decide which binary outputs should be used for activating the valves and pumps. Here you concretely assign a control signal to the binary output for the cleaner/water dosing of a cleaning program. You can define cleaning programs under: Menu/ Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning in the measuring mode.
Data sources Function = Limit switches	Multiple selection Limit switch 1 8	Select the limit switches that should be output via the binary output. Configuration of the limit switches: Menu / Setup/Additional functions/Limit switches in the measuring mode.
Operating mode Function = Diagnostics message	Options as assigned Namur M Namur S Namur C Namur F Factory setting as assigned	 as assigned With this selection, the diagnosis messages are transmitted over the binary output that you individually allocated to it. Namur M F When you choose one of the Namur classes, all messages allocated to that respective class are output. You can change the Namur class assignment for every diagnostic message → 🖺 133.
Signal type = PFM		
Max. frequency	1.00 to 1000.00 Hz Factory setting 1000.00 Hz	Maximum frequency of the PFM output signal Is to equal the maximum possible upper limit of the measuring range.
Meas. value format	Options • # • #.# • #.## • #.### Factory setting #.##	Specify the number of decimal places.

Function	Options	Info
Source of data	Options None Sensor inputs Binary inputs Controller Fieldbus signals Mathematical functions Factory setting None	Source, whose value should be read out as a frequency over the binary output.
Measuring value Source of data ≠ Controller	Options Depends on: Source of data	Choose the measured value which should be output as the frequency via the binary output.
Actuator type Source of data = Controller	Options None Bipolar Unipolar+ Unipolar- Factory setting None	Specify which controller component the connected actuator, e.g. the dosing pump, should trigger. Bipolar "Split range" Unipolar+ Part of the manipulated variable that the controller uses to increase the process value Unipolar- For connected actuators that decrease the controlled variable
Hold behavior	Options Freeze Fixed value None Factory setting None	Freeze The device freezes the last value. Fixed value You define a fixed current value that is transmitted at the output. None A hold does not affect this output.
Hold value	0 to 100 %	
Hold behavior = Fixed value	Factory setting 0 %	
Error behavior	Options Freeze Fixed value Factory setting Fixed value	Freeze The device freezes the last value. Fixed value You define a fixed current value that is transmitted at the output.
Error value	0 to 100 %	
Error behavior = Fixed value	Factory setting	

1) x:y = slot no. : input number

10.6 Additional functions

10.6.1 Limit switches

There are different ways to configure a limit switch:

- Assigning a switch-on and switch-off point
- Assigning a switch-on and switch-off delay for a relay
- Setting an alarm threshold and also outputting an error message
- Starting a cleaning function

Menu/Setup/Additional functi	ons/Limit switches/Limit sv	vitch 1 8
Function	Options	Info
Source of data	Selection None Sensor inputs Binary inputs Controller Fieldbus signals Mathematical functions MRS set 1 2 Factory setting None	Specify the input or output which should be the source of data for the limit switch. The sources of data on offer depend on your device version. You can choose from connected sensors, binary inputs, fieldbus signals, mathematical functions, controllers and sets for measuring range switching.
Measuring value	Selection Depends on: Source of data	Select the measured value, see the following table.

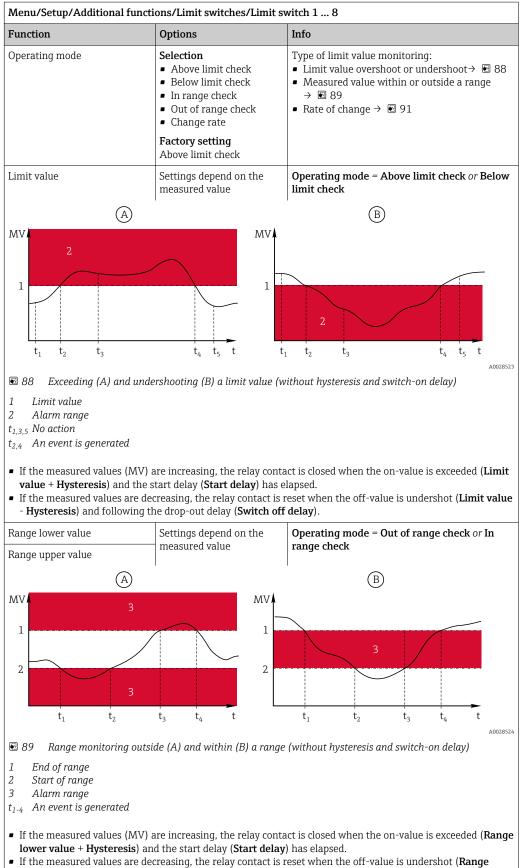
Measured value depending on the Source of data

Source of data	Measured value
Photometer	Selection • Measured value • 2nd measurement value • Raw meas. current • Raw ref. current • Lamp current • Lamp voltage • Raw meas. value • Raw 2nd meas. value
pH Glass	Selection
pH ISFET	 Raw value mV pH Temperature
ORP	Selection • Temperature • ORP mV • ORP %
Oxygen (amp.)	Selection
Oxygen (opt.)	 Temperature Partial pressure Concentration liquid Saturation Raw value nA (only Oxygen (amp.)) Raw value µs (only Oxygen (opt.))
Cond i	Selection
Cond c	Temperature Conductivity
Cond c 4-pol	 Resistance (only Cond c) Concentration (only Cond i and Cond c 4-pol)
Disinfection	Selection Temperature Sensor current Concentration

Source of data	Measured value
ISE	Selection • Temperature • pH • Ammonium • Nitrate • Potassium • Chloride
TU/TS	Selection
TU	 Temperature Turbidity g/l (only TU/TS) Turbidity FNU (only TU/TS) Turbidity Formazine (only TU) Turbidity solid (only TU)
Nitrate	Selection • Temperature • NO3 • NO3-N
Ultrasonic interface	Selection • Temperature • Interface • Turbidity
SAC	Selection • Temperature • SAC • Transm. • Absorption • COD • BOD
Controller 1	Selection
Controller 2	 Bipolar (only for current outputs) Unipolar+ Unipolar-
Mathematical functions	All the mathematical functions can also be used as a data source and the calculated value can be used as the measured value.

You can monitor the manipulated variable by assigning the controller manipulated variable to a limit switch (e.g. configure a dosing time alarm).

Menu/Setup/Additional	functions/Limit switches/Lir	nit switch 1 8
Function	Options	Info
Cleaning program	Selection None Cleaning 1 4 Factory setting None	Use this function to choose the cleaning instance which should be started when the limit switch is active.
Function	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	Activating/deactivating the limit switch

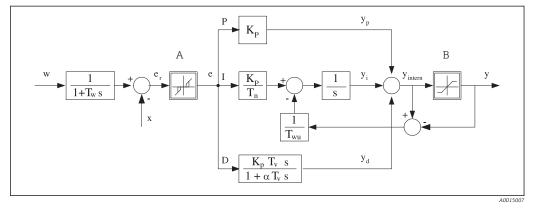


If the measured values are decreasing, the relay contact is reset when the on-value is undership upper value - Hysteresis) and following the drop-out delay (Switch off delay).

Menu/Setup/Additional funct	ions/Limit switches/Limit s	witch 1 8
Function	Options	Info
Hysteresis	Settings depend on the measured value	Operating mode ≠ Change rate
MV	t ₂ t	The hysteresis is needed to ensure a stable switching behavior. The device software adds or subtracts the value set here to/from the limit value (Limit value, Range lower value or Range upper value). This results in double the Hysteresisvalue for the hysteresis range around the limit value. An event is then only generated if the measured value (MV) completely passes through the hysteresis range.
■ 90 Hysteresis taking the exovershoot	xample of limit value	
 Limit value Alarm range Hysteresis range t_{1,2} An event is generated 		
Start delay	0 to 9999 s	Synonyms: pick-up and drop-out delay
Operating mode ≠ Change rate	Factory setting 0 s	
Switch off delay		
Operating mode ≠ Change rate		
Delta value	Settings depend on the measured value	Operating mode = Change rate The slope of the measured value (MV) is
Delta time	00:01 to 23:59	monitored in this mode.
	Factory setting 01:00	An event is generated if, in the given timeframe (Delta time), the measured value increases or decreases by more than the specified value
Auto Confirm	00:01 to 23:59	(Delta value). No further event is generated if the value continues to experience such a steep
	Factory setting 00:01	increase or decrease. If the slope is back below the limit value, the alarm status is reset after a
MV		preset time (Auto Confirm).
ΔMV_{2}		Events are triggered by the following conditions in the example given: $t_2 - t_1 < $ Delta time and $\Delta MV1 > $ Delta value $t_4 - t_3 > $ Auto Confirm and $\Delta MV2 < $ Delta value $t_6 - t_5 < $ Delta time and $\Delta MV3 > $ Delta value
91 Rate of change	A0028526	

10.6.2 Controller

Controller structure in Laplace representation



92 Block diagram of the controller structure

- A Neutral zone
- B Output limiting
- K_p Gain (P-value)
- T_n Integral action time (I-value)
- T_{v} Derivative action time (D-value)
- T_w Time constant for set point damping
- T_{wu} Time constant for anti-windup feedback
- P Proportional value

- I Integral value
- D Derivative value
- aT_V Damping time constant with a = 0 to 1
- e Control deviation
- w Set point
- x Controlled variable
- y Manipulated variable

The controller structure of the device comprises set point damping at the input to prevent erratic changes in the manipulated variable if the set point changes. The difference between the set point w and the controlled variable (measured value) X results in the control deviation which is filtered by a neutral zone.

The neutral zone is used to suppress control deviations (e) that are too small. The control deviation thus filtered is now fed to the actual PID controller which divides into three parts based on the P (proportional), I (integral) and D (derivative) values (top-down). The integral section (middle) also comprises an anti-windup mechanism for limiting the integrator. A low-pass filter is added to the D-section to damp hard D-terms in the manipulated variable. The sum of the 3 sections results in the internal controller manipulated variable which is limited according to the settings (for PID-2s to -100% to +100%).

The graphic does not illustrate a downstream filter for limiting the rate of change of the manipulated variable (can be configured in the menu in **Max y change rate**).

In the menu do not configure the gain K_p . Instead configure the reciprocal value, the proportional band X_p ($K_p=1/X_p$).

Configuration

Make the following decisions when configuring a controller:

- (1) What type of process can your process be assigned to? \rightarrow **Process type**
- (2) Should it be possible to influence the measured variable (controlled variable) in one direction or in both directions? One-sided or two-sided controller, → Controller type
- (3) What should be the controlled variable (sensor, measured value)? → Controlled variable
- (4) Do you have a disturbance variable that should be active at the controller output? → Disturbance variable

- (5) Define the parameters for the controller:
 - Set point, \rightarrow **Setpoint**
 - Neutral zone, $\rightarrow \mathbf{Xn}$
 - Proportional band, $\rightarrow Xp$
 - Integral action time (I-value), \rightarrow **Tn**
 - Derivative action time (D-value), $\rightarrow Tv$
- (6) What should the controller do in the event of a hold (measured error, sensor replacement, cleaning etc.)?
 - Pause or continue with dosing? $\rightarrow \textbf{Hold behavior}/\textbf{Manipulated Variable}$
 - At the end of a hold, continue or restart the control loop (affects I-value)? →Hold behavior/State
- (7) How should the actuator be triggered?
 - **Unipolar+**: Assign this setting to the output for an actuator which can increase the measured value.
 - **Unipolar**-: Assign this setting to the output for an actuator which can decrease the measured value.
 - **Bipolar**: Select this setting if you want to output the manipulated variable via one current output only (split range).
- (8) Configure the outputs and switch on the controller.

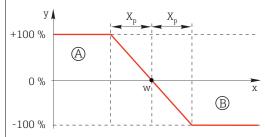
Menu/Setup/Additional fu	nctions/Controller 1 2	
Function	Options	Info
Control	Selection Off Automatic Manual mode Factory setting Off	First configure the controller and leave the switch at the factory setting (Off). Once you have made all the settings, you can assign the controller to an output and switch it on.
▶ Manual mode		
у	-100 to 100 %	Specify the manipulated variable that should be
	Factory setting 0 %	output in manual mode.
y Actual output	Read only	Manipulated variable actually output.
Setpoint		Current set point
Х		Current measured value
Disturbance variable		Current measured value of disturbance variable
Norm. disturb. value		
Name	Free text	Give the controller a name so you can identify it later on.
Controller Enable	Selection None Binary inputs Limit switches Fieldbus variables Factory setting None	In connection with the DIO module, you can select a binary input signal, e.g. from an inductive proximity switch, as a source for enabling the controller.
Setup Level	Selection Standard Advanced Factory setting Standard	Changes the number of parameters that can be configured. \rightarrow Parameters $\rightarrow \textcircled{B}$ 107 Standard : If you choose this, the other controller parameters are active nevertheless. The system uses the factory settings which usually suffice in most cases.

Function	Options	Info
Process type	Selection Inline Batch	Decide what type of process best describes you particular process.
	Factory setting Inline	
from its start value to system is stable. If the	ol system is to dose in such a way its target value. No more dosing e target value is overshot, a two-	y that the measured value (controlled variable) changes g is needed once the set point has been reached and the sided control system can compensate for this. In the cas ed/configured to suppress oscillations around the set
Here, the controller ha and dosing agent such volume of the medium continuous basis. If th fixed value once the p	as the task of using the manipul n that the resulting measured va n flow can change at any time a ne flow rate and medium remain rocess has settled. Since the cor	he medium flowing by in the process. lated variable to set a mixture ratio between the medium uriable corresponds to the set point. The properties and nd the controller has to react to these changes on a constant, the manipulated variable can also assume a utrol process is never "finished" here, this type of control i
	th process types can often be for	und in practice: the semi-batch process. Depending on th
A mixture of bo	th process types can often be for ne flow and the container volum ss. Selection	und in practice: the semi-batch process. Depending on the e, this arrangement behaves either like a batch process Depending on the actuator connected, you
A mixture of borratio between the an in-line proce	th process types can often be for ne flow and the container volum ss.	und in practice: the semi-batch process. Depending on th e, this arrangement behaves either like a batch process
A mixture of borratio between than in-line proce Controller type A 2-sided controller cavariable is bipolar. The case of a pure P-control on the other hand, that is greater than the s	th process types can often be for ne flow and the container volum ss. Selection • PID 1-sided • PID 2-sided Factory setting PID 2-sided an output a manipulated variable e manipulated variable is positivo oller, this means that the value e manipulated variable is negative et point w.	und in practice: the semi-batch process. Depending on the e, this arrangement behaves either like a batch process Depending on the actuator connected, you influence the process in just one direction (e.g. heating) or in both directions (e.g. heating and
A mixture of borratio between than in-line proce Controller type A 2-sided controller controller controller is bipolar. The case of a pure P-control the other hand, that is greater than the soft that the so	th process types can often be for ne flow and the container volum ss. Selection • PID 1-sided • PID 2-sided Factory setting PID 2-sided an output a manipulated variable e manipulated variable is positiv oller, this means that the value e manipulated variable is negative	und in practice: the semi-batch process. Depending on the e, this arrangement behaves either like a batch process Depending on the actuator connected, you influence the process in just one direction (e.g. heating) or in both directions (e.g. heating and cooling). the in the range from -100% to +100%, i.e. the manipulate re if the controller should increase the process value. In the of the controlled variable x is smaller than the set point
A mixture of borratio between than in-line proce Controller type A 2-sided controller cavariable is bipolar. The case of a pure P-control on the other hand, that is greater than the s	th process types can often be for the flow and the container volum ss. Selection • PID 1-sided • PID 2-sided Factory setting PID 2-sided an output a manipulated variable e manipulated variable is positiv oller, this means that the value e manipulated variable is negative et point w. Xp Xp Xp	und in practice: the semi-batch process. Depending on i.e., this arrangement behaves either like a batch process Depending on the actuator connected, you influence the process in just one direction (e. heating) or in both directions (e.g. heating an cooling). le in the range from -100% to +100%, i.e. the manipul re if the controller should increase the process value. In of the controlled variable x is smaller than the set poir

Function	Options	Info
Effective direction	Selection	In what direction should the controller influence
Controller type = PID 1-sided	 Direct 	the measured value?
controller type – FID I slued	 Reverse 	 The measured value should increase as a
	Factory setting	result of dosing (e.g. heating)
	Reverse	→ Reverse
	ICVCI3C	 The measured value should decrease as a
		result of dosing (e.g. cooling)
		→ Direct

A 1-sided controller has a unipolar manipulated variable, i.e. it can only influence the process in one direction. **Reverse**: If the controller should increase the process value, set this as the direction of action. The controller becomes active when the process value is too small (range A).

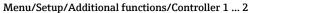
Direct: With this direction of action, the controller acts as a "downwards controller". It becomes active when the process value (e.g. the temperature) is too high (range B).



94 Red: overlap between the curves of the two 1-sided controllers.

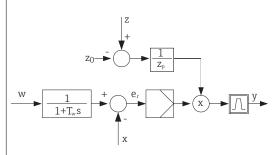
Controlled	rrominhlo
Controlled	valiable

Controlled variable		
Source of data	Selection None Sensor inputs Current inputs Fieldbus signals Binary inputs Mathematical functions	Specify the input or output which should be the source of data for the controlled variable.
	Factory setting None	
Measured value	Selection depend on Source of data Factory setting None	Specify the measured value that should be your controlled variable. You can use different measured values depending on the data source. $\rightarrow \square 97$
▶ Setpoint		Target value of the controlled variable This menu is not displayed if you selected a fieldbus as the source (Source of data = fieldbus).
Setpoint	Range of adjustment and factory setting depending on the Source of data	Specify the target value for the controlled variable.
Tw	0.0 to 999.9 s	Time constant for the set point damping filter
Setup Level = Advanced	Factory setting 2.0 s	
▶ Disturbance variable		optional, activation code necessary



Function	Options	Info

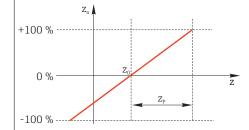
With "flowing medium" (inline) controls, it can happen that the flow rate is non-constant. In some circumstances, strong fluctuations are possible. In the case of a settled control system in which the flow rate is suddenly halved, it is desirable that the dosed quantity from the controller is also directly halved. In order to achieve this type of "flow-rate-proportional" dosing, this task is not left to the I-component of the controller, but rather one enters the (to be measured) flow rate as disturbance variable z multiplicative at the controller output.



Strictly speaking, feedforward control involves an open-loop control system, since its effect is not measured directly. That means that the feed flow is directed exclusively forward. Hence the designation "feedforward control."

For the additive feedforward control that is alternatively available in the device, the (standardized) disturbance variable is added to the controller manipulated variable. This enables you to set up a type of variable base load dosing.

The standardization of the disturbance variable is required both for multiplicative and for additive feedforward control and is done using parameters Z_0 (zero point) and Z_p (proportional band): $z_n = (z - z_0)/z_p$



Example

Flowmeter with measuring range 0 to 200 m^3/h

The controller would currently dose 100% without feedforward control.

The feedforward control should be configured such that at $z = 200m^3/h$, the controller still doses at 100% ($z_n = 1$).

If the flow rate drops, the dosing rate should be reduced, and at a flow rate of less than 4 m³/h, dosing should stop entirely ($z_n = 0$).

 \rightarrow Select the zero point z_0 = 4 m³/h and the proportional band Z_p = 196 m³/h.

Function	Selection • Off • Multiply • Add Factory setting Off	Selecting multiplicative or additive feedforward control
Source of data	Selection None Sensor inputs Current inputs Fieldbus signals Binary inputs Mathematical functions Factory setting None	Specify the input which should be the source of data for the disturbance variable.

Function	Options	Info
Measured value	Selection depend on Source of data Factory setting	Specify the measured value that should be you disturbance variable. You can use different measured values depending on the data source. $\rightarrow \square 97$
72	None Pange of adjustment	
Zp 	Range of adjustment depending on the selection	Proportional band>
20	of the measured value	Zero point
 Parameters 		
 Time constant T_{wu} Time constant α Width of the neutral zor Width of the hysteresis 	range of the neutral zone X_{hyst}	onigue die following.
Cycle time of the control Tn	ler 0.0 to 9999.0 s	The integral action time specifies the effect of
	Factory setting 0.0 s	the I-value If Tn > 0 the following applies: Clock < Twu < 0.5(Tn + Tv)
	the time needed in a step-function I effect - which has the same mag	response to achieve a change in the manipulate
		response to achieve a change in the manipulate
variable - as a result of the	I effect - which has the same mag	response to achieve a change in the manipulate
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variable - as a result of the	I effect - which has the same magn	response to achieve a change in the manipulate

Menu/Setup/Additional funct	tions/Controller 1 2	
Function	Options	Info
Twu	0.1 to 999.9 s Factory setting 20.0 s	Time constant for anti-windup feedback The lower the value the greater the integrator inhibition. Exercise extreme caution when making changes. Clock < Twu < 0.5(Tn + Tv)
Tv	0.1 to 999.9 s Factory setting 0.0 s	The derivative action time specifies the effect of the D-value
The derivative action time is the the manipulated variable at an	e time by which the ramp resp earlier stage than it would sol	ponse of a PD controller reaches a specific value of ely as a result of its P-value.
0 y	t PD	
	P	
	 t	
alpha	0.0 to 1.0 Factory setting 0.3	Affects the additional damping filter of the D-controller. The time constant is calculated from αT_{v} .
Process balance Controller type = PID 2- sided	Selection • Symmetric • Asymmetric	Symmetric There is only one control gain and this applies for both sides of the process.
	Factory setting Symmetric	Asymmetric You can set the control gain individually for both sides of the process.
Xp Process balance = Symmetric	Range of adjustment and factory setting depending on the Source of data	Proportional band, reciprocal value of the proportional gain K_p As soon as controlled variable x deviates more than x_p from the set point w, manipulated variable y reaches 100%.
Xp Low Process balance = Asymmetric	Range of adjustment and factory setting depending on the Source of data	x_p for y < 0 (manipulated variable < 0)
Xp High Process balance = Asymmetric		x_p for y > 0 (manipulated variable > 0)
Xn	Range of adjustment and factory setting depending on the Source of data	Tolerance range about the set point that prevents minor oscillations about the set point is using two-sided control loops.
XN Low Process balance = Asymmetric	Range of adjustment and factory setting depending on the Source of data	x_n for x < w (controlled variable < set point)
XN High Process balance = Asymmetric	-	x_n for x > w (controlled variable > set point)

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Controller 1 ... 2

Function	Options	Info
XHyst	0.0 to 99.9 %	Width of the hysteresis range of the neutral
	Factory setting 0.0 %	zone, relative component of x _n
y x _{hyst}	e = w-x	

The graphic illustrates the manipulated variable (with a pure P-controller) over the control deviation e (set point minus controlled variable). Very low control deviations are set to zero. Control deviations > x_n are processed "in the normal way". Via x_{hyst} it is possible to configure a hysteresis to suppress oscillations at the edges.

5		
Clock	0.333 to 100.000 s Factory setting 1.000 s	Expert setting! Only change the cycle time of the controller if you know exactly what you are doing! Clock < Twu < 0.5(Tn + Tv)
Max y change rate	0.00 to 1.00 Factory setting 0.40	Limits the change of the output variable A value of 0.5 permits a maximum manipulated variable change of 50% within one second.
Hold behavior		Hold=measured value is no longer reliable
Manipulated Variable	Selection • Freeze • Fixed value Factory setting Freeze	How should the controller react to a measured value that is no longer reliable? Freeze The manipulated variable is frozen at the current value Fixed value Manipulated variable is set to 0 (no dosing)
State	Selection • Freeze • Reset Factory setting Freeze	Internal controller status Freeze No change Reset After a hold, the control system starts from scratch, and settling time takes place again.
Outputs		Goes to the menu Outputs $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$ 84
Controller assignment view		Shows an overview of the inputs and outputs used

10.6.3 Cleaning programs

Cleaning not switched off during calibration or maintenance activities

- Risk of injury due to medium or cleaning agent
- If a cleaning system is connected, switch if off before removing a sensor from the medium.
- If you wish to check the cleaning function and have therefore not switched off the cleaning system, please wear protective clothing, goggles and gloves or take other appropriate measures.

Cleaning types

The user can choose from the following cleaning types:

- Standard clean
- Chemoclean
- Chemoclean Plus

State of cleaning: Indicates whether the cleaning program is active or not. This is for information purposes only.

Selecting the cleaning type

- 1. Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning: Select a cleaning program.
 - └→ You can configure 4 different types of cleaning which you can assign individually to the inputs.
- **2. Cleaning type**: For each cleaning program decide which type of cleaning should be performed.

Standard cleaning

Standard cleaning involves cleaning a sensor with compressed air, for instance, as performed with the ion-selective sensor CAS40D (connection of the cleaning unit for CAS40D $\rightarrow \cong$ 42)

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning/Cleaning 1 4/Standard clean			
Function	Options Info		
Cleaning time	5 to 600 s Factory setting 10 s	Cleaning duration The cleaning duration and interval depend on the process and sensor. Determine the variables empirically or based on experience.	

• Defining the cleaning cycle $\rightarrow \square 112$

Chemoclean

An example is the use of the CYR10 injector unit to clean pH glass sensors. (CYR10 connection $\rightarrow \textcircled{B}$ 42)

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning/Cleaning 1 4/Chemoclean			
Function	Options	Info	
Cleaning time	0 to 900 s Factory setting 5 s	Cleaning duration	
Prerinse time Postrinse time	0 to 900 s Factory setting 0 s	The cleaning duration, pre-rinse and post-rinse times and the interval depend on the process and sensor. Determine the variables empirically or based on experience.	

Chemoclean Plus

An example is the use of the CYR10 injector unit to clean pH glass sensors. (CYR10 connection $\rightarrow \textcircled{B}$ 42)

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning/Cleaning 1 4/Chemoclean Plus/ChemoCleanPlus setup			
Function	Options	Info	
Cleaning steps setup	Table to create a time program	You define a maximum of 30 program steps which should be performed one after the other. For each step enter the duration [s] and the state (0 = "off", 1 = "on") of each relay or output. You can specify the number and name of the outputs further down in the menu. See below for an example of programming.	
Failsafe step setup	Table view	In the table specify the states that the relays or outputs should assume in the event of an error.	
Limit contacts	0 to 2	Select the number of digital input signals (e.g. from limit position switches of the retractable assembly).	
Limit contact 1 2	Selection Binary inputs Fieldbus signals 	Define the signal source for each limit position switch.	
Outputs	0 to 4	Select the number of outputs that actuators, such as valves or pumps, should activate.	
Output label 1 4	Free text	You can assign a meaningful name to each output, e.g. "assembly", "cleaner 1", "cleaner 2" etc.	

Programming example: regular cleaning with water and 2 cleaning agents

Limit switch	Duration [s]	Assembly CPA87x	Water	Cleaner 1	Cleaner 2
ES1 1	5	1	1	0	0
ES2 1	5	1	1	0	0
0	30	1	1	0	0
0	5	1	1	1	0
0	60	1	0	0	0
0	30	1	1	0	0
0	5	1	1	0	1
0	60	1	0	0	0
0	30	1	1	0	0
ES1 0	5	0	1	0	0
ES2 0	5	0	1	0	0
0	5	0	0	0	0

The pneumatic retractable assembly, e.g. CPA87x, is activated by compressed air via a twoway valve. As a result, the assembly assumes either the "Measure" position (sensor in medium) or the "Service" position (sensor in rinse chamber). Media such as water or cleaning agents are supplied via valves or pumps. Here there are two states: 0 (= "off" or "closed") and 1 (= "on" or "open").



The hardware required for "Chemoclean Plus", such as control valves, pumps, compressed air supply, media supply etc., must be provided by the customer.

Defining the cleaning cycle

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning/Cleaning 1 4			
Function	Options	Info	
Cleaning cycle	Selection • Off • Interval • Weekly program	Choose from a cleaning routine that is restarted at set intervals and a user-definable weekly program.	
	Factory setting Weekly program		
Cleaning interval	0-00:01 to 07-00:00	The interval value can be between 1 minute and	
Cleaning cycle = Interval	(D-hh:mm)	7 days. Example: You have set the value "1-00:00". Each	
	Factory setting 1-00:00	day, the cleaning cycle starts at the same time you started the first cleaning cycle.	
Daily event times	00:00 to 23:59	 Define up to 6 times (Event time 1 6). └→ You can then choose from these for each weekday afterwards. 2.For each day of the week, individually choose 	
Cleaning cycle = Weekly program	(HH:MM)		
Weekdays	Selection	which of the 6 times is to be used for a cleaning	
Cleaning cycle = Weekly	Monday Sunday	routine on this particular day.	
program		In this way you create weekly programs that are perfectly adapted to suit your process.	

Other settings and manual cleaning

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning/Cleaning 1 4			
Function	Options	Info	
Start signal	 Selection None Fieldbus signals Signals of digital or analog inputs Factory setting None 	In addition to cyclic cleaning, you can also use an input signal to start event-controlled cleaning. Choose the trigger for such a cleaning process here. Interval programs and weekly programs are executed as normal, i.e. conflicts can occur. Priority is given to the cleaning program that was the first to be started.	
Hold	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	Decide whether there should be a hold during the cleaning process. This hold affects the inputs to which this cleaning process is assigned.	
▷ Start single	Action	Start an individual cleaning process with the selected parameters. If cyclical cleaning is enabled, there are times in which it is not possible to manually start the process.	
Stop or Stop Failsafe	Action	End the cleaning process (cyclically or manually)	
▶ Outputs		Goes to the menu Outputs $\rightarrow \cong 84$	
Cleaning program assignment view		Shows an overview of the cleaning processes	

10.6.4 Mathematical functions

In addition to "real" process values, which are provided by connected physical sensors or analog inputs, mathematical functions can be used to calculate a maximum of 6 "virtual" process values.

The "virtual" process values can be:

- Output via a current output or a fieldbus
- Used as a controlled variable
- Assigned as a measured variable to a limit switch
- Used as a measured variable to trigger cleaning
- Displayed in user-defined measuring menus

Difference

You can subtract the measured values of two sensors and use the result to detect incorrect measurements, for example.

To calculate a difference, you must use two measured values with the same engineering unit.

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 6/Mode = Difference			
Function	Options	Info	
Calculation	Selection • Off • On	On/off switch for the function	
	Factory setting Off		
Y1	The options depend on the sensors connected	Select the sensors and the measured variables	
Measured value		that should act as the minuend (Y1) or subtrahend (Y2) .	
Y2			
Measured value			
Difference value	Read only	View this value in a user-defined measuring screen or output the value via the current output.	
► Mathematical function assignment view		Overview of the configured functions	

Redundancy

Use this function to monitor two or three sensors with redundant measurements. The arithmetic average of the two closest measured values is calculated and output as the redundancy value.

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 6/Mode = Redundancy			
Function	Options	Info	
Calculation	Selection • Off • On	On/off switch for the function	
	Factory setting Off		
Y1	The options depend on the	You can select a maximum of 3 different types of	
Measured value	sensors connected	sensor that output the same measured value.	
Y2		Example for temperature redundancy You have a pH sensor and an oxygen sensor at	
Measured value		inputs 1 and 2. Select the pH sensor as Y1 and the oxygen sensor as Y2 . Measured value : In	
Y3 (optional)		each case select Temperature .	
Measured value			

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 6/Mode = Redundancy			
Function	Options	Info	
Deviation control	Selection • Off • On	You can monitor the redundancy. Specify an absolute limit value that may not be exceeded.	
	Factory setting Off		
Deviation limit	Depends on the selected measured value		
Redundancy	Read only	View this value in a user-defined measuring screen or output the value via the current output.	
▶ Mathematical function assignment view		Overview of the configured functions	

rH value

To calculate the rH value, a pH sensor and an ORP sensor must be connected. It is irrelevant whether you are using a pH glass sensor, an ISFET sensor or the pH electrode of an ISE sensor.

Instead of the mathematical functions, you can also connect a combined pH/ORP sensor. Simply set the main measured value to rH (**Setup**/).

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 6/Mode = rH calculation			
Function	Options	Info	
Calculation	Selection • Off • On	On/off switch for the function	
	Factory setting Off		
pH source	Connected pH sensor	Set the input for the pH sensor and the input for	
ORP source	Connected ORP sensor	the ORP sensor. Measured value interrogation is obsolete as you must select pH or ORP mV.	
Calculated rH	Read only	View this value in a user-defined measuring screen or output the value via the current output.	
► Mathematical function assignment view		Overview of the configured functions	

Degassed conductivity

Carbon dioxide from the air can be a contributing factor to the conductivity of a medium. The degassed conductivity is the conductivity of the medium excluding the conductivity caused by carbon dioxide.

Advantages of using degassed conductivity taking the example of a power station:

- The conductivity caused by corrosion products or contamination in the feed water is determined as soon as the turbines are started. The system excludes the initially high conductivity values resulting from the ingress of air.
- If carbon dioxide is regarded as non-corrosive, the live steam can be directed to the turbine far earlier during startup.
- If the conductivity value increases during normal operation, it is possible to immediately determine an ingress of coolant or air by calculating the degassed conductivity.

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 6/Mode = Degassed conductivity			
Function	Options	Info	
Calculation	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	On/off switch for the function	
Cation conductivity	Connected conductivity sensor	Cation conductivity is the sensor downstream from the cation exchanger and upstream from	
Degassed conductivity	Connected conductivity sensor	the "degassing module", Degassed conductivity is the sensor at the outlet of the degassing module. Measured value interrogation is obsolete as you can only choose conductivity.	
CO2 concentration	Read only	View this value in a user-defined measuring screen or output the value via the current output.	
 Mathematical function assignment view 		Overview of the configured functions	

Dual conductivity

Г

You can subtract two conductivity values and use the result, for example, to monitor the efficiency of an ion exchanger.

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 6/Mode = Dual conductivity			
Function	Options Info		
Calculation	Selection • Off • On	On/off switch for the function	
	Factory setting Off		
Inlet	The options depend on the	Select the sensors that should act as the	
Measured value	sensors connected	minuend (Inlet , e.g. sensor upstream from the ion exchanger) or subtrahend (Outlet , e.g.	
Outlet		sensor downstream from the ion exchanger).	
Measured value			
Main value format	Selection Auto # #.# #.## Factory setting Auto	Specify the number of decimal places.	
Cond. unit	Selection • Auto • μS/cm • mS/cm • S/cm • μS/m • mS/m • S/m Factory setting Auto		
Dual conductivity	Read only	View this value in a user-defined measuring screen or output the value via the current output.	
 Mathematical function assignment view 		Overview of the configured functions	

Calculated pH value

The pH value can be calculated from the measured values of two conductivity sensors under certain conditions. Areas of application include power stations, steam generators and boiler feedwater.

Function	Options	Info	
Calculation	Selection Off On Factory setting Off	On/off switch for the function	
Method	Selection NaOH NH3 LiOH	The calculation is performed on the basis of Guideline VGB-R-450L of the Technical Association of Large Power Plant Operators (Verband der Großkesselbetreiber, (VGB)).	
	Factory setting NaOH	NaOH pH = 11 + log {($\kappa_v - 1/3 \kappa_h$)/273}	
		NH3 pH = 11 + log {(κ _v - 1/3 κ _h)/243}	
		LiOH pH = 11 + log {($\kappa_v - 1/3 \kappa_h$)/228}	
		$K_v \dots$ Inlet direct conductivity $K_h \dots$ Outlet acid conductivity	
Inlet	The options depend on the	Inlet	
Measured value	sensors connected	Sensor upstream from the cation exchanger, "direct conductivity"	
Outlet		Outlet	
Measured value		Sensor downstream from the cation exchanger, "acid conductivity"	
		The choice of measured value is obsolete since it must always be Conductivity .	
Calculated pH	Read only	View this value in a user-defined measuring screen or output the value via the current output	
 Mathematical function assignment view 		Overview of the configured functions	

Cation exchanger capacity (optional, with activation code)

Cation exchangers are used to monitor the water/steam circuit for inorganic contamination. The cation exchangers eliminate the disruptive influence of alkalizing agents, such as ammonium hydroxide or caustic soda, which are added to the boiler feedwater.

The service life of cation exchangers depends on:

- The type of alkalizing agent
- The concentration of the alkalizing agent
- The amount of contamination in the medium
- The capacity of the cation exchanger (efficiency of the resin)

To ensure the smooth operation of power stations, it is important to continuously monitor the exchange column load. When a user-defined remaining capacity is reached, the transmitter displays a diagnostic message so that the ion exchange column can be replaced or regenerated in good time. The calculation of the remaining capacity depends on the following factors:

- Flow rate
- Volume of the exchangerSalinity of the water at the exchanger inlet
- Total volume capacity of the resin
- Degree of efficiency of the exchanger

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 6/Mode = Cation exchanger capacity			
Function	Options	Info	
Cond IEX output	Read only		
Cond IEX input	-		
Flow rate			
Remaining capacity	-		
Remaining op. hours	-		
Time until %0B ¹⁾	-		
▶ Configuration			
Calculation	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	On/off switch for the function	
Unit of volume	Selection I gal Factory setting l		
Exchanger volume	0.0 to 99999 Factory setting 0.0	Volume of the cation exchanger Unit depending on the option selected in Unit of volume	
TVC Resin	0.0 to 99999 eq/l or eq/gal Factory setting 0.0 eq/l	TVC = total volume capacity Unit as equivalent per Unit of volume	
Resin efficiency	1.0 to 100.0 % Factory setting 100.0 %	For information on the resin efficiency, refer to the data provided by the manufacturer of the resin used.	
Set remaining capacity	Selection • Yes • No Factory setting No	Before you start monitoring, specify the remaining capacity of the exchanger resin. This value makes allowances for the re-use of resin that has already been used. If a value is not entered manually, 100% is taken as the initial value for calculating the current	
Remaining capacity	0.0 to 100.0 %	remaining capacity.	
Set remaining capacity = Yes	Factory setting 0.0 %		
Warning limit	1.0 to 100.0 %	Specify the remaining capacity at which the	
	Factory setting 20.0 %	transmitter should display a diagnostic message.	

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 6/Mode = Cation exchanger capacity			
Function	Options Info		
Cond IEX input	Connected conductivity sensor	Select the conductivity sensor upstream from the inlet of the exchanger column.	
Cond IEX output	Connected conductivity sensor	Select the conductivity sensor downstream from the outlet of the exchanger column.	
Max cond at IEX output	0.0 to 99999 μS/cm Factory setting 0.0 μS/cm	Here, enter the maximum value which the acid conductivity may have at the outlet of the cation exchanger. The transmitter displays a diagnostic message if this value is exceeded.	
Flow rate type	Selection Source value Fixed value 	Source value You have connected the measured value of a flowmeter via a current input or a binary input.	
	Factory setting Source value	Fixed value Manual entry of a fixed flow rate	
Flow rate	Selection None Current inputs Binary inputs 	Specify the input at which you have connected and configured the measured value of a flowmeter (Menu/Setup/Inputs).	
	Factory setting None		
Fixed value	Free text	Specify the fixed flow value which you have read	
Flow rate type = Fixed value		on an external flowmeter, for example.	
Min flow rate	0.0 to 99999 l/h		
Max flow rate	Factory setting 0.0 l/h		
 Mathematical function assignment view 		Overview of the configured functions	

1) %0B is a variable whose value depends on the configuration. The configured value is displayed, e.g. 20%.

Formula (optional, with activation code)

With the formula editor, it is possible to calculate a new value from a maximum of 3 measured values. A wide range of mathematical and logical (Boolean) operations are available for this purpose.

The Liquiline firmware offers you a powerful mathematics tool with the formula editor. You are responsible for the feasibility of your formula, and therefore of the result.

Symbol	Operation	Type of operands	Type of result	Example
+	Addition	Numerical	Numerical	A+2
-	Subtraction	Numerical	Numerical	100-В
*	Multiplication	Numerical	Numerical	A*C
1	Division	Numerical	Numerical	B/100
^	Power	Numerical	Numerical	A^5
2	Square	Numerical	Numerical	A ²
3	Cube	Numerical	Numerical	B ³
SIN	Sine	Numerical	Numerical	SIN(A)
COS	Cosine	Numerical	Numerical	COS(B)
EXP	Exponential function e ^x	Numerical	Numerical	EXP(A)
LN	Natural logarithm	Numerical	Numerical	LN(B)

Symbol	Operation	Type of operands	Type of result	Example
LOG	Decadic logarithm	Numerical	Numerical	LOG(A)
MAX	Maximum of two values	Numerical	Numerical	MAX(A,B)
MIN	Minimum of two values	Numerical	Numerical	MIN(20,B)
ABS	Absolute value	Numerical	Numerical	ABS(C)
NUM	Boolean → numerical conversion	Boolean	Numerical	NUM(A)
=	Equals	Boolean	Boolean	A=B
<>	Not equal to	Boolean	Boolean	A<>B
>	Greater than	Numerical	Boolean	B>5.6
<	Smaller than	Numerical	Boolean	A <c< td=""></c<>
OR	Disjunction	Boolean	Boolean	B OR C
AND	Conjunction	Boolean	Boolean	A AND B
XOR	Exclusive disjunction	Boolean	Boolean	B XOR C
NOT	Negation	Boolean	Boolean	NOT A

Menu/Setup/Additiona	Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 6/Mode = Formula				
Function	Options	Info			
Calculation	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	On/off switch for the function			
Source A C	Selection Select source Factory setting None	You can use all the sensor inputs, binary and analog inputs, mathematical functions, limit switches, fieldbus signals, controllers and data records for measuring range switching as the source for measured values.			
Measured value	Selection Depends on the source	1. Choose a maximum of three sources (A, B and C) for measured values.			
A C	The current measured value is displayed	 For each source, choose the measured value to be calculated. All available signals - depending on the selected source - are possible measured values. Enter the formula. Switch on the calculation function. The current measured values A, B and C as well as the result of the calculation using the formula are displayed. 			
Formula	Free text	 Table → ● 118 Make sure the exact notation is used (upper case). Blank spaces before and after mathematical characters are irrelevant. Note the operator precedence, i.e. multiplication and division have priority before addition and subtraction. Use parentheses where possible. 			

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 6/Mode = Formula			
Function	Options	Info	
Result unit	Free text	Optionally, enter a unit for the calculated value.	
Result format	Selection • # • #.# • #.## • #.### Factory setting #.##	Select the number of decimal places.	
Result decimal	Read only	Current, calculated value	
 Mathematical function assignment view 		Overview of the configured functions	

Example: 2-point chlorine regulator with volume flow monitoring

A relay output activates a dosing pump. The pump should switch on when the following 3 conditions are met:

- (1) There is flow
- (2) The volume flow is above a defined value
- (3) The concentration of chlorine drops below a defined value
- 1. Connect a binary input signal from an "INS" point level switch of the CCA250 assembly to the DIO module.
- 2. Connect an analog input signal of a volume flow meter to the AI module.
- 3. Connect the chlorine sensor.
- 4. Configure the mathematical function Formula : Source A = DIO binary input, Source B = AI current input, Source C = input Disinfection.
 - ← Formula:
 - A AND (B > 3) AND (C < 0.9)

(where 3 is the lower limit value of the volume flow and 0.9 is the lower limit value of the chlorine concentration)

5. Configure the relay output with the mathematical function **Formula** and connect the dosing pump to the corresponding relay.

The pump is switched on if all 3 conditions are met. If one of the conditions is no longer met, the pump is switched off again.

Instead of outputting the result of the formula directly to a relay, you can also connect a limit switch in between in order to attenuate the output signal via a switch-on and switch-off delay.

Example: Load-based control

The load - i.e. the product of the concentration and volume flow - is needed for the dosage of precipitants, for instance.

- 1. Connect the input signal of a phosphate analyzer to the AI module.
- 2. Connect an analog input signal of a volume flow meter to the AI module.
- 3. Configure the mathematical function **Formula** : **Source A** = phosphate input signal and **Source B** = volume flow input signal.
 - → Formula: A*B*x

(where x is an application-specific proportionality factor)

4. Select this formula as the source e.g. of the current output or of a modulated binary output.

5. Connect the valve or pump.

10.6.5 Measuring range switching

A measuring range switching (MRS) configuration includes the following options for each of the four binary input states:

- Operating mode (conductivity or concentration)
- Concentration table
- Temperature compensation
- Current output turndown
- Limit switch range

An MRS set is assigned to a channel and switched on. The measuring range configuration selected via the binary inputs is now applied instead of the normal configuration of the linked sensor channel. For current outputs and limit switches to be controlled by the MRS, they must be linked to the MRS set, not to the measuring channel.

Current outputs and limit switches can be linked to an MRS set. This MRS set gives you the measured value and the associated turn down (current outputs) or the range for limit value monitoring (limit switches).

A limit switch connected to an MRS set always uses the **Out of range check**mode. Consequently, it switches when the value is outside the configured range.

If a current output or limit switch is connected to an MRS set, the turndown, monitoring range and limit switch mode can no longer be configured manually. Therefore, these options are hidden in the menus (current outputs and limit switch).

	Beer	Water	Alkali	Acid
Binary input 1	0	0	1	1
Binary input 1	0	1	0	1
	Measuring range 00	Measuring range 01	Measuring range 10	Measuring range 11
Operating mode	Conductivity	Conductivity	Concentration	Concentration
Conc. Table	-	-	NaOH 015%	User table 1
Compensation	User table 1	Linear	-	-
Current output				
Range lower value	1.00 mS/cm	0.1 mS/cm	0.50 %	0.50 %
Range upper value	3.00 mS/cm	0.8 mS/cm	5.00 %	1.50 %
Limit switches				
Range lower value	2.3 mS/cm	0.5 mS/cm	2.00 %	1.30 %
Range upper value	2.5 mS/cm	0.7 mS/cm	2.10 %	1.40 %

Programming example: CIP cleaning in a brewery

Menu/Setup/Additional funct	tions/Measuring range swite	ch
Function	Options	Info
▶ MRS set 1 2		If you enter both activation codes, you have two independent parameter sets available for measuring range switching. The submenus are the same for both sets.
MRS	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	Switches the function on or off
Sensor	Selection None Connected conductivity sensors Factory setting None	This function can be used on conductivity sensors only.
Binary input 1 2	Selection None Binary inputs Fieldbus signals Limit switches Factory setting None	Source of the switching signal, can be selected for input 1 and 2 in each case
▶ Measuring range 00 11		Select the MRSs; a maximum of 4 are possible. The submenus are identical for each and thus are displayed only once.
Operating mode	Selection • Conductivity • Concentration • TDS • Resistance Factory setting Conductivity	 Selection depends on the sensor used: Inductive sensor and conductive four-pin sensor Conductivity Concentration TDS Conductive sensor Conductivity Resistance TDS
Conc. Table Operating mode = Concentration	Selection NaOH 015% NaOH 2550% HCl 020% HNO3 025% HNO3 2430% H2SO4 028% H2SO4 93100% H3PO4 040% NaCl 026% User table 1 4 Factory setting NaOH 015%	Concentration tables saved at the factory: NaOH: 0 to 15%, 0 to 100 °C (32 to 212 °F) NaOH: 25 to 50%, 2 to 80 °C (36 to 176 °F) HCl: 0 to 20%, 0 to 65 °C (32 to 149 °F) HNO3: 0 to 25%, 2 to 80 °C (36 to 176 °F) H2SO4: 0 to 28%, 0 to 100 °C (32 to 212 °F) H2SO4: 40 to 80%, 0 to 100 °C (32 to 212 °F) H2SO4: 93 to 100%, 0 to 100 °C (32 to 212 °F) H3PO4: 0 to 40%, 2 to 80 °C (36 to 176 °F) NaCl: 0 to 26%, 2 to 80 °C (36 to 176 °F)
Compensation Operating mode = Conductivity	Selection None Linear NaCl (IEC 746-3) Water ISO7888 (20°C) Water ISO7888 (25°C) UPW NaCl UPW HCl User table 1 4 Factory setting Linear	Various methods are available to compensate for the temperature dependency. Depending on your process, decide which type of compensation you want to use. Alternatively, you can also select None and thus measure uncompensated conductivity.

Function	Options	Info	
 Current output 			
Range lower unit	Depends on the Operating	Units are only queried for Operating mode =	
Range lower value	mode	Conductivity . The other units are pre-defined and cannot be modified.	
Range upper unit	-	 Conductivity S/m, mS/cm, μS/cm, S/cm, μS/m, mS/m 	
Range upper value		 Concentration % TDS ppm Resistance Ωcm 	
Limit switches			
Range lower unit	Depends on the Operating	, i i j	
Range lower value	mode	Conductivity . The other units are pre-defined and cannot be modified.	
Range upper unit		 Conductivity S/m, mS/cm, µS/cm, S/cm, µS/m, mS/m 	
Range upper value		 Concentration % TDS ppm Resistance Ωcm 	

10.6.6 **Diagnostic modules**

Here you can configure a maximum of 8 individual diagnostic messages.

- A diagnostic module has the following properties:
- The feed source can be configured like a binary output (relay, digital output).
- You can choose whether the diagnostic message should be output at a high level or low level.
- You decide which error category (Namur class) should be assigned to the message.
- You can define a customized text to be output as the diagnostic message text.

In addition you can switch off the factory diagnostic code for limit switches. This allows you to:

- Use the limit switch on a purely functional basis (without a message)
- Configure application-specific message texts
- Control diagnostic modules directly by a digital signal or via a limit switch output (enables the use of switch-on/switch-off delay, for example).

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Diagnostic modules							
Function	Options	Info					
▶ Diagnostic module 1 (961) 8 (968)							
Source of data	Selection None Fieldbus signals Binary inputs Limit switches Factory setting None	Specify the input which should be the source of data for the diagnostic message.					
Measured value	Selection depend on Source of data Factory setting None	Specify the measured value that should trigger the diagnostic message. You can use different measured values depending on the data source. $\rightarrow \square 97$					

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Diagnostic modules					
Function	Options	Info			
Active low	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	On : The output value is equal to the inverse output value.			
Short text	Free text	Give the diagnostic message a name.			
Diagnostic module assignment view		Shows an overview of the diagnostic modules used.			

11 Calibration

- Sensors with Memosens protocol are calibrated at the factory.
- Users must decide whether the process conditions present require calibration during initial commissioning.
 - Additional calibration is not required in many standard applications.
 - Calibrate the sensors at sensible intervals depending on the process.

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11.1 Calibration instructions

Calibration

(according to DIN 1319)

A calibration is defined as an operation to establish the relationship between the measured value or expected value of the output variable and the related true or correct value of the measured variable (input variable) for a measuring system under specified conditions.

A calibration does not alter the performance of the measuring device.

Adjustment

An adjustment corrects the value displayed by a measuring device, in other words the measured/displayed value (the actual value) is corrected so that the reading agrees with the correct, set value.

The value determined during calibration is used to calculate the correct measured value and saved in the sensor.

Measuring points consisting of a photometer sensor, flow assembly (if provided) and a transmitter are adjusted at the factory. Normally adjustment is not required when commissioning for the first time.

If an adjustment is desired nevertheless, you have the following adjustment options:

- Adjustment with calibration standards
- Use of Easycal

11.1.1 Calibration with standard solutions

Use solutions with a known absorbance (at the sensor wavelength) for the calibration/ adjustment.

WARNING

Potassium dichromate is toxic, flammable, carcinogenic and has mutagenic effects. Can cause cancer, genetic defectives, affect fertility, harm the unborn child and intensify fires. Potentially life-threatening if inhaled, toxic if swallowed, harmful if it comes into contact with skin. Causes severe skin burns and severe eye damage.

- When working with potassium dichromate, always wear protective gloves and protective goggles.
- ► Seek special advice before use.
- Observe all the additional information on the manufacturer's safety sheet.

Use calibration solutions that are suitable for the measuring task. Examples of solutions which are commonly used include:

Potassium dichromate, K₂Cr₂O₇

A solution of 182 ml $0.1N K_2Cr_2O_7$, diluted to one liter, has an absorbance of approx. 10 OD at 280 nm. By diluting the solution, you can produce a series of calibration solutions which you can use to adjust the measuring point.

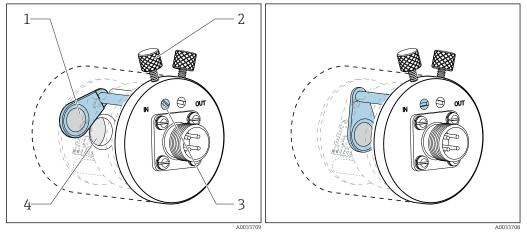
 $AU = OD^*OPL[cm]$

- AU ... absorbance units, OD ... optical density, OPL optical path length
 - Instead of potassium dichromate you can also use your process medium for calibrating/adjusting and for application calibration. Here, also produce a series of dilutions of known concentration and determine the absorbance in the laboratory.

11.1.2 Easycal

Easycal enables you to perform a calibration/an adjustment which is traceable to NIST without any liquid standards.

Detector with Easycal: function



95 Filter in "out" position

- 🖻 96 Filter in "in" position
- NIST-traceable filter (high)
 Locking screw
- 3 Positioning pin
- 4 Lens assembly

Every Easycal device has two traceable filters - one filter with a nominal 0.5 AU and another filter with 1 AU (absorbance unit) - which are placed individually or together in the device measuring path. These filter(s) are scanned with traceable testing equipment and the actual absorbance at individual wavelengths is determined.

It is very important that you use the actual values of the optical Easycal filter. These values are given in the calibration certificate supplied.

Enter the absorbance values: Menu/Setup/Inputs/Photometer/Extended setup/ Measurement channel/Calib. settings/EasyCal = Yes, NIST filter high and NIST filter low.

11.2 Menu CAL

You can choose from the following channels:

- Measuring channel
- All sensors
- Second measuring channel
 - Only OUSAF21/22
 - Menu/Setup/Inputs/Photometer/Operating mode = 2x absorption
- Reference channel
 - OUSTF10
 - Measured values of the scattered light detector
 - OUSAF22
 - Measured values of the second wavelength (turbidity value)

1. Select the channel to be calibrated/adjusted.

2. If a measuring channel is selected: in the next step choose between calibration and application calibration.

In the reference channel, you can only choose application adjustment.

11.2.1 Calibration

Types of calibration

- Optical zero point
 - Define the current measured value as the zero point.
- 2-point calibration
 Use in succession two different calibration solutions whose measured values are aligned with the values specified in the Setup/Inputs/Photometer/Extended setup/Calib. settings menu.
- The process for calibrating with standard solutions differs from sensor to sensor. If the sensor is installed in a flow assembly, you must conduct the calibration solutions through the flow assembly. Submersible sensors must be immersed into the calibration solutions one after another.

Calibrating the optical zero point

The following steps refer to a sensor that is installed in a flow assembly. Follow the same procedure if you are using a submersible sensor.

- **1.** Conduct medium representing the optical zero point through the flow assembly.
- 2. CAL/Photometer/Measurement channel (2nd measurement channel)/ Calibration/Optical zero point/>Use current raw value as zero point

Two-point calibration

$\label{eq:CAL/Photometer/Measurement channel} (2nd\ measurement\ channel)/Calibration/2-point\ calibration$

- 1. Conduct medium representing the optical zero point through the flow assembly.
- 2. Start the calibration of the zero point (**OK**).
- **3.** Conduct the calibration standard through the flow assembly.
- 4. Start the calibration (**OK**).
 - └ The device reports whether the calibration has been successful or has failed. If the calibration has failed, check the measuring point, the measuring conditions and the calibration solutions and repeat the calibration.



Apart from the calibration, you can also reset the measuring point to the factory calibration (**> Factory default**).

11.2.2 Application adjustment

You create a maximum of 5 calibration datasets which are each adapted to your particular application.

In addition, you can also define a correction factor and a manual offset for every dataset.

You can perform the application adjustment in the measurement channel and in the reference channel independently of one another ³⁾. Assign these configurations to one of the 5 calibration datasets. A dataset therefore contains the adjustments for the measuring channel and the adjustments for the reference channel.

In the **Setup/Inputs/Photometer** menu you can only select **Dataset 1 ... 5**. Therefore remember that if you select this option you always receive both channel adjustments. Separate channel adjustments are not possible. The name which can be edited in the **Application adjustment** menu is not visible in the **Setup**.

- **1.** Create a dataset: select **Dataset 1 ... 5**, assign a name if required and edit the table.
 - You can specify a maximum of 10 value pairs per table.
- 2. You also have the option of adding additional values to the table by calibrating.
- 3. *If you require,* assign a correction factor and a manual offset.
 - You can then select the dataset generated in this way from the Setup/Inputs/ Photometer menu and use it to calculate your measured values for the configured channels.

It is also possible to copy an existing dataset to create an additional dataset.

CAL/Photometer/Measurement channel (2nd measurement channel/Reference channel)/Application adjustment Function Options Info Dataset Selection Select the dataset. Dataset 1 ... 5 Factory setting Dataset 1 Dataset name Free text Assign a name or use the factory name proposed. Factory setting Dataset1 Base unit Selection The basic units that are available depend on the selected sensor. (Menu/Setup/Inputs/ None FTU Photometer/Photometer) ppm FTU • AU Formazine Turbidity Unit OD AU • %T Absorbance units, part of the emitted light that Factory setting is absorbed by the medium Depends on the sensor OD Optical density, attenuation of the light intensity by the influence of the medium, absorbance units in relation to an optical path length of 10 mm %Т % transmission, part of the emitted light that is received again at the detector

³⁾ The availability of a reference channel or a second measuring channel depends on the photometer sensor used and the **Operating mode** $\Rightarrow \Rightarrow 76$.

Function	Options	Info		
Display unit	Selection Base unit µg/l mg/l g/l ppm ppb % FTU FTU FNU NTUeq (user unit) Factory setting Base unit	Select the unit in which your measured values should be displayed. To convert the basic unit to the display unit, use datasets which you edit in the CAL menu.		
User unit label Display unit = (user unit)	Free text			
Meas. value format	Selection • #.# • #.### • #.#### • # Factory setting #.###			
Duplicate dataset				
Copy from	Selection	Select the source and target dataset. Then assig a name for the target dataset.		
Copy to	Dataset 1 5			
Dataset name	Free text			
⊳ Duplicate dataset	Action	Execute the action.		
Table				
Use table Selection Yes No Factory setting No		Specify whether the table should be used or not.		
⊳ Edit table Action		Editor table Create value pairs consisting of the nominal and actual (lab-determined) absorbance for your medium.		
▷ Calibrate table Action		Add more value pairs by conducting medium of a known nominal absorbance through the flow cel and using the device to determine the actual values. To do so, follow the instructions in the firmware		
⊳Calibration curve	Action	Display the calculated calibration curve.		
Manual factor				
▷ Manual factor Selection Yes No Factory setting No 				
Manual factor 0.0000 to 99999 Factory setting 1.0000				

CAL/Photometer/Measurement channel (2nd measurement channel/Reference channel)/Application

Function	Options	Info
Manual offset		
▷ Manual offset Selection • Yes • No		
	Factory setting No	
Manual offset	0.000 to 9999 AU	
	Factory setting 0.000 AU	
Current meas value	Read only	Decide whether you want to use the currently
▷ Use current measurement value as offset	Action	displayed measured value as the offset.
⊳ Factory default	Action	This resets all the settings to the factory calibration dataset.

12 Diagnostics and troubleshooting

12.1 General troubleshooting

The analyzer transmitter continuously monitors its functions itself.

If a diagnostic message occurs, the display alternates between the diagnostic message and the measured value in the measuring mode.

The color of the display background changes to red if a diagnostic message for error category "F" occurs.

12.1.1 Troubleshooting

A diagnostic message appears on the display or via the fieldbus, measured values are not plausible, or you identify a fault.

See the Diagnostics menu for the details on the diagnostic message.
 Follow the instructions to rectify the problem.

- If this does not help: search for the diagnostic message under "Overview of diagnostic information" (→
 ^(⇒) 134) in these Operating Instructions. Use the message number as a search criterion. Ignore the letters indicating the Namur error category.
 - ► Follow the troubleshooting instructions provided in the last column of the error tables.
- - └ Follow the recommended measures.
- 4. Contact the Service Department if you cannot rectify the error yourself. Only cite the error number.

12.1.2 Process errors without messages

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12.1.3 Device-specific errors

Problem	Possible cause	Tests and/or remedial measures
Dark display	No supply voltage	Check if supply voltage applied.
	Display connector plugged in incorrectly	Check. Must be in RJ45 socket on base module.
	Base module defective	Replace base module
Values appear on display but: Display does not change	Module not wired correctly	Check modules and wiring.
and / or • Device cannot be operated	Impermissible operating system condition	Switch off device and switch it on again.
Implausible measured values	Inputs defective	First perform tests and take measures as outlined in "Process-specific errors" section
		Measuring input test:Connect the Memocheck Sim CYP03D to the input and use it to check the function of the input.

Problem	Possible cause	Tests and/or remedial measures
Current output, incorrect	Incorrect adjustment	Check with integrated current simulation, connect mA meter directly to current output.
current value	Load too large	
	Shunt / short to ground in current loop	
No current output signal	Base module defective	Check with integrated current simulation, connect mA meter directly to current output.

12.2 Diagnostic information on the local display

Up-to-date diagnostic events are displayed along with their status category, diagnostic code and short text. Clicking on the navigator lets you retrieve more information and tips on remedial measures.

12.3 Diagnostic information via web browser

The same information as for the local display is available via the web server.

12.4 Diagnostic information via fieldbus

Diagnostic events, status signals and more information are transmitted according to the definitions and technical capability of the respective fieldbus systems.

12.5 Adapting the diagnostic information

12.5.1 Classification of diagnostic messages

In the **DIAG/Diagnostics list** menu you can find more detailed information on the current diagnostic messages displayed.

In accordance with Namur specification NE 107, the diagnostic messages are characterized by:

- Message number
- Error category (letter in front of the message number)
 - $\mathbf{F} = (Failure)$ a malfunction has been detected The measured value of the affected channel is no longer reliable. The cause of the malfunction is to be found in the measuring point. Any control system connected should be set to manual mode.
 - **C** = (Function check), (no error)

Maintenance work is being performed on the device. Wait until the work has been completed.

– ${\bf S}$ = (Out of specification), the measuring point is being operated outside its specification

Operation is still possible. However, you run the risk of increased wear, shorter operating life or lower measurement accuracy. The cause of the problem is to be found outside the measuring point.

- M = (Maintenance required), action should be taken as soon as possible
 The device still measures correctly. Immediate measures are not necessary. However, proper maintenance efforts would prevent a possible malfunction in the future.
- Message text
- If you contact the Service Department, please cite the message number only. Since you can individually change the assignment of an error to an error category, the Service Department cannot use this information.

12.5.2 Adapting the diagnostic behavior

All the diagnostic messages are assigned to specific error categories at the factory. Since other settings might be preferred depending on the application, error categories and the effect errors have on the measuring point can be configured individually. Furthermore, every diagnostic message can be disabled.

Example

Diagnostic message 531 **Logbook full**appears on the display. You want to change this message so that an error is not shown on the display for example.

- 1. Select: Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior.
- 2. Select the diagnostic message and press the navigator button.
- Decide: (a) Should the message be deactivated? (Diagnostics message = Off)
 (b) Do you want to change the error category?(Status signal)
 - (c) Should an error current be output? (**Error current = On**)
 - (d) Do you want to trigger a cleaning program? (Cleaning program)
- 4. Example: You deactivate the message.
 - └ The message is no longer displayed. In the DIAG menu, the message appears as Past message.

Possible settings

The list of diagnostic messages displayed depends on the path selected. There are devicespecific messages, and messages that depend on what sensor is connected.

Menu/Setup//Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior						
Function	Options	Info				
List of diagnostic messages		Select the message to be changed. Only then can you make the settings for this message.				
Diag. code	Read only					
Diagnostic message	Selection Off On Factory setting Depends on the Diag. code	 You can deactivate or reactivate a diagnostic message here. Deactivating means: No error message in the measuring mode No error current at the current output 				
Error current	Selection Off On Factory setting Depends on the Diag. code	Decide whether an error current should be output at the current output if the diagnostic message display is activated. In the event of general device errors, the error current is switched to all the current outputs. In the event of channel-specific errors, the error current is only switched to the current output in question.				
Status signal	Selection Maintenance (M) Out of specification (S) Function check (C) Failure (F) Factory setting Depends on the Diag. code	The messages are divided into different error categories in accordance with NAMUR NE 107. Decide whether you want to change a status signal assignment for your application.				

Menu/Setup//Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior					
Function	Options	Info			
Diag. output	Selection None Binary outputs Alarm relay Relay Factory setting None	 You can use this function to select an output to which the diagnostic message should be assigned. An alarm relay is always available, regardless of the device version. Other relays are optional. Before you can assign the message to an output: Configure one of the output types mentioned as follows: Menu/Setup/Outputs/(Alarm relay or Binary output or relay)/Function = Diagnostics and Operating mode = as assigned. 			
Cleaning program	Selection None Cleaning 1 4 Factory setting None	Decide whether the diagnostic message should trigger a cleaning program. You can define cleaning programs under: Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning .			
▶ Detail information	Read only	Here you can find more information on the diagnostic message and instructions on how to resolve the problem.			

12.6 Overview of diagnostic information

No.	Message	Factory settings			Tests or remedial action
		S 1)	D ²⁾	F ³⁾	
202	Selftest active	F	On	Off	Wait for self-test to be finished
216	Hold active	С	On	Off	Output values and status of the channel are on hold
241	Firmware failure	F	On	On	Internal device error
242	Firmware incomp.	F	On	On	1. Update the software
243	Firmware failure	F	On	On	2. Contact the Service Department
					3. Replace the backplane (Service)
261	Electronics module	F	On	On	Electronics module defective
					1. Replace the module
					2. Contact the Service Department
262	Module connection	F	On	On	Electronics module not communicating
					1. Check the module , replace it if necessary
					2. Contact the Service Department
263	Incomp. detected	F	On	On	Wrong kind of electronics module
					1. Replace the module
					2. Contact the Service Department
284	Firmware update	М	On	Off	Update completed successfully

12.6.1 Device-specific, general diagnostic messages

No.	Message	Factory	settings		Tests or remedial action
		S ¹⁾	D ²⁾	F ³⁾	
285	Update error	F	On	On	 Firmware update failed Repeat SD card error → use another card Incorrect firmware → repeat with suitable firmware
302	Battery low	M	On	Off	 4. Contact the Service Department Buffer battery of real time clock is low The date and time are lost if the power is interrupted. Contact the Service Department (battery replacement)
304	Module data	F	On	On	 At least 1 module has incorrect configuration data 1. Check the system information 2. Contact the Service Department
305	Power consumption	F	On	On	Total power consumption too high1. Check installation2. Remove sensors/modules
306	Software error	F	On	On	Internal firmware error Contact the Service Department
366	Module connection	F	On	On	No communication with the actuator module Check the internal connecting cable to the 1IF module
370	Internal voltage	F	On	On	Internal voltage outside the valid range Check supply voltage
373	Electronictemp. high	М	On	Off	 High electronics temperature Check ambient temperature and energy consumption
374	Sensor check	F	On	Off	No measurement signal from sensor1. Check sensor connection2. Check sensor, replace if necessary
401	Factory reset	F	On	On	Factory reset is performed
403	Device verification	М	Off	Off	Device verification active, please wait
405	Service IP active	С	Off	Off	 Service switch is switched on The device can be addressed at 192.168.1.212. Switch off the service switch to change to the saved IP settings
406	Param. active	С	Off	Off	Wait for configuration to be finished
407	Diag. setup active	С	Off	Off	Wait for maintenance to be finished
412	Writing backup	F	On	Off	• Wait for the write process to be finished
413	Reading backup	F	On	Off	► Wait
460	Output below limit Output above limit	S	On On	Off Off	 Reasons Sensor in air Air pockets in assembly Sensor fouled Incorrect flow to sensor 1. Check sensor installation 2. Clean sensor 3. Adjust assignment of current outputs

No.	Message	essage Factory settings		;	Tests or remedial action
		S ¹⁾	D ²⁾	F ³⁾	
502	No text catalog	F	On	On	► Contact the Service Department
503	Language change	М	On	Off	Language change failed
					► Contact the Service Department
529	Diag. setup active	С	Off	Off	• Wait for maintenance to be finished.
530	Logbook at 80%	М	On	Off	1. Save the logbook to the SD card and then
531	Logbook full	М	On	Off	delete the logbook in the device2. Set memory to ring memory
					3. Deactivate loqbook
532	License error	м	On	Off	Contact the Service Department
540	Parameter save fail	м	On	Off	Storage of configuration has failed
					► Repeat
541	Parameter load ok	М	On	Off	Configuration successfully loaded
542	Parameter load fail	М	On	Off	Loading of configuration has failed
					► Repeat
543	Parameter load abort	М	On	Off	Configuration loading aborted
544	Parameter reset ok	М	On	Off	Factory default successful
545	Parameter reset fail	М	On	Off	Setting of device configuration to factory setting has failed
906	Cat.exchanger failure	F	On	Off	Invalid values for conductivity or flow
					1. Check for valid measured values in the menu of the mathematical function.
					2. Check sensors.
					3. Check minimum flow.
907	Cat.exchanger warning	S	On	Off	Limit values exceeded for conductivity or flow. Possible reasons:
					 Resin depleted
					Blocked pipe
			0	0.0	Check application.
908	IEX capacity low	М	On	Off	The capacity of the exchange resin will soon be exhausted.
					► Schedule resin regeneration or replacement.
909	IEX capacity exhausted	F	On	Off	The capacity of the exchange resin is exhausted.
					► Regenerate or replace the resin.
910	Limit switch	S	On	Off	Limit switch activated
937	Controlled variable	S	On	Off	Controller input warning Status of the controller variable is not OK
					 Check application
938	Controller setpoint	S	On	Off	Controller input warning Status of set point is not OK
					 Check application
939	Control. disturbance	S	On	Off	Controller input warning Status of disturbance variable is not OK
					 Check application
951 - 958	Hold active CH1	С	On	Off	Output values and status of the channels are on hold. Wait until the hold is released again.

No.	Message	Factory	settings		Tests or remedial action
		S 1)	D 2)	F ³⁾	
961 - 968	Diagnostic module 1 (961)	S	Off	Off	Diagnostic module is enabled
	Diagnostic module 8 (968)				
969	Modbus Watchdog	S	Off	Off	The device did not receive a Modbus telegram from the master within the specified time. The status of Modbus process values received is set to invalid
970	Curr. input overload	S	On	On	Current input overloaded The current input is switched off from 23 mA due to overload and reactivated automatically when a normal load is present.
971	Current Input low	S	On	On	Current input too low At 4 to 20 mA, the input current is less than the lower error current.
					 Check the input for short-circuiting
972	Curr. input > 20 mA	S	On	On	Current output range exceeded
973	Current Input < 4 mA	S	On	On	Current output range undershot
974	Diagnostics confirm.	C	Off	Off	User has acknowledged the message displayed in the measuring menu.
975	Device restart	С	Off	Off	Device reset
976	PFM value high	S	On	Off	Pulse frequency modulation: output signal exceeded/undershot. Measured value outside the
977	PFM value low	S	On	Off	specified range. Sensor in air Air pockets in assembly Incorrect flow to sensor Sensor fouled 1. Clean sensor
					2. Check plausibility
					3. Adjust the PFM configuration
978	ChemoClean Failsafe	S	On	On	No feedback signal detected within the configured period. 1. Check the application
					2. Check the wiring
					3. Extend the duration
990	Deviation limit	F	On	On	Redundancy: limit value of percentage deviation exceeded
991	CO2 conc. range	F	On	On	CO_2 concentration (degassed conductivity) outside the measuring range
992	pH calculation range	F	On	On	pH calculation outside the measuring range
993	rH calculation range	F	On	On	rH calculation outside the measuring range
994	Difference conduct.	F	On	On	Dual conductivity outside the measuring range
995	Mathematical error	S	On	On	Incorrect calculation result 1. Check the mathematical functions.
					 Check the input variables.

Status signal Diagnostic message 1) 2) 3)

Error current

12.6.2 Sensor-specific diagnostic messages

The following abbreviations for the various sensor types are used in the table:

- P ... pH/ORP (general, applies for all pH sensors)
 - P (glass) ... only applies for glass electrodes
 - P (ISFET) ... only applies for ISFET sensors
- C ... conductivity (general, applies for all conductivity sensors)
 - C (cond.) ... only applies for sensors with conductive measurement of conductivity
 - C (ind.) ... only applies for sensors with inductive measurement of conductivity
- O ... oxygen (general, applies for all oxygen sensors)
 - O (opt.) ... only applies for optical oxygen sensors
 - O (amp.) ... only applies for amperometric oxygen sensors
- N ... nitrate sensors
- T ... turbidity and solids sensors
- S ... SAC sensors
- U ... interface sensors
- I ... ion-selective sensors
- DI ... disinfection sensors
- Phot ... analog photometer sensors

No.	Message	Factory	actory settings		Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
		S ¹⁾	D ²⁾	F ³⁾		
002	Sensor unknown	F	On	On	All	► Replace sensor.
004	Sensor defective	F	On	On	All	
005	Sensor data invalid	F	On	On	All	1. Check the firmware compatibility of the sensor and transmitter or load suitable firmware
						2. Set the sensor to the factory settings, disconnect the sensor and reconnect it.
						3. Update transmitter data
						4. Replace sensor.
010	Sensor scanning	F	Off	On	All	• Wait for initialization to be finished.
012	Writing data failed	F	On	On	All	1. Repeat write process.
						2. Replace sensor.
013	Sensor type wrong	F	On	On	All	 Replace sensor, making sure correct sensor type is used.
018	Sensor not ready	F	On	On	All	Sensor communication blocked
						1. Sensor fails tag check. Replace.
						2. Internal software error. Contact the Service Department.
022	Temperature	F	On	On	P, C, O, I,	Temperature sensor defective
	sensor				DI	► Replace sensor.
061	Sensor electronic	F	On	On	All	Sensor electronics defective
						► Replace sensor.
062	Sensor connection	F	On	On	All	1. Check sensor connection.
						2. Contact the Service Department.
081	Initialization	F	On	On	All	• Wait for initialization to be finished.
100	Sensor	F	On	On	All	Sensor not communicating
	communication	mmunication				1. Check sensor connection.
						2. Check sensor connector.
						3. Contact the Service Department.

No.	Message	Factory	Factory settings		Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
		S 1)	D ²⁾	F ³⁾		
101	Sensor incompatible	F	On	On	All	 Update sensor firmware Replace sensor. Contact the Service Department.
102	Calibration timer	М	On	Off	All	Calibration interval elapsed. Measurement can still take place. Calibrate sensor.
103	Calibration timer	М	On	Off	All	Calibration interval will elapse soon. Measurement can still take place. ► Calibrate sensor.
104	Calibration validity	М	On	Off	All	Last calibration no longer valid. Measurement can still take place. ► Calibrate sensor.
105	Calibration validity	М	On	Off	All	Last calibration will lose its validity soon. Measurement can still take place. ► Calibrate sensor.
106	Sensor TAG	F	On	On	All	Sensor has invalid tag or tag group
107	Calibration active	С	On	Off	P, C, O, I, DI, Phot	• Wait for calibration to be finished.
108	SIP, CIP, autoclaving	М	On	Off	Р, С, О	Specified number of sterilizations will soon be reached. Measurement can still take place.
						► Replace sensor.
109	Sterilization cap	M	On	Off	O (amp.)	Specified number of sterilizations for the cap is reached. Measurement can still take place.
						 Replace membrane cap.
110	Init. channel	F	On	On	All	Channel initialization has failed. Measuring operation not possible.
						► Contact the Service Department.
111	Operating time cap	M	On	Off	DI	 Hours of operation monitoring The limit set for the total hours of operation for the cap has been reached. Measurement can still take place. 1. Replace the cap. 2. Change monitoring limit.
114	Temp.offset high	М	On	Off	All except U, Phot	Calibration alarm: Limit values for temperature offset exceeded
115	Temp. offset low	М	On	Off	All except U, Phot	 Check temperature sensor. Replace sensor.
116	Temp. slope high	М	On	Off	All except U, Phot	Calibration alarm: Limit values for temperature slope exceeded
117	Temp. slope low	M	On	Off	All except U, Phot	Sensor old or defective1. Repeat calibration.2. Replace sensor.

No.	Message	Factory	Factory settings		Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
		S 1)	D ²⁾	F ³⁾		
118	Sensor glass break.	F	On	Off	P (glass)	Glass breakage warning, impedance of
119	Sensor check	М	On	Off	P (glass)	pH glass too low Measuring can continue until the alarm (118) occurs.
						1. Inspect sensor for hair-line cracks and breakage.
						 Check medium temperature. Replace sensor.
120	Sensor reference	F	On	Off	P (glass)	Reference warning, impedance of
121	Sensor reference	М	On	Off	P (glass)	reference too low
						Measuring can continue until the alarm (120) occurs.
						1. Check reference for clogging/ contamination.
						2. Clean reference/junction.
						3. Replace sensor.
122	Sensor glass	F	On	Off	P (glass)	Impedance limit values exceeded/ undershot
123	Sensor glass	M	On	On	P (glass)	Measuring can continue until the alarm
124 125	Sensor glass Sensor glass	M F	On On	Off Off	P (glass) P (glass)	(122, 124) occurs.Inspect sensor for hair-line cracks
125	Selisor glass	1.		UII	r (glass)	and breakage.
						2. Check or change limit values.
						3. Replace sensor.
126	Sensor check	M	On	Off	P (glass)	Sensor condition check (SCC), poor sensor condition
						Glass membrane fouled or dry, junction blocked
						1. Clean sensor, regenerate
						2. Replace sensor.
127	Sensor check	М	On	Off	P (glass)	Sensor condition check (SCC), adequate sensor condition
128	Sensor leakage	F	On	Off	P (ISFET), O (amp.),	Leak current alarm Defective due to abrasion or damage
					DI	Damage to the gate (only ISFET)
						 Replace sensor.
129	Sensor leakage	F	On	Off	P (ISFET), O (amp.), DI	Leak current warning Measuring can continue until the alarm occurs
130	Sensor supply	F	On	Off	P, O, I, DI	Poor sensor power supply
						1. Check sensor connection.
						2. Replace sensor.
131	Sensor calibration	М	On	Off	O (opt.)	Limit values for sensor relaxation time (fluorescence decay time) exceeded/
132	Sensor calibration	М	On	Off	O (opt.)	undershot
						Reasons: high oxygen content, incorrect calibration
						1. Repeat calibration.
						2. Replace sensor cap.
						3. Contact the Service Department.

No.	Message	Factory	actory settings		Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
		S ¹⁾	D 2)	F ³⁾		
133	Sensor signal	F	On	Off	O (opt.)	 No signal (fluorescence decay) 1. Replace sensor cap. 2. Contact the Service Department.
134	Sensor signal	М	On	Off	O (opt.)	 Low signal amplitude. Measurement can still take place. 1. Replace sensor cap. 2. Contact the Service Department.
135	Sensor temp. low	S	On	Off	0	Temperature outside specification
136	Sensor temp. high	S	On	Off	0	 Check process. Check installation.
137	Sensor LED	F	On	Off	O (opt.)	Sensor LED: no voltage Contact the Service Department.
138	Sensor LED	F	On	Off	O (opt.)	Sensor LED: no power ► Contact the Service Department.
140	Sensor check	F	On	Off	0	Sensor range errors • Contact the Service Department.
141	Polarization	F	On	Off	C (cond.)	Polarization warning The measured value is corrupted at high conductivity levels.
						 Use a sensor with a larger cell constant.
142	Sensor signal	F	On	Off	C	Reasons: sensor in air, sensor defective1. Check installation.2. Replace sensor.
143	Sensor check	F	On	Off	С	 Sensor self-test error Replace sensor. Contact the Service Department.
144	Conductivity range	S	Off	On	C	 Conductivity outside measuring range Use a sensor with a suitable cell constant.
146	Sensor temperature	S	Off	Off	C, N, T, S	 Temperature outside specification Check the temperature. Check electrode system. Replace sensor type.
147	Sensor check	F	On	On	C (ind.)	 Coil transmission current too high Reasons: transmission coil short-circuit, inductance too low 1. Replace sensor. 2. Contact the Service Department.
148	Sensor check	F	On	On	C (ind.)	 Reasons: transmission coil interrupted, inductance too high 1. Replace sensor. 2. Contact the Service Department.
149	Sensor LED	F	On	On	Т	 Sensor LED error Replace sensor. Contact the Service Department.

No.	Message	Factory	Factory settings		Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
		S ¹⁾	D 2)	F ³⁾		
151	Sensor buildup	F	On	On	Т	 Buildup, high degree of contamination 1. Clean sensor. 2. Replace sensor. 3. Contact the Service Department.
152	Sensor data invalid	М	Off	Off	C (ind.)	No calibration data Perform air set calibration.
153	Sensor defective	F	On	On	N, T, S, Phot	 Sensor lamp defective Reasons: aging, end of operating life, mechanical disturbance/vibration 1. Replace sensor. 2. Contact the Service Department.
154	Sensor data invalid	м	Off	Off	С	Factory calibration is usedCalibrate.
155	Sensor defective	F	On	On	N, T, S	Sensor defective Error with analog evaluation 1. Replace sensor. 2. Contact the Service Department.
156	Organic pollution	F	On	On	N, T, S	 Excessive organic fouling Reasons: sensor fouling, high organic content, incorrect orientation 1. Clean sensor 2. Install automatic cleaning. 3. Check application.
157	Filter change	М	On	Off	N, S, Phot	 Optical filter must be replaced Reasons: long period of operation, moisture in sensor 1. Replace filter. 2. Contact the Service Department.
158	Sensor check	F	On	Off	N, T, S	 Invalid measured value Check sensor power supply. Restart the device. Contact the Service Department.
159	Sensor check	F	On	Off	N, T, S	 Uncertain measured value Reasons: sensor fouling, incorrect application 1. Clean sensor. 2. Check application.
160	Sensor data invalid	F	On	Off	N, T, S, DI	 No calibration data Reasons: data deleted 1. Select other data record. 2. Use factory calibration. 3. Contact the Service Department.

No.	Message	Factory	actory settings		Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
		S ¹⁾	D 2)	F ³⁾		
161	Filter change	F	On	Off	N, T, S	Filter needs to be changed
						Reasons: long period of operation, moisture in sensor
						1. Replace filter.
						2. Contact the Service Department.
162	Install.factor	М	On	Off	C (ind.)	Installation factor exceeded/undershot, alarm
163	Install.factor	M	On	Off	C (ind.)	Reason: distance between wall and sensor too small (< 15 mm)
						1. Check pipe diameter.
						2. Clean sensor.
						3. Calibrate sensor.
164	Sensor data invalid	М	Off	Off	С	No temperature calibration data
						Factory calibration is used
						1. Check process.
						2. Check or replace sensor.
168	Polarization	S	On	Off	C (cond.)	Polarization warning The measured value is corrupted at high conductivity levels.
						 Use a sensor with a larger cell constant.
169	Operating time	М	On	Off	S	Operating hours, conc. > 200 mg/l, measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
170	Operating time	M	On	Off	S	Operating hours, conc. < 50 mg/l, measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
1.5.1						3. Disable monitoring.
171	Lamp change	M	On	Off	N, T, S, Phot	Lamp must be replaced
						 Replace lamp. Contact the Service Department.
170	Eabo loat	F	On	On	TT	1
172	Echo lost	-	On	On	U	Echo signal lost
173	Sludge level	F	On	On	U	Incorrect separation zone measurement Replace sensor.
174	Turbid. failure	F	On	On	U	Incorrect turbidity measurement Replace sensor.
175	Wiper failure	F	On	On	U	Wiper not working
						 Clean or replace sensor.
176	Operating time	М	On	Off	DI	Operating hours > 100 nA, measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.

No.	Message	Factory settings		Sensor type	Tests or remedial action	
		S ¹⁾	D ²⁾	F ³⁾		
177	Operating time	М	On	Off	DI	Operating hours > 20 nA, measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
178	Operating time	М	On	Off	DI	Operating hours > 15 °C, measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
179	Operating time	М	On	Off	Р	Operating hours > 300 mV, measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
180	Operating time	М	On	Off	Р	Operating hours < -300 mV, measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
181	Operating time	М	On	Off	O (opt.)	Operating hours < 25 µS, measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
182	Operating time	М	On	Off	O (opt.)	Operating hours > 40 µS, measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
183	Operating time	М	On	Off	O (amp.)	Operating hours > 10 nA (COS51D), measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
184	Operating time	М	On	Off	O (amp.)	Operating hours > 30 nA (COS22D), measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
185	Operating time	М	On	Off	O (amp.)	Operating hours > 40 nA (COS51D), measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.

No.	Message	Factory	r settings	;	Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
		S 1)	D 2)	F ³⁾		
186	Operating time	M	On	Off	O (amp.)	Operating hours > 160 nA (COS22D), measurement can still take place 1. Replace sensor. 2. Change monitoring limit. 3. Disable monitoring.
187	Operating time	M	On	Off	С	 Disable monitoring. Operating hours > 80 °C, 100 nS/cm, measurement can still take place Replace sensor. Change monitoring limit. Disable monitoring.
188	Operating time	M	On	Off	С, О	Operating hours < 5 °C, measurement can still take place Replace sensor. Change monitoring limit. Disable monitoring.
189	Operating time	М	On	Off	0	Operating hours > 5 °C, measurement can still take place 1. Replace sensor. 2. Change monitoring limit. 3. Disable monitoring.
190	Operating time	М	On	Off	0	Operating hours > 25 °C, measurement can still take place 1. Replace sensor. 2. Change monitoring limit. 3. Disable monitoring.
191	Operating time	М	On	Off	O, I, DI	Operating hours > 30 °C, measurement can still take place 1. Replace sensor. 2. Change monitoring limit. 3. Disable monitoring.
192	Operating time	М	On	Off	O, I	Operating hours > 40 °C, measurement can still take place 1. Replace sensor. 2. Change monitoring limit. 3. Disable monitoring.
193	Operating time	М	On	Off	P, C, O	Operating hours > 80 °C, measurement can still take place1.Replace sensor.2.Change monitoring limit.3.Disable monitoring.
194	Operating time	Μ	On	Off	Р	Operating hours > 100 °C, measurement can still take place 1. Replace sensor. 2. Change monitoring limit. 3. Disable monitoring.

No.	Message	Factory	settings		Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
		S ¹⁾	D 2)	F ³⁾		
195	Operating time	М	On	Off	С	Operating hours > 120 °C, measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
196	Operating time	M	On	Off	С	Operating hours > 125 °C, measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
197	Operating time	M	On	Off	С	Operating hours > 140 °C, measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
198	Operating time	М	On	Off	С	Operating hours > 150 °C, measurement can still take place
					1. Replace sensor.	
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
199	Operating time	М	On	Off	All except U, Phot	Total operating hours
215	Simulation active	С	On	Off	All except Phot	Simulation active End simulation by changing to measuring mode.
408	Calibration aborted	М	Off	Off	P, C, O, I, DI, Phot	Calibration aborted
500	Sensor calibration	М	On	Off	All	Calibration aborted, main measured value varies
						Reasons: sensor too old, sensor occasionally dry, calibration value not constant
						1. Check sensor.
						2. Check calibration solution.
501	Sensor calibration	М	On	Off	All except U, Phot	Calibration aborted, temperature measured value varies
						Reasons: sensor too old, sensor occasionally dry, temperature of calibration solution not constant
						1. Check sensor.
						2. Regulate calibration solution temperature.

No.	Message	Factory	settings		Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
		S 1)	D 2)	F ³⁾		
505	Sensor calibration	М	On	Off	P, O, I, DI	Max. zero point warning, measurement can still take place
						Possible reasons: sensor old or defective, reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated
						1. Check or replace sensor.
						2. Check or replace calibration solution.
						3. Repeat calibration.
507	Sensor calibration	М	On	Off	P, O, I, DI	Min. zero point warning, measurement can still take place
						Possible reasons: sensor old or defective, reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated
						1. Check or replace sensor.
						2. Check or replace calibration solution.
						3. Repeat calibration.
509	Sensor calibration	М	On	Off	P, O, I, DI	Min. slope warning, measurement can still take place
						Possible reasons: sensor old or defective, reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated
						1. Check or replace sensor.
						2. Check or replace calibration solution.
						3. Repeat calibration.
511	Sensor calibration	М	On	Off	P, O, I, DI	Max. slope warning, measurement can still take place
						Possible reasons: sensor old or defective, reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated
						1. Check or replace sensor.
						2. Check or replace calibration solution.
						3. Repeat calibration.
513	Zero Warning	М	On	Off	O (amp.), DI	Zero point warning, measurement can still take place
						Possible reasons: sensor old or defective, reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated
						1. Check or replace sensor.
						2. Check or replace calibration solution.
						3. Repeat calibration.

No.	Message	Factory	settings		Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
		S ¹⁾	D 2)	F ³⁾		
515	Sensor calibration	М	On	Off	P (ISFET)	Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place
						Possible reasons: sensor old or defective, reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated
						1. Check or replace sensor.
						2. Check or replace calibration solution.
						3. Repeat calibration.
517	Sensor calibration	M	On	Off	P (ISFET)	Min. operating point warning, measurement can still take place
						Possible reasons: sensor old or defective, reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated
						1. Check or replace sensor.
						2. Check or replace calibration solution.
						3. Repeat calibration.
518	Sensor calibration	М	On	Off	P, O, I, DI	Delta slope warning, measurement can still take place
						Possible reasons: sensor old or defective, reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated
						1. Check or replace sensor.
						2. Check or replace calibration solution.
						3. Repeat calibration.
520	Sensor calibration	М	On	Off	P, O, I, DI	Delta zero point warning, measurement can still take place
						Possible reasons: sensor old or defective, reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated
						1. Check or replace sensor.
						2. Check or replace calibration solution.
						3. Repeat calibration.
522	Sensor calibration	М	On	Off	P (ISFET)	Delta operating point warning, measurement can still take place
						Possible reasons: sensor old or defective, reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated
						1. Check or replace sensor.
						2. Check or replace calibration solution.
						3. Repeat calibration.
534	Electrolyte warning	М	On	Off	DI	Electrolyte consumption warning
						The limit set for the electrolyte capacity has been reached.
						1. Replace electrolyte.
						2. Reset consumption counter.
						3. Replace sensor.

No.	Message	Factor	y setting	IS	Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
		S 1)	D 2)	F ³⁾		
535	Sensor check	M	On	Off	O (amp.), DI	Specified number of cap calibrations is reached Measurement can still take place. • Replace sensor cap.
550	Process temperature	S	On	On	С	Process temperature above/below concentration table
551	Process temperature	S	On	On	С	 Process value outside specification Table incomplete Extend table.
552	Conductivity low	S	On	On	C	Process concentration above/below
553	Conductivity high	S	On	On	С	 concentration table Process value outside specification Table incomplete Extend table.
554	Concentration low	S	On	On	С	Process concentration above/below
555	Concentration high	S	On	On	С	 concentration table Process value outside specification Table incomplete Extend table.
556	Temperature low	S	On	On	С	Process temperature above/below
557	Temperature high	S	On	On	C	 compensation table Process value outside specification Table incomplete Extend table.
558	Conductivity low	S	On	On	C	Process conductivity above/below
559	Conductivity high	S	On	On	С	 compensation table Process value outside specification Table incomplete Extend table.
560	Conduc. compensation	S	On	On	С	Conductivity compensation above/below compensation table • Process value outside specification
561	Conduc. compensation	S	On	On	C	 Table incomplete Extend table.
720	Membrane change	M	On	Off	I	Membrane cap must be replaced1. Replace membrane cap.2. Reset timer.
722	Sensor reference	F	On	On	P	 Alarm: Reference membrane impedance too low. 1. Check or replace sensor. 2. Check/correct reference limit value.
723	Sensor reference	M	On	Off	I	 Warning: Reference membrane impedance too low. Can continue measuring until the alarm occurs. 1. Check or replace sensor. 2. Check/correct reference limit value.

No.	Message	Factor	y setting:	5	Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
		S 1)	D ²⁾	F ³⁾		
724	Sensor reference	F	On	On	Ι	Alarm: Reference membrane impedance too high.
						1. Check or replace sensor.
						2. Check/correct reference limit value.
725	Sensor reference	M	On	Off	Ι	Warning: Reference membrane impedance too high.
						Can continue measuring until the alarm occurs.
						1. Check or replace sensor.
						2. Check/correct reference limit value.
740	Sensor defective	F	On	On	CLS82D	Internal electrode failure
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Contact the Service Department.
771	Lamp change	F	On	Off	N, T, S	Lamp change alarm
						Configured operating time has been reached
						1. Replace lamp.
						2. Contact the Service Department.
772	Lamp change	М	On	Off	Phot	Lamp change warning
						Possible reasons: remaining lamp intensity low, lamp service life was not reset after lamp replacement
						1. Replace lamp and reset lamp service life.
						2. Contact the Service Department.
773	Lamp change	F	On	On	Phot	Lamp change alarm
						Possible reasons: remaining lamp intensity low, lamp service life was not reset after lamp replacement
						1. Replace lamp and reset lamp service life.
						2. Contact the Service Department.
774	Lamp defective	F	On	On	Phot	Possible reasons: cable defective, lamp defective
						1. Check cable.
						2. Replace lamp.
						3. Contact the Service Department.
832	Temp. range	S	Off	Off	All except	Outside temperature specification
	exceeded				U	1. Check application.
						2. Check temperature sensor.
841	Operating range	S	Off	Off	All	Process value outside operational range
						1. Check application.
						2. Check sensor.

No.	Message	Factory	settings	i	Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
		S 1)	D 2)	F ³⁾		
842	Process value	S	Off	Off	Р	Process limit value exceeded/undershot
843	Process value	S	Off	Off	Р	Reasons: sensor in air, air pockets in assembly, incorrect flow to sensor, sensor defective
						1. Change process value.
						2. Check electrode system.
						3. Change sensor type.
844	Process value	S	Off	Off	N, T, S	Measured value outside specified range
						Reasons: sensor in air, air pockets in assembly, incorrect flow to sensor, sensor defective
						1. Increase process value.
						2. Check electrode system.
						3. Change sensor type.
904	Process check	F	On	On	All except	Stagnating measuring signal
	alarm				Phot	Reasons: sensor in air, sensor fouling, incorrect flow to sensor, sensor defective
						1. Check electrode system.
						2. Check sensor.
						3. Restart the device.
914	USP/ EP alarm	М	On	Off	С	USP limit values exceeded
915	USP / EP warning	М	On	Off	С	 Check process.
916	EasyCal certificate	M	On	Off	Phot	EasyCal certificate expired 1. Send EasyCal for recertification and enter new recertification date in Setup / Photometer / calibration 2. If not used deactivate EasyCal
934	Process temp. high	S	Off	Off	N, S, U	Process temperature high
						1. Do not increase process temperature.
						2. Check electrode system.
						3. Change sensor type.
935	Process temp. low	S	Off	Off	N, S, U	Process temperature low
						1. Do not lower process temperature.
						2. Check electrode system.
						3. Change sensor type.
942	Process value	S	Off	Off	N, P, U	Process value high
						1. Do not increase process value.
						2. Check electrode system.
						3. Change sensor type.
943	Process value	S	Off	Off	N, P, U	Process value low
						1. Do not decrease process value.
						2. Check electrode system.
						3. Change sensor type.
						5 · · ································

No.	Message	Factory	settings		Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
		S ¹⁾	D ²⁾	F ³⁾		
944	Sensor range	S	On	Off	S, U	Measurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range
						Reasons: changes in process to a higher or lower measuring range
						1. Check application.
						2. Use sensor that suits the measuring range of the application.
945	pH value high	S	On	Off	DI	Warning maximum pH value exceeded
						1. Check application.
						2. Check pH sensor.
946	pH value low	S	On	Off	DI	Warning minimum pH value not reached. Potential leaking of gaseous chlorine!
						1. Check application.
						2. Check pH sensor.
950	Process temperature	F	On	On	С	Concentration table (conductivity)
						Process temperature below the lowest value in the table
						 Extend table.
951	Process temperature	F	On	On	С	Concentration table (conductivity)
						Process temperature above the highest value in the table
						► Extend table.
952	Conductivity low	F	On	On	С	Concentration table (conductivity)
						Process conductivity below the lowest value in the table
						► Extend table.
953	Conductivity high	F	On	On	С	Concentration table (conductivity)
						Process conductivity above the highest value in the table
						 Extend table.
954	Concentration low	F	On	On	С	Concentration table (conductivity)
						Process concentration below the lowest value in the table
						► Extend table.
955	Concentration high	F	On	On	С	Concentration table (conductivity)
						Process concentration above the highest value in the table
						► Extend table.
983	Sensor ISE check	F	On	On	I	Electrode or membrane defective
						1. Check or replace electrode.
						2. Check or replace membrane cap.
984	Process temp. high	S	On	On	Ι	Temperature outside specification
						1. Check process temperature.
						2. Check electrode system.

No.	Message	Factory	Factory settings		Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
		S ¹⁾	D ²⁾	F ³⁾		
985	Sensor Interface	F	On	On	I	Sensor interface error1. Check connector.2. Check or replace cable.
987	Calibration required	М	On	On	I, DI	Electrode replacement Calibrate sensor.

1) Status signal

2) Diagnostic message

3) Error current

12.7 Pending diagnostic messages

The Diagnostics menu contains all the information on the device status.

Furthermore, various service functions are available.

The following messages are directly displayed every time you enter the menu:

- Most important message
- Diagnostic message recorded with the highest criticality level
- Past message

Diagnostic message whose cause is no longer present.

All the other functions in the Diagnostics menu are described in the following chapters.

12.8 Diagnostics list

All the current diagnostic messages are listed here.

A time stamp is available for each message. Furthermore, the user also sees the configuration and description of the message as saved in **Menu/Setup/General settings/ Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior**.

12.9 Event logbook

12.9.1 Available logbooks

Types of logbooks

- Logbooks physically available (all apart from the overall logbook)
- Database view of all logbooks (=overall logbook)

Logbook	Visible in	Max. entries	Can be disabled ¹	Logbook can be deleted	Entries can be deleted	Can be exported
Overall logbook	All events	20000	Yes	No	Yes	No
Calibration logbook	Calibration events	75	(Yes)	No	Yes	Yes
Operation logbook	Configuration events	250	(Yes)	No	Yes	Yes
Diagnostics logbook	Diagnostic events	250	(Yes)	No	Yes	Yes
Version logbook	All events	50	No	No	No	Yes
Hardware version logbook	All events	125	No	No	No	Yes

Logbook	Visible in	Max. entries	Can be disabled ¹)	Logbook can be deleted	Entries can be deleted	Can be exported
Data logbook for sensors (optional)	Data logbooks	150 000	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Debugging logbook	Debug events (only accessible by entering the special service activation code)	1000	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

1) Data in brackets means this depends on the overall logbook

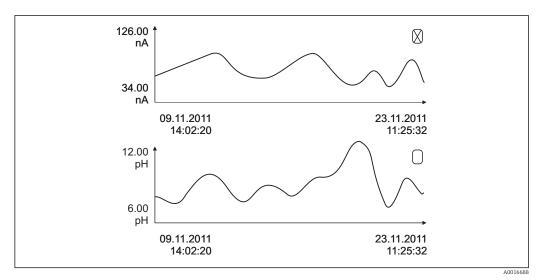
12.9.2 Menu Logbooks

DIAG/Logbooks					
Function	Options	Info			
All events		Chronological list of all the logbook entries, with information on the type of event			
► Show	Events are displayed	Select a particular event to display more detailed information.			
► Go to date	User entry Go to date Time	Use this function to go directly to a specific time in the list. In this way, you avoid having to scroll through all the information. The complete list is always visible, however.			
Calibration events		Chronological list of the calibration events			
► Show	Events are displayed	Select a particular event to display more detailed information.			
► Go to date	User entry Go to date Time	Use this function to go directly to a specific tim in the list. In this way, you avoid having to scro through all the information. The complete list always visible, however.			
▷ Delete all entries	Action	You can delete all the calibration logbook entri here.			
Configuration events		Chronological list of the configuration events.			
► Show	Events are displayed	Select a particular event to display more detailed information.			
► Go to date	User entry Go to date Time	Use this function to go directly to a specific time in the list. In this way, you avoid having to scroll through all the information. The complete list is always visible, however.			
▷ Delete all entries	Action	You can use this to delete all the operation logbook entries.			
Diagnostic events		Chronological list of the diagnostics events			
► Show	Events are displayed	Select a particular event to display more detailed information.			
► Go to date	User entry • Go to date • Time	Use this function to go directly to a specific time in the list. In this way, you avoid having to scroll through all the information. The complete list is always visible, however.			
▷ Delete all entries	Action	You can use this to delete all the diagnostics logbook entries.			

You can view your data logbook entries graphically on the display (Show plot).

You can also adapt the display to suit your individual requirements:

- Press the navigator button in the graphic display: you are given additional options such as the zoom function and x/y movement of the graph.
- Define the cursor: if you select this option, you can move along the graph with the navigator and view the logbook entry (data stamp/measured value) in text form for every point in the graph.
- Simultaneous display of two logbooks: Select 2nd plot and Show plot
 - A small cross marks the currently selected graph for which the zoom can be changed or a cursor used, for example.
 - In the context menu (press the navigator button), you can select the other graph. You can then apply the zoom function, a movement or a cursor to this graph.
 - Using the context menu, you can also select both graphs simultaneously. This enables you, for example, to use the zoom function on both graphs simultaneously.



97 Simultaneous display of two graphs, the upper one is "selected"

DIAG/Logbooks				
Function	Options	Info		
▶ Data logbooks		Chronological list of the data logbook entries for sensors		
Data logbook 1 8 <logbook name=""></logbook>		This submenu is available for each data logbook that you have set up and activated.		
Source of data	Read only	Input or mathematical function is displayed		
Measured value	Read only	Measured value being recorded is displayed		
Log time left	Read only	Display of days, hours and minutes until logbook is full. Pay attention to the information on selecting the memory type in the General settings/Logbooks .		
► Show	Events are displayed	Select a particular event to display more detailed information.		
▶ Go to date	User entry Go to date Time	Use this function to go directly to a specific time in the list. In this way, you avoid having to scroll through all the information. The complete list is always visible, however.		
▶ Show plot	Graphic display of the logbook entries	The entries are displayed according to your settings in the General settings/Logbooks .		
Select 2nd plot	Select another data logbook	You can view a second logbook at the same time as the current one.		
⊳ Delete all entries	Action	You can use this to delete all data logbook entries.		

DIAG/Logbooks				
Function	Options	Info		
Save logbooks				
File format	Selection • CSV • FDM	Save the logbook in the preferred file format. You can then open the CSV file you saved on the PC in MS Excel, for example, and process it further ¹⁾ . You can import the FDM files into Fieldcare and archive them so they are tamper- proof.		
 All data logbooks Data logbook 1 8 All event logbooks Calibration logbook Diagnostic logbook Configuration logbook HW version logbook Version logbook 	Action, commences as soon as the option is selected	Use this function to save the logbook to an SD card. ▶Insert the SD card into the device card reader and select the logbook to be saved. Save the logbook in the preferred file format. You can then open the saved CSV file on a computer, such as in MS Excel, and make further edits there. You can import the FDM files into Fieldcare and archive them so they are tamper-proof.		

the logbook and a time stamp.

 CSV files use international number formats and separators. Therefore they must be imported into MS Excel as external data with the correct format settings. If you double-click the file to open it, the data are only displayed correctly if MS Excel is installed with the US country setting.

12.10 Simulation

You can simulate values at inputs and outputs for testing purposes:

- Current values at current outputs
- Measured values at inputs
- Relay contact opening or closing

Only current values are simulated. Via the simulation function, it is not possible to calculate the totalized value for the flow or rainfall.

DIAG/Simulation				
Function	Options	Info		
▶ Current output x:y		Simulation of an output current This menu appears once for each current output.		
Simulation	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	If you simulate the value at the current output, this is indicated on the display by a simulation icon in front of the current value.		
Current	2.4 to 23.0 mA Factory setting 4 mA	Set the desired simulation value.		

Endress+Hauser

unction	Options	Info
Alarm relay Relay x:y		Simulation of a relay state This menu appears once for each relay.
Simulation	Selection • Off • On	If you simulate the relay state, this is indicated on the display by a simulation icon in front of the relay display.
	Factory setting Off	
State	Selection • Low • High	Set the desired state. The relay switches in accordance with your setting when you switch on the simulation. In
	Factory setting Lowthe measured value display you or Off(= High) for the simulated	
		Simulation of a measured value (only for
Channel : parameter		sensors) This menu appears once for each measuring input.
Simulation	Selection • Off • On	If you simulate the measured value, this is indicated on the display by a simulation icon in front of the measured value.
	Factory setting Off	
Main value	Depends on the sensor	Set the desired simulation value.
Sim. temperature	Selection • Off • On	If you simulate the temperature measured value, this is indicated on the display by a simulation icon in front of the temperature.
	Factory setting Off	
Temperature	-50.0 to +250.0 °C (-58.0 to 482.0 °F)	Set the desired simulation value.
	Factory setting 20.0 °C (68.0 °F)	

12.11 Device test

DIAG/Systemtest			
Function	Options	Info	
▶ Power Supply	Read only Digital Supply 1: 1.2V Digital Supply 2: 3.3V Analog Supply: 12.5V Sensor Supply: 24V Temperature	Detailed list of power supply to instrument. The actual values can vary without a malfunction being present.	
▶ Heartbeat			
▶ Perform verification		Heartbeat verification will influence the device's output signals and their statuses. Please ensure safe process control conditions. 1. Press OK .	
		 Answer the questions and confirm at the end by pressing OK. The overall result of the verification is displayed. 	
▷ Verification results		 Result display Customer Customized text, maximum 32 characters Location Customized text, maximum 32 characters Verification report Automatic time stamp Verification ID Automatic counter Overall result Passed or failed 	
⊳ Export to SD- card		 Export the verification report as a pdf file Detailed report on various device tests Input and output information Device information Sensor information The report is ready to be printed out and signed. You can file it immediately in an operations log, for example. 	

12.12 Resetting the measuring device

DIAG/Reset			
Function	Options	Info	
▷ Device restart	Selection • OK • ESC	Restart and keep all the settings	
⊳ Factory default	Selection • OK • ESC	Restart with factory settings Settings that have not been saved are lost.	

12.13 Device information

12.13.1 System information

Function	Options	Info
Device tag	Read only	Individual device tag \rightarrow General settings
Order code	Read only	You can order identical hardware with this code. This code changes on account of changes to the hardware and you can enter the new code you received from the manufacturer here ¹⁾ .
To discover the version of address: www.products.en		ode into the search screen at the following
Orig. order code ext.	Read only	Complete order code for the original device, resulting from the product structure.
Current order code ext.	Read only	Current code, taking into account changes to the hardware. You must enter this code yourself.
Serial number	Read only	The serial number allows you to access device data and documentation on the Internet: www.endress.com/device-viewer
Software version	Read only	Current version
▶ HART Only with the HART option	Read only Bus address Unique address Manufacturer ID Device type Device revision Software revision	HART-specific information The unique address is linked to the serial number and is used to access devices in a Multidrop environment. Device and software version numbers are incremented as soon as changes have been made.
► Modbus Only with the Modbus option	Read only • Enable • Bus address • Termination • Modbus TCP Port 502	Modbus-specific information
▶ PROFIBUS Only with the PROFIBUS option	Read only Termination Bus address Ident number Baudrate DPV0 state DPV0 fault DPV0 master addr DPV0 WDT [ms]	Module status and other PROFIBUS-specific information
► Ethernet Only with the Ethernet, EtherNet/IP, Modbus TCP, Modbus RS485 or PROFIBUS DP option	Read only Enable Webserver Link settings DHCP IP-Address Netmask Gateway Service switch MAC-Address EtherNetIP Port 44818 Modbus TCP Port 502 Webserver TCP Port 80	Ethernet-specific information Display depends on the fieldbus protocol used.
► SD card	Read only • Total • Free memory	

Function	Options	Info	
System modules			
Backplane	Read only	This information is provided for every electronics module available. Specify the serial numbers and order codes when servicing, for example.	
Base	 Description Serial number 		
Display module	 Order code Hardware version 		
Extension module 1 8	Software version		
Sensors	Read only Description Serial number Order code Hardware version Software version	This information is provided for every sensor available. Specify the serial numbers and order codes when servicing, for example.	
Save system information			
⊳ Save to SD card	File name assigned automatically (includes a time stamp)	The information is saved on the SD card in a "sysinfo" subfolder. The csv file can be read and edited in MS Excel for example. This file can be used when servicing the device.	
 Heartbeat operation 		Heartbeat functions are only available with the appropriate device version or optional access code.	
► Device	Read only Total operating time Counters since reset Availability Operating time Time in failure Number of failures	Availability Percentage of time no error with the status signal F was pending (Operating time - Time in failure)*100% / Operating time Time in failure	
	– MTBF	Total amount of time an error with the status signal F was pending	
	 − MTTR ► Reset counters 	MTBF Mean Time Between Failures (Operating time - Time in failure)/Number of failures	
		MTTR Mean Time To Repair Time in failure/Number of failures	

1) Provided you give the manufacturer all the information about changes to the hardware.

12.13.2 Sensor information

► Select the channel you want from the list of channels.

Information in the following categories is displayed:

Extreme values

Extreme conditions to which the sensor was previously exposed, e.g. min./max. temperatures $^{\rm 4)}$

- Operating time
 Operating time of the sensor under defined extreme conditions
- Calibration information

Calibration data of the last calibration

- Sensor specifications Measuring range limits for main measured value and temperature
- General information
 Information on sensor identification

⁴⁾ Not available for all sensor types.

The specific data that are displayed depends on what sensor is connected.

12.14 Firmware history

Date	Version	Changes to firmware	Documentation
06/2017	01.06.04	Extension • Heartbeat Monitoring and Verification • New mathematical function Formula • New sensors: CUS50D and chlorine dioxide • Calibration via EtherNet/IP • pdf generator for Heartbeat • Sample calibration CAS51D • OUSAF46 with Easycal	BA01570C/07/EN/03.17 BA00486C/07/EN/02.13 BA01245C/07/EN/05.17
		 Improvements Changes to conductivity concentration tables Renaming of parameter chlorine → Disinfection Last active measuring screen restored after reboot Cap and electrolyte replacements are logged in the calibration logbook (oxygen, disinfection) Manual factor for nitrate 	
12/2016	01.06.03	 Expansion EasyCal filter recertification date visible in the menu DIAG/Sensor information/Operating time Sensor calibration via Modbus or EtherNet/IP: conductivity, oxygen, chlorine and turbidity Four-factor adjustment, SAC Flash meter, nitrate and SAC New sludge model CUS51D 	BA01570C/07/EN/02.16 BA00486C/07/EN/02.13 BA01245C/07/EN/04.16
		 Improvement Local display can be locked via Modbus or EtherNet/IP The output status can also be recorded in the data logbook Name of Endress+Hauser pH buffer 9.18 changed to 9.22 CUS51D factor can be read out via fieldbus 	
03/2016	01.06.00	Original firmware Expansion • Heartbeat verification • User-configurable diagnostic modules • Four-factor adjustment, SAC • Offset calibration CUS71D • New mathematical function, cation exchanger • Configurable byte order for Modbus	BA01570C/07/EN/01.16 BA00486C/07/EN/02.13 BA01245C/07/EN/03.16
		 Improvement Sensor calibration validity check (adaptation to batch processes) pH-Offset can be saved in either the sensor or the transmitter (previously only possible in the transmitter) CUS71D screens (gain display, trend information) Modified menu texts 	

13 Maintenance

Effects on process and process control

 Take all the necessary precautions in time to ensure the operational safety and reliability of the entire measuring point.

The maintenance of the measuring point comprises:

- Calibration
- Cleaning the controller, assembly and sensor
- Checking the cables and connections.

WARNING

Process pressure and temperature, contamination, electrical voltage

Risk of serious or fatal injury

- ► If the sensor has to be removed during maintenance work, avoid hazards posed by pressure, temperature and contamination.
- Make sure the device is de-energized before you open it.
- Power can be supplied to switching contacts from separate circuits. De-energize these circuits before working on the terminals.

NOTICE

Electrostatic discharge (ESD)

Risk of damaging the electronic components

- Take personal protective measures to avoid ESD, such as discharging beforehand at PE or permanent grounding with a wrist strap.
- ► For your own safety, only use genuine spare parts. With genuine parts, the function, accuracy and reliability are also ensured after maintenance work.

13.1 Cleaning

13.1.1 Controller

• Clean the front of the housing using commercially available cleaning agents only.

The front of the housing is resistant to the following in accordance with DIN 42 115:

- Ethanol (for a short time)
- Diluted acids (max. 2% HCl)
- Diluted bases (max. 3% NaOH)
- Soap-based household cleaning agents

NOTICE

Cleaning agents not permitted

Damage to the housing surface or housing seal

- Never use concentrated mineral acids or alkaline solutions for cleaning.
- ► Never use organic cleaners such as acetone, benzyl alcohol, methanol, methylene chloride, xylene or concentrated glycerol cleaner.
- Never use high-pressure steam for cleaning purposes.

13.1.2 Digital sensors

ACAUTION

Cleaning not switched off during calibration or maintenance activities

Risk of injury due to medium or cleaning agent

- If a cleaning system is connected, switch if off before removing a sensor from the medium.
- If you wish to check the cleaning function and have therefore not switched off the cleaning system, please wear protective clothing, goggles and gloves or take other appropriate measures.

Replacing the sensor while ensuring measuring point availability

If an error occurs or the maintenance schedule stipulates that the sensor has to be replaced, use a new sensor, or a sensor that has been precalibrated in the laboratory.

- A sensor is calibrated in the laboratory under optimum external conditions, thereby ensuring better quality of measurement.
- You must perform onsite calibration if you use a sensor that is not precalibrated.
- 1. Remove the sensor that requires maintenance.

2. Insert the new sensor.

- The sensor data are automatically accepted by the transmitter. A release code is not required.
 - Measurement is resumed.
- 3. Take the used sensor back to the laboratory.
 - └ In the laboratory you can get the sensor ready for reuse while ensuring the availability of the measuring point.

Prepare the sensor for reuse

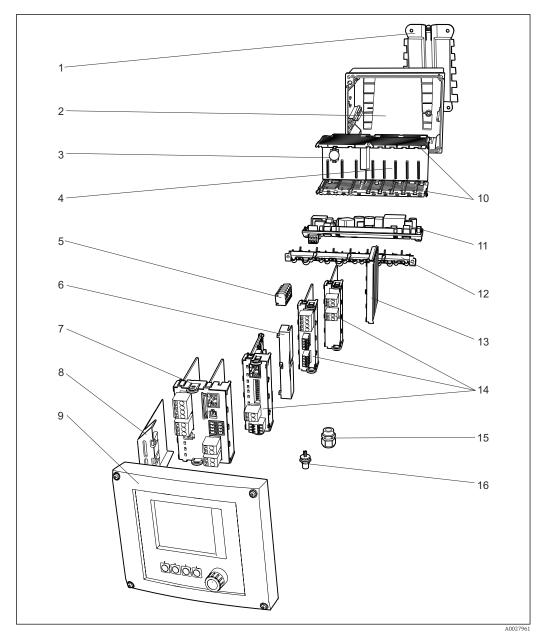
1. Clean the sensor.

- └ For this purpose, use the cleaning agent specified in the sensor manual.
- 2. Inspect the sensor for cracks or other damage.
- **3.** If no damage is found, regenerate the sensor. Where necessary, store the sensor in a regeneration solution (\rightarrow sensor manual).
- 4. Recalibrate the sensor for reuse.

13.1.3 Assemblies

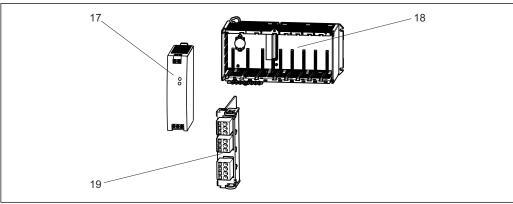
Refer to the assembly operating manual for information on servicing and troubleshooting the assembly. The assembly operating manual describes the procedure for mounting and disassembling the assembly, replacing the sensors and seals, and contains information on the material resistance properties, as well as on spare parts and accessories.

14 Repairs



14.1 Spare parts

Spare parts: You can find the names of spare parts and their order numbers in the following table.



99 Spare parts: supplement



NOTICE

Damaged cables from careless maintenance or repair work

- Exercise care when replacing defective cables, particularly if you are removing them from a cable duct.
- Preferably use a junction box, which then acts as a stationary connection into the cabinet.

Item	Kit	Order no.
1	Kit CM44x: mounting plate Mounting plate Instructions for spare parts kit CM44x	71101763
2	 Kit CM44x: housing base of field housing Housing base of field housing Cable mounting rail with double clamps and screws (item 12) Instructions for spare parts kit CM44x 	71101734
3	Kit CM44x/CM44xR: electronics module backplane • Backplane complete • To be replaced only by Endress+Hauser Service	71101457
4	Kit CM44x/CM44xR: electronics module extension backplane Extension backplane complete To be replaced only by Endress+Hauser Service 	71141366
5	Kit CM44x: power distribution terminals N+L Power distribution terminals Instructions for spare parts kit CM44x 	71101461
6, 13	Kit CM44x: end covers and blanking covers 5 pcs. each	71107455
7, 8	Kit CM44xP: base module BASE-E Base module, complete End cover (item 8) Connecting cable to connect to the power unit Instructions for spare parts kit CM44x	71141336
	Kit CM44x: terminal set, base module	71107452
9	 Kit CM44x: cover KS field housing cpl. with display Cover KS field housing cpl. with display Display cable Instructions for spare parts kit CM44x 	71104106
10, 12	Kit CM44x: internal housing parts, mechanical Insert side panels (item 10) Cable mounting rail with double clamps and screws (item 12) Instructions for spare parts kit CM44x	71101765
11	Kit CM444/CM448: expansion power unit • EPS-H or EPS-L expansion power unit • Instructions for spare parts kit CM44x	On request

Item	Kit	Order no.
No graphic	Kit CM44x: connecting cable, power unit • To connect to base module BASE-E • Instructions for spare parts kit CM44x	71155580
14	 Kit CM44x/ CM44xR: extension module AOR (2 relays + 2 current outputs) Extension module AOR, complete Instructions for spare parts kit CM44x 	71111053
	Kit CM44x/CM44xR: terminal set, extension module AOR	71107453
	Kit CM44x/CM44xR: extension module 2R (2 relays) • Extension module 2R complete • Instructions for spare parts kit CM44x	71125375
	 Kit CM44x/CM44xR: extension module 4R (4 relays) Extension module 4R complete Instructions for spare parts kit CM44x 	71125376
	Kit CM44x/CM44xR: terminal set, extension module 2R, 4R	71155581
	Kit CM44x/CM44xR: extension module 2AO (2 x 0/4 to 20 mA) • Extension module 2AO complete • Instructions for spare parts kit CM44x	71135632
	Kit CM44x/CM44xR: extension module 4AO (4 x 0/4 to 20 mA) • Extension module 4AO complete • Instructions for spare parts kit CM44x	71135633
	Kit CM44x/CM44xR: terminal set, extension module 2AO, 4AO	71155582
	 Kit CM44x/CM44xR: extension module DIO (2 x digital input, digital output in each case) Extension module DIO, complete Instructions for spare parts kit CM44x 	71135638
	Kit CM44x/CM44xR: terminal set, extension module DIO	71219784
	Kit CM44x/CM44xR: extension module 2DS (2 x digital sensor) • Extension module 2DS complete • Instructions for spare parts kit CM44x	71135631
	Kit CM44x/CM44xR: extension module 2AI (2 x analog input 0/4 to 20 mA) • Extension module 2AI complete • Instructions for spare parts kit CM44x	71135639
	 Kit CM44x/CM44xR: extension module 485 (Ethernet configuration) Extension module 485 complete With activation code extendable to PROFIBUS DP or Modbus RS 485 or Modbus TCP or EtherNet/IP Instructions for spare parts kit CM44x 	71135634
	Kit CM44x/CM44xR: terminal set for extension module 2AI, 485	71155583
15	Kit CM44x: set of 6 glands, metric • Accessories kit, M cable glands • Instructions for spare parts kit CM44x	71101768
	Kit CM44x: set of 6 glands, NPT • Accessories kit, NPT cable glands • Instructions for spare parts kit CM44x	71101770
	Kit CM44x: set of 6 glands, G • Accessories kit, G cable glands • Instructions for spare parts kit CM44x	71101771
16	M12 built-in socket 6-pin, complete with cables	71107456
17	Kit CM444R/8R: DIN rail power unit DIN rail power unit 110 to 230 VAC DIN rail power unit 24 VDC	71222277
18	Kit CM444P Control cabinet installation housing, complete	71222276

Item	Kit	Order no.
19	Kit CM44P: PEM module (2 x photometer) • FSIP1 extension module, complete • Instructions for spare parts kit CM44x	On request
No graphic	Kit CM44x: field housing display cable • Display cable • Instructions for spare parts kit CM44x	71101762
No graphic	Kit CM44x: dummy plug for cable bushing 6 pieces	71104942
No graphic	Kit CM44x: set of hinges 10 pieces	71107454
No graphic	CDI plug-in connector with counter nut M20x1.5	51517507

14.2 Return

The product must be returned if repairs or a factory calibration are required, or if the wrong product was ordered or delivered. As an ISO-certified company and also due to legal regulations, Endress+Hauser is obliged to follow certain procedures when handling any returned products that have been in contact with medium.

To ensure swift, safe and professional device returns, please read the return procedures and conditions at www.endress.com/support/return-material.

14.3 Disposal

The device contains electronic components and must therefore be disposed of in accordance with regulations on the disposal of electronic waste.

Observe the local regulations.

Always dispose of batteries in accordance with local regulations on battery disposal.

15 Accessories

The following are the most important accessories available at the time this documentation was issued. For accessories not listed here, please contact your service or sales office.

15.1 Measuring cable

CUK80 cable set

- Pre-terminated and labeled cables for connecting analog photometer sensors
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cuk80

CYK10 Memosens data cable

- For digital sensors with Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cyk10

Technical Information TI00118C

Memosens data cable CYK11

- Extension cable for digital sensors with Memosens protocol
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cyk11

Technical Information TI00118C

15.2 Sensors

15.2.1 Photometer sensors

OUSAF11

- Optical sensor for VIS/NIR absorption
- Stainless steel housing and sensor head made from dirt-repellent FEP
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/ousaf11

Technical Information TI00474C

OUSAF12

- Optical sensor for the measurement of absorbance
- Variety of materials and process connections available
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/ousaf12

Technical Information TI00497C

OUSAF22

- Optical sensor for measuring color concentrations
- Variety of materials and process connections available
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/ousaf22

Technical Information TI00472C

OUSAF44

- Optical sensor for measuring UV absorption
- Variety of materials and process connections available
- Hygienic design
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/ousaf44

Technical Information TI00416C

OUSTF10

- Optical sensor for measuring turbidity and undissolved solids
- Variety of materials and process connections available
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/oustf10

Technical Information TI00500C

OUSBT66

- NIR absorption sensor for measuring cell growth and biomass
- Sensor version suitable for pharmaceutical industry
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/ousbt66

Technical Information TI00469C

15.2.2 Glass electrodes

Orbisint CPS11D

- pH electrode for process technology
- Optional SIL version for connecting to SIL transmitter
- With dirt-repellent PTFE diaphragm
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps11d

Technical Information TI00028C

Memosens CPS31D

- pH electrode with gel-filled reference system with ceramic diaphragm
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps31d

Technical Information TI00030C

Ceraliquid CPS41D

- pH electrode with ceramic junction and KCl liquid electrolyte
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps41d

Technical Information TI00079C

Ceragel CPS71D

- pH electrode with reference system including ion trap
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps71d

Technical Information TI00245C

Memosens CPS171D

- pH electrode for bio-fermenters with digital Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps171d

Technical Information TI01254C

Orbipore CPS91D

- pH electrode with open aperture for media with high dirt load
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps91d

Technical Information TI00375C

Orbipac CPF81D

- Compact pH sensor for installation or immersion operation
- In industrial water and wastewater
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cpf81d

🕞 Technical Information TI00191C

15.2.3 Enamel pH electrodes

Ceramax CPS341D

- pH electrode with pH-sensitive enamel
- Meets highest demands of measuring accuracy, pressure, temperature, sterility and durability
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps341d

Technical Information TI00468C

15.2.4 ORP sensors

Orbisint CPS12D

- ORP sensor for process technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps12d

Technical Information TI00367C

Ceraliquid CPS42D

- ORP electrode with ceramic junction and KCl liquid electrolyte
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps42d

Technical Information TI00373C

Ceragel CPS72D

- ORP electrode with reference system including ion trap
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps72d

Technical Information TI00374C

Orbipac CPF82D

- Compact ORP sensor for installation or immersion operation in process water and wastewater
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cpf82d

Technical Information TI00191C

Orbipore CPS92D

- ORP electrode with open aperture for media with high dirt load
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps92d

Technical Information TI00435C

15.2.5 pH ISFET sensors

Tophit CPS441D

- Sterilizable ISFET sensor for low-conductivity media
- Liquid KCl electrolyte
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps441d

Technical Information TI00352C

Tophit CPS471D

- Sterilizable and autoclavable ISFET sensor for food and pharmaceutics, process engineering
- Water treatment and biotechnology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps471d

Technical Information TI00283C

Tophit CPS491D

- ISFET sensor with open aperture for media with high dirt load
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps491d

Technical Information TI00377C

15.2.6 pH and ORP combined sensors

Memosens CPS16D

- Combined pH/ORP sensor for process technology
- With dirt-repellent PTFE diaphragm
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps16D

Technical Information TI00503C

Memosens CPS76D

- Combined pH/ORP sensor for process technology
- Hygienic and sterile applications
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps76d

Technical Information TI00506C

Memosens CPS96D

- Combined pH/ORP sensor for chemical processes
- With poison-resistant reference with ion trap
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps96d

Technical Information TI00507C

15.2.7 Conductivity sensors with inductive measurement of conductivity

Indumax CLS50D

- High-durability inductive conductivity sensor
- For standard and hazardous area applications
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cls50d

Technical Information TI00182C

Indumax H CLS54D

- Inductive conductivity sensor
- With certified, hygienic design for foodstuffs, beverages, pharmaceuticals and biotechnology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cls54d

Technical Information TI00508C

15.2.8 Conductivity sensors with conductive measurement of conductivity

Condumax CLS15D

- Conductive conductivity sensor
- For pure water, ultrapure water and Ex applications
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/CLS15d

Technical Information TI00109C

Condumax CLS16D

- Hygienic, conductive conductivity sensor
- For pure water, ultrapure water and Ex applications
- With EHEDG and 3A approval
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/CLS16d

Technical Information TI00227C

Condumax CLS21D

- Two-electrode sensor in plug-in head version version
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/CLS21d

Technical Information TI00085C

Memosens CLS82D

- Four-electrode sensor
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cls82d

Technical Information TI01188C

15.2.9 Oxygen sensors

Oxymax COS22D

- Sterilizable sensor for dissolved oxygen
- With Memosens technology or as an analog sensor
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cos22d

Technical Information TI00446C

Oxymax COS51D

- Amperometric sensor for dissolved oxygen
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cos51d

Technical Information TI00413C

Oxymax COS61D

- Optical oxygen sensor for drinking water and industrial water measurement
- Measuring principle: quenching
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cos61d

Technical Information TI00387C

Memosens COS81D

- Sterilizable, optical sensor for dissolved oxygen
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cos81d

Technical Information TI01201C

15.2.10 Disinfection sensors

CCS142D

- Membrane-covered amperometric sensor for free chlorine
- Measuring range 0.01 to 20 mg/l
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/ccs142d

Technical Information TI00419C

15.2.11 Ion-selective sensors

ISEmax CAS40D

- Ion selective sensors
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cas40d

Technical Information TI00491C

15.2.12 Turbidity sensors

Turbimax CUS51D

- For nephelometric measurements of turbidity and solids in wastewater
- 4-beam scattered light method
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cus51d

Technical Information TI00461C

Turbimax CUS52D

- Hygienic Memosens sensor for turbidity measurement in drinking water, process water and in utilities
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cus52d

Technical Information TI01136C

15.2.13 SAC and nitrate sensors

Viomax CAS51D

- SAC and nitrate measurement in drinking water and wastewater
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cas51d

Technical Information TI00459C

15.2.14 Interface measurement

Turbimax CUS71D

- Immersion sensor for interface measurement
- Ultrasonic interface sensor
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cus71d

Technical Information TI00490C

15.3 Additional functionality

15.3.1 Hardware extension modules

Kit, extension module AOR

- 2 x relay, 2 x 0/4 to 20 mA analog output
- Order No. 71111053

Kit, extension module 2R

- 2 x relay
- Order No. 71125375

Kit, extension module 4R

- 4 x relay
- Order No. 71125376

Kit, extension module 2AO

- 2 x 0/4 to 20 mA analog output
- Order No. 71135632

Kit, extension module 4AO

- 4 x analog output 0/4 to 20 mA
- Order No. 71135633

Kit, extension module 2DS

- 2 x digital sensor, Memosens
- Order No. 71135631

Kit, extension module 2AI

- $2 \ge 0/4$ to $20 \le 0$ mA analog input
- Order No. 71135639

Kit, extension module DIO

- 2 x digital input
- 2 x digital output
- Auxiliary voltage supply for digital output
- Order No. 71135638

Kit, extension module 485

- Ethernet configuration
- Can be extended to PROFIBUS DP or Modbus RS485 or Modbus TCP or EtherNet/IP. This requires an additional activation code which can be ordered separately.
- Order No. 71135634

Kit, extension module ETH

- Ethernet configuration
- Can be extended to Modbus TCP or EtherNet/IP. This requires an additional activation code which can be ordered separately.
- Order No. 71279810

Upgrade kit, extension module 485 with PROFIBUS DP

- Extension module 485
- PROFIBUS DP (+ Ethernet configuration)
- Order No. 71140888

Upgrade kit, extension module 485 with Modbus RS485

- Extension module 485
- Modbus RS485 (+ Ethernet configuration)
- Order No. 71140889

Upgrade kit, extension module 485 with Modbus TCP

- Extension module 485
- Modbus TCP (+ Ethernet configuration)
- Order No. 71140890

Upgrade kit, extension module 485 with EtherNet/IP

- Extension module 485
- EtherNet/IP (+ Ethernet configuration)
- Order No. 71219868

Upgrade kit, extension module ETH with Modbus TCP

- Extension module ETH
- Modbus TCP (+ Ethernet configuration)
- Order No. 71279809

Upgrade kit, extension module ETH with EtherNet/IP

- Extension module ETH
- EtherNet/IP (+ Ethernet configuration)
- Order No. 71279812

15.3.2 Firmware and activation codes

SD card with Liquiline firmware

- Industrial Flash Drive, 1 GB
- Order No. 71127100

You must quote the serial number of the device when ordering the activation code.

Activation code for digital HART communication Order No. 71128428

Activation code for PROFIBUS DP Order No. 71135635

Activation code for Modbus RS485 Order No. 71135636

Activation code for Modbus TCP for module 485 Order No. 71135637

Activation code for EtherNet/IP for module 485 Order No. 71219871

Activation code for Modbus TCP for module ETH Order No. 71279813

Activation code for EtherNet/IP for module ETH Order No. 71279830

Kit CM442: activation code for 2nd digital sensor input Order No. 71114663

Kit CM444/CM448: upgrade code for 2 x 0/4 to 20 mA for BASE-E Order No. 71140891

Activation code for feedforward control

- Requires current input or fieldbus communication
- Order No. 71211288

Activation code for measuring range switch

- Requires digital inputs or fieldbus communication
- Order No. 71211289

Activation code for ChemocleanPlus

- Requires relays or digital outputs or fieldbus communication and optional digital inputs
- Order No. 71239104

Activation code for Heartbeat Verification and Monitoring Order No. 71367524

Activation code for ion exchanger operating time

Mathematical function

• Order No. 71367531

Activation code for mathematics

- Formula editor
- Order No. 71367541

Activation code for remote calibration interface Order No. 71367542

15.4 Software

Memobase Plus CYZ71D

- PC software to support laboratory calibration
- Visualization and documentation of sensor management
- Sensor calibrations saved in the database
- Order as per product structure, www.endress.com/cyz71d

Technical Information TI00502C

Field Data Manager Software MS20

- PC software for central data management
- Visualization of series of measurements and logbook events
- SQL database for secure data storage
- Order No. 71129799

15.5 Other accessories

15.5.1 External display⁵⁾

Graphic display

- For installation in the control cabinet door or panel
- Order No. 71185295

Service display

- Portable, for commissioning
- Order No. 71185296

15.5.2 SD card

- Industrial Flash Drive, 1 GB
- Weight: 2 g
- Order No. 71110815

15.5.3 M12 built-in socket and cable junction with Velcro strip

Kit CM42/CM442/CM444/CM448: external CDI socket

- Socket with terminated connecting cables and counter nut
- Order No. 51517507

Kit CM442/CM444/CM448/CSF48: M12 built-in socket for digital sensors

- Pre-terminated
- Order No. 71107456

Kit CM442/CM444/CM448/CSF48: M12 built-in socket for PROFIBUS DP/Modbus RS485

- B-coded, pre-terminated
- Order No. 71140892

⁵⁾ The external display can be selected as an option in the product structure or ordered subsequently as an accessory.

Kit CM442/CM444/CM448/CSF48: M12 built-in socket for Ethernet

- D-coded, pre-terminated
- Order No. 71140893

Kit: external CDI socket, complete

- Retrofit kit for CDI interface, with terminated connecting cables
- Order No. 51517507

Cable junction with Velcro strip

- 4 pieces, for sensor cable
- Order No. 71092051

15.5.4 Communication-specific accessories

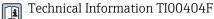
Commubox FXA191

- Intrinsically safe HART communication with FieldCare via the RS232C interface
- Transforms HART signals on RS 232C interface

Technical Information TI00237F

Commubox FXA195

Intrinsically safe HART communication with FieldCare via the USB port



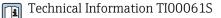
Commubox FXA291

Connects the CDI interface of measuring devices with the USB port of the computer or laptop

Technical Information TI00405C

Wireless HART adapter SWA70

- Wireless device connection
- Easily integrated, offers data protection and transmission safety, can be operated in parallel with other wireless networks, minimum cabling complexity



Fieldgate FXA320

Gateway for the remote interrogation of 4-20 mA measuring devices via a Web browser

Technical Information TI00025S

FieldXpert SFX100

Compact, flexible and robust industrial handheld terminal for remote configuration and for obtaining measured values via the HART current output

Operating Instructions BA00060S

15.5.5 System components

RIA14, RIA16

- Field display unit for integration into 4-20 mA circuits
- RIA14 in flameproof metal enclosure

Technical Information TI00143R and TI00144R

RIA15

- Process display unit, Digital display unit for integration into 4-20 mA circuits
- Panel mounting
- With optional HART communication



Technical Information TI01043K

16 Technical data

16.1 Input

Measured values	PhotometerAbsorption (UV, color, NIR, cell growth)Turbidity
	Memosens sensors \rightarrow Documentation of the connected sensor
Measuring ranges	Photometer OUSAF12, OUSAF21, OUSAF22, OUSAF44, OUSAF46
	0 to 2.5 AUMax. 50 OD (depending on the optical path length)
	OUSAF11 • 0 to 3 AU • 0 to 6 OD (depending on the optical path length)
	OUSTF10 • 0 to 200 FTU • 0 to 200 ppm DE
	OUSBT66 • 0 to 4 AU • 0 to 8 OD (depending on the optical path length)
	 Memosens sensors → Documentation of the connected sensor
Types of input	 Digital sensor inputs for sensors with Memosens protocol Analog current inputs (optional) Digital inputs (optional) Analog photometer inputs
Input signal	 Depending on version: Max. 2 x analog photometers Max. 4 x binary sensor signal 2 x 0/4 to 20 mA (optional), passive, potentially isolated from one another and from the sensor inputs 0 to 30 V
Cable specification	 Cable type Cable set CUK80 for photometer sensors Memosens data cable CYK10 or sensor fixed cable, each with cable end sleeves or M12 round-pin connector (optional, for field housing)
	Cable length Max. 100 m (330 ft)

16.2 Digital inputs, passive

Electrical specification	 drawing power (pas Galvanically isolated 		
Span	High:	11 to 30 V DC	
	Low:	0 to 5 V DC	
Nominal input current	max. 8 mA		
PFM function	Minimum pulse width	ι: 500 μs (1 kHz)	
Test voltage	500 V		
Cable specification	Max. 2.5 mm ² (14 AV	VG)	

16.3 Current input, passive

Span	> 0 to 20 mA		
Signal characteristic	Linear		
Internal resistance	Non-linear		
Test voltage	500 V		
	16.4 Output		
Output signal	 sensor circuits 4 x 0/4 to 20 mA, active, gasensor circuits 6 x 0/4 to 20 mA, active, gasensor circuits 8 x 0/4 to 20 mA, active, gasensor circuits 	 2 x 0/4 to 20 mA, active, galvanically isolated from one another and from the sensor circuits 4 x 0/4 to 20 mA, active, galvanically isolated from one another and from the sensor circuits 6 x 0/4 to 20 mA, active, galvanically isolated from one another and from the sensor circuits 8 x 0/4 to 20 mA, active, galvanically isolated from one another and from the sensor circuits 8 x 0/4 to 20 mA, active, galvanically isolated from one another and from the sensor circuits 9 x 0/4 to 20 mA, active, galvanically isolated from one another and from the sensor circuits 9 x 0/4 to 20 mA, active, galvanically isolated from one another and from the sensor circuits 9 x 0/4 to 20 mA, active, galvanically isolated from one another and from the sensor circuits 9 Optional HART communication (only via current output 1:1) 	
	Signal encoding	FSK ± 0.5 mA above current signal	
	Data transmission rate	1200 baud	
	Galvanic isolation	Yes	

Load (communication resistor)

250 Ω

PROFIBUS DP/RS485	
Signal encoding	EIA/TIA-485, PROFIBUS DP-compliant acc. to IEC 61158
Data transmission rate	9.6 kBd, 19.2 kBd, 45.45kBd, 93.75 kBd, 187.5 kBd, 500 kBd, 1.5 MBd, 6 MBd, 12 MBd
Galvanic isolation	Yes
Connectors	Spring terminal (max. 1.5 mm), bridged internally (T-function), optional M12
Bus termination	Internal slide switch with LED display

Modbus RS485	
Signal encoding	EIA/TIA-485
Data transmission rate	2,400, 4,800, 9,600, 19,200, 38,400, 57,600 and 115,200 baud
Galvanic isolation	Yes
Connectors	Spring terminal (max. 1.5 mm), bridged internally (T-function), optional M12
Bus termination	Internal slide switch with LED display

Ethernet and Modbus TCP	
Signal encoding	IEEE 802.3 (Ethernet)
Data transmission rate	10/100 MBd
Galvanic isolation	Yes
Connection	RJ45
IP address	DHCP (default) or configuration via menu

EtherNet/IP	
Signal encoding	IEEE 802.3 (Ethernet)
Data transmission rate	10/100 MBd
Galvanic isolation	Yes
Connection	RJ45
IP address	DHCP (default) or configuration via menu

Signal on alarm	 Adjustable, as per NAMUR Recommendation NE 43 In measuring range 0 to 20 mA (HART is not available with this measuring range): Error current from 0 to 23 mA In measuring range 4 to 20 mA: Error current from 2.4 to 23 mA Factory setting for error current for both measuring ranges: 21.5 mA
Load	Max. 500 Ω
Linearization/transmission	Linear

behavior

Electrical specification	 Passive 	
-	 Open collector, max. 30 V, 15 mA 	
PFM function	Minimum pulse width: 500 µs (1 kHz)	
Auxiliary voltage	 Electrical specification Galvanically isolated Unregulated, 24 V DC ± 20% Max. 50 mA (per DIO module) 	
Test voltage	500 V	
Cable specification	Max. 2.5 mm ² (14 AWG)	
	16.6 Current outputs, active	
Span	0 to 23 mA	
	2.4 to 23 mA for HART communication	
Signal characteristic	Linear	
Electrical specification	Output voltage Max. 24 V	
	Test voltage 500 V	
Cable specification	Cable type Recommended: shielded cable	
	Cable specification	

16.5 Digital outputs, passive

16.7 Relay outputs

Electrical specification

- 1 single-pin changeover contact (alarm relay)
- 2 or 4 single-pin changeover contacts (optional with extension modules)

Maximum load

Relay types

- Alarm relay: 0.5 A
- All other relays: 2.0 A
- Relay switching capacity

Base module (Alarm relay)

Switching voltage	Load (max.)	Switching cycles (min.)
230 V AC, $\cos\Phi$ = 0.8 to 1	0.1 A	700,000
	0.5 A	450,000
115 V AC, $\cos \Phi = 0.8$ to 1	0.1 A	1,000,000
	0.5 A	650,000
24 V DC, L/R = 0 to 1 ms	0.1 A	500,000
	0.5 A	350,000

Extension modules

Switching voltage	Load (max.)	Switching cycles (min.)
230 V AC, $\cos \Phi = 0.8$ to 1	0.1 A	700,000
	0.5 A	450,000
	2 A	120,000
115 V AC, $\cos \Phi = 0.8$ to 1	0.1 A	1,000,000
	0.5 A	650,000
	2 A	170,000
24 V DC, L/R = 0 to 1 ms	0.1 A	500,000
	0.5 A	350,000
	2 A	150,000

Cable specification Max. 2

Max. 2.5 mm² (14 AWG)

16.8 Protocol-specific data

HART

Manufacturer ID	11 _h
Device type	155D _h
Device revision	001 _h
HART version	7.2
Device description files (DD/DTM)	www.endress.com/hart Device Integration Manager DIM
Device variables	16 user-definable and 16 predefined device variables, dynamic variables PV, SV, TV, QV
Supported features	PDM DD, AMS DD, DTM, Field Xpert DD

PROFIBUS DP

Manufacturer ID	11 _h
Device type	155D _h
Profile version	3.02
GSD files	www.endress.com/profibus Device Integration Manager DIM
Output values	16 AI blocks, 8 DI blocks
Input variables	4 AO blocks, 8 DO blocks
Supported features	 1 MSCY0 connection (cyclical communication, master class 1 to slave) 1 MSAC1 connection (acyclical communication, master class 1 to slave) 2 MSAC2 connections (acyclical communication, master class 2 to slave) Device lock: The device can be locked using the hardware or software. Addressing using DIL switches or software GSD, PDM DD, DTM

Modbus RS485

Protocol	RTU/ASCII
Function codes	03, 04, 06, 08, 16, 23
Broadcast support for function codes	06, 16, 23
Output data	16 measured values (value, unit, status), 8 digital values (value, status)
Input data	4 setpoints (value, unit, status), 8 digital values (value, status), diagnostic information
Supported features	Address can be configured using switch or software

Modbus TCP

TCP port	502
TCP connections	3
Protocol	TCP
Function codes	03, 04, 06, 08, 16, 23
Broadcast support for function codes	06, 16, 23
Output data	16 measured values (value, unit, status), 8 digital values (value, status)
Input data	4 setpoints (value, unit, status), 8 digital values (value, status), diagnostic information
Supported features	Address can be configured using DHCP or software

EtherNet/IP

Log	EtherNet/IP	
ODVA certification	Yes	
Device profile	Generic device (p	roduct type: 0x2B)
Manufacturer ID	0x049E _h	
Device type ID	0x109C _h	
Polarity	Auto-MIDI-X	
Connections	CIP	12
	I/O	6
	Explicit message	6
	Multicast	3 consumers
Minimum RPI	100 ms (default)	
Maximum RPI	10000 ms	
System integration	EtherNet/IP	EDS
	Rockwell	Add-on-Profile Level 3, Faceplate for Factory Talk SE
IO data	Input (T \rightarrow O)	Device status and diagnostic message with highest priority
		Measured values: • 16 AI (analog input) + Status + Unit • 8 DI (discrete input) + Status
	Output (O → T)	Actuating values: • 4 AO (analog output) + status + unit • 8 DO (discrete output) + Status

Web server

The web server enables full access to the device configuration, measured values, diagnostic messages, logbooks and service data via standard WiFi/WLAN/LAN/GSM or 3G routers with a user-defined IP address.

TCP port	80
Supported features	 Remote-controlled device configuration(1 session) Save/restore device configuration (via SD card) Logbook export (file formats: CSV, FDM) Access to web server via DTM or Internet Explorer Login Web server can be switched off

16.9 Power supply

Supply voltage	CM44P Depending on the version,: • 100 to 230 V AC ± 15 %, 50/60 Hz • 24 V DC +20 / -15 %
Fieldbus connection	Supply voltage: not applicable

Power consumption	CM44P Depending on supply voltage • 100 to 230 V AC: Max. 73 VA (field device) Max. 150 VA (cabinet device) • 24 V DC: Max. 68 W (field device) Max. 59 W (cabinet device)		
Fuse	Fuse not exchangeable		
Overvoltage protection	Integrated overvoltage/lightning protection as p Protection category 1 and 3	per EN 61326	
Cable entries	Identification of the cable entry on housing base	Suitable gland	
	B, C, H, I, 1-8	M16x1.5 mm/NPT3/8"/G3/8	
	A, D, F, G	M20x1.5 mm/NPT1/2"/G1/2	
	Е	-	
	÷	M12x1.5 mm	
	pro o o n	Recommended assignment	
		1-8Sensors 1-8APower supplyBRS485 In or M12 DP/RS485CCan be used freelyD,F,GCurrent outputs and inputs, relaysHCan be used freelyIRS485 Out or M12 EthernetEDo not use	

Cable specification	Cable gland	Permitted cable diameter
	M16x1.5 mm	4 to 8 mm (0.16 to 0.32")
	M12x1.5 mm	2 to 5 mm (0.08 to 0.20")
	M20x1.5 mm	6 to 12 mm (0.24 to 0.48")
	NPT3/8"	4 to 8 mm (0.16 to 0.32")
	G3/8	4 to 8 mm (0.16 to 0.32")
	NPT1/2"	6 to 12 mm (0.24 to 0.48")
	G1/2	7 to 12 mm (0.28 to 0.48")

1 Cable glands mounted at the factory are tightened with 2 Nm.

Length of display cable provided (cabinet device only): 3 m (10 ft)

Maximum permitted length of a display cable (cabinet device only): $5\ m\ (16.5\ ft)$

Response time	Current outputs $t_{90} = max. 500 ms$ for an increase from 0 to 20 mA
	Current inputs t ₉₀ = max. 330 ms for an increase from 0 to 20 mA
	Digital inputs and outputs t ₉₀ = max. 330 ms for an increase from low to high
Reference temperature	25 °C (77 °F)
Measured error for sensor inputs	 Photometer 0 to 2.5 AU / to 50 OD 0.3 % of measuring range at 25 °C (77 °F) Max. 1 % of measuring range 0 to 200 FTU / 0 to 200 ppm DE Max. 2 % of measuring range
	Memosens sensors \rightarrow Documentation of the connected sensor
Measured error for current inputs and outputs	Typical measured errors: < 20 μA (with current values < 4 mA) < 50 μA (with current values 4 to 20 mA) at 25 °C (77° F) each
	Additional measured error depending on the temperature: $< 1.5 \ \mu A/K$
Frequency tolerance of digital inputs and outputs	≤ 1%
Resolution of current inputs and outputs	< 5 μΑ
Repeatability	\rightarrow Documentation of the connected sensor
	16.11 Environment
Ambient temperature range	CM44P -20 to 50 °C (0 to 120 °F)
	External display (optional) -20 to 60 °C (0 to 140 °F)
Storage temperature	Field device
	-40 to +80 °C (-40 to 175 °F)
	Cabinet device
	-25 to +85 °C (-10 to +185 °F)

16.10 Performance characteristics

Humidity	Field device		
	10 to 95 %, non-conde	nsating	
	Cabinet device		
	DIN rail device 5 to 85%, not condensi	na	
	External display (in in	-	
	5 to 95%, not condensi		
Degree of protection	Field device		
	IP 66/67, impermeabili	ity and corrosion resistance in accordance with NEMA TYPE 4X	
	Cabinet device		
	DIN rail device IP20 shock protection		
	External display IP66 front-panel, when	n installed correctly including seal for housing door	
Climate class	As per IEC 60654-1: B2	2	
Vibration resistance	Environmental tests Vibration test based on DIN EN 60068-2, October 2008 Vibration test based on DIN EN 60654-3, August 1998		
	Post or pipe mounting	I	
	Frequency range	10 to 500 Hz (sinusoidal)	
	Amplitude	10 to 57.5 Hz: 0.15 mm 57.5 to 500 Hz: 2 g ⁻¹⁾	
	Test duration	10 frequency cycles/ spatial axis, in 3 spatial axes (1 oct., min)	
	Wall mounting		
	Frequency range	10 to 150 Hz (sinusoidal)	
	Amplitude	10 to 12.9 Hz:0.75 mm12.9 to 150 Hz:0.5 g 1)	
	Test duration	10 frequency cycles/ spatial axis, in 3 spatial axes (1 oct., min)	
	1) g gravitational accel	leration (1 g \approx 9.81 m/s ²)	
Electromagnetic compatibility	Interference emission a Industry	and interference immunity as per EN 61326-1:2013, Class A for	
Electrical safety	Field device		
	IEC 61010-1, Class I eq Low voltage: overvoltag Environment < 3000 m		

	Cabinet device	
	IEC 61010-1, Class I equipment Low voltage: overvoltage category II	
	Environment < 2000 m (< 6562 ft)	
Degree of contamination	Field device	
	The product is suitable for pollution	degree 4.
	Cabinet device	
	The product is suitable for pollution	degree 2.
	Optional display	
	The product is suitable for pollution	degree 4.
Pressure compensation to environment field device only	Filter made of GORE-TEX used as pr Ensures pressure compensation to e	ressure compensation element nvironment and guarantees IP protection.
	16.12 Mechanical cons	truction
Dimensions	16.12 Mechanical cons	truction
Dimensions		truction
	→ 🖹 16	truction
	→ 🖹 16 → 🖺 18 Field device Complete device	Approx. 2.1 kg (4.63 lbs), depending on the version
	 → ■ 16 → ■ 18 Field device Complete device Individual module 	Approx. 2.1 kg (4.63 lbs), depending on the version Approx. 0.06 kg (0.13 lbs)
	→ 🖹 16 → 🖺 18 Field device Complete device	Approx. 2.1 kg (4.63 lbs), depending on the version
	 → ■ 16 → ■ 18 Field device Complete device Individual module SD card Cabinet device 	Approx. 2.1 kg (4.63 lbs), depending on the version Approx. 0.06 kg (0.13 lbs)
	 → ■ 16 → ■ 18 Field device Complete device Individual module SD card Cabinet device CM44P (fully configured) 	Approx. 2.1 kg (4.63 lbs), depending on the version Approx. 0.06 kg (0.13 lbs) Max. 5 g (0.17 oz) Approx. 0.95 kg (2.1 lbs)
	→ 🖹 16 → 🖺 16 → 🖺 18 Field device Complete device Individual module SD card Cabinet device CM44P (fully configured) Individual module	Approx. 2.1 kg (4.63 lbs), depending on the version Approx. 0.06 kg (0.13 lbs) Max. 5 g (0.17 oz) Approx. 0.95 kg (2.1 lbs) Approx. 0.06 kg (0.13 lbs)
	→ 🖹 16 → 🖺 16 → 🗎 18 Field device Complete device Individual module SD card Cabinet device CM44P (fully configured) Individual module External display (excluding cables)	Approx. 2.1 kg (4.63 lbs), depending on the version Approx. 0.06 kg (0.13 lbs) Max. 5 g (0.17 oz) Approx. 0.95 kg (2.1 lbs) Approx. 0.06 kg (0.13 lbs) Approx. 0.56 kg (1.2 lbs)
	 → ■ 16 → ■ 18 Field device Complete device Individual module SD card Cabinet device CM44P (fully configured) Individual module External display (excluding cables) Service display cover 	Approx. 2.1 kg (4.63 lbs), depending on the version Approx. 0.06 kg (0.13 lbs) Max. 5 g (0.17 oz) Approx. 0.95 kg (2.1 lbs) Approx. 0.06 kg (0.13 lbs) Approx. 0.56 kg (1.2 lbs) 0.46 kg (1 lbs)
Dimensions Weight	→ 🖹 16 → 🖺 16 → 🗎 18 Field device Complete device Individual module SD card Cabinet device CM44P (fully configured) Individual module External display (excluding cables)	Approx. 2.1 kg (4.63 lbs), depending on the version Approx. 0.06 kg (0.13 lbs) Max. 5 g (0.17 oz) Approx. 0.95 kg (2.1 lbs) Approx. 0.06 kg (0.13 lbs) Approx. 0.56 kg (1.2 lbs)

Materials

Housing base and DIN rail housing	PC-FR
Display cover	PC-FR
Display foil and soft keys (field device)	PE
Housing seal Display seal	EPDM
Soft keys (optional display)	EPDM
Module side panels	PC-FR
Module covers	PBT GF30 FR
Cable mounting rail (field device) Terminal strip (cabinet device)	PBT GF30 FR, stainless steel 1.4301 (AISI304) Nickel-plated brass
Clamps Ground terminals	Stainless steel 1.4301 (AISI304)
Threaded fasteners	Stainless steel 1.4301 (AISI304)
Mounting plate (optional display)	Stainless steel 1.4301 (AISI304)
Securing screws (optional display)	Steel, galvanized
Cover for service display (accessories)	EPDM
Cable glands	Polyamide V0 as per UL94

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