Special Documentation
Proline Prowirl F 200

Wet steam measurement application package
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1 Document information

1.1 Document function

This document is part of the Operating Instructions and serves as a reference for application-specific parameters and notes.

It provides detailed information on:
- Every individual parameter in the operating menu
- Advanced technical specifications
- General principles and application tips

1.2 Using this document

1.2.1 Information on the document structure

For the arrangement of the parameters as per the Operation menu, Setup menu, Diagnostics menu, along a short description, see the Operating Instructions for the device.

For information about the operating philosophy, see the "Operating philosophy" chapter in the device's Operating Instructions

1.3 Symbols used

1.3.1 Symbols for certain types of information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>🔄️</td>
<td>Tip</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>📕</td>
<td>Reference to documentation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>📖</td>
<td>Reference to page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>📖</td>
<td>Reference to graphic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🗺</td>
<td>Operation via local display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🛠️</td>
<td>Operation via operating tool</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🗝️</td>
<td>Write-protected parameter</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1.3.2 Symbols in graphics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1, 2, 3 ...</td>
<td>Item numbers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A, B, C ...</td>
<td>Views</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A-A, B-B, C-C ...</td>
<td>Sections</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1.4 Documentation

1.4.1 Device documentation

All devices are supplied with Brief Operating Instructions. These Brief Operating Instructions are not a substitute for the Operating Instructions pertaining to the device!

Detailed information about the device can be found in the Operating Instructions and the other documentation:

- On the CD-ROM supplied (is not included in the delivery for all device versions).
- Available for all device versions via:
  - Internet: www.endress.com/deviceviewer
  - Smart phone/tablet: Endress+Hauser Operations App

The information required to retrieve the documentation can be found on the nameplate of the device.

Technical documentation can also be downloaded from the Download Area of the Endress+Hauser web site: www.endress.com → Download. However this technical documentation applies to a particular instrument family and is not assigned to a specific device.

W@M Device Viewer

1. Launch the W@M Device Viewer: www.endress.com/deviceviewer
2. Enter the serial number (Ser. no.) of the device: see nameplate.
   ⇩ All the associated documentation is displayed.

Endress+Hauser Operations App

The Endress+Hauser Operations App is available for Android (Google play) and iOS (App Store).

Via the serial number:

2. Enter the serial number (Ser. no.) of the device: see nameplate.
   ⇩ All the associated documentation is displayed.

Via the 2-D matrix code (QR code):

2. Scan the 2-D matrix code (QR code) on the nameplate.
   ⇩ All the associated documentation is displayed.

1.4.2 Standard documentation

This manual is Special Documentation and is not a substitute for the Operating Instructions supplied with the device. Refer to the Operating Instructions and other documentation for detailed information.

The Special Documentation is an integral part of the following Operating Instructions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measuring device</th>
<th>HART</th>
<th>Documentation code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prowirl F 200</td>
<td>BA01154D</td>
<td>BA01222D</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1.4.3  Content and scope

This Special Documentation contains a description of the additional parameters and technical data that are provided with the **Wet Steam Measurement** application package. All the parameters that are not relevant for wet steam measurement are described in the Operating Instructions.

- The 'Technical data' section provides technical specifications for wet steam measurement → 18.
- The 'General principles' section provides general information about wet steam measurement → 20.
2 Product features and availability

2.1 Product features

2.1.1 Wet steam measurement application package

The Wet Steam Measurement application package complements the Wet Steam Detection application package in steam applications by providing quantitative steam quality measurement.

The application package offers:
- Steam quality as a direct measured value (on the display/current output/HART/PROFIBUS PA)
- Diagnostics information that issues a warning when the steam quality drops below the limit value for steam quality → 20 in the range between 80 to 100 %.
- Calculation of the following additional process variables:
  - Total mass flow \(^1\) (on the display/current output/HART/PROFIBUS PA)
  - Condensate mass flow (on the display/current output/HART/PROFIBUS PA)
  - Correction of the volume flow \(^2\), mass flow and energy flow in the steam application.

2.2 Availability

The Wet Steam Measurement application package is only available for:
- Prowirl F 200
- Nominal diameters: DN 25 to 100 (1 to 4”) 
- Order code for "Sensor version", option 3 "Mass flow (integrated temperature measurement)"

If the Wet Steam Measurement application package was ordered for the flowmeter ex works, this package is available when the measuring device is delivered to the customer. The function is accessed via the operating interfaces of the measuring device or via Endress+Hauser's FieldCare asset management software. No particular measures are required to put the application package into operation.

Ways to check function availability in the measuring device:
Using the serial number:
W@M Device viewer \(^3\) → Order code for "Application package", option EU "Wet Steam Measurement"

If the application package is not available in the measuring device it can be activated during the life cycle of the device. On most flowmeters it is possible to activate the package without having to upgrade the firmware.

Activation without firmware upgrade is possible with the following firmware versions or higher:
- HART: 01.02.zz
- PROFIBUS DP: 01.01.zz

For all earlier firmware versions, the firmware must be upgraded in order to enable the package.

---

1) Total mass flow = steam mass flow + condensate mass flow
2) Correction of the volume flow = correction of the primary volume flow towards condensate in a steam application (not to be confused with corrected volume flow); corrected volume flow = volume flow in relation to reference conditions
3) www.endress.com/deviceviewer
2.2.1 Enabling without performing a firmware upgrade
You require a conversion kit from Endress+Hauser to enable the application package without upgrading the firmware. This kit contains a release code which must be entered via the operating menu in order to activate the application package. Once activated the application package is permanently available in the measuring device.

2.2.2 Enabling by performing a firmware upgrade
If you have a measuring device that requires a firmware upgrade before the function can be activated, please contact your Endress+Hauser service organization. This function requires service-level access to the device.

ℹ️ Please contact your Endress+Hauser service or sales organization for further information regarding availability and firmware upgrades for existing measuring devices.
3 Commissioning

NOTICE
Please note the following before commissioning the Wet Steam Measurement application package:

- Do not use in conjunction with the inlet run correction function.
- Take the specified inlet runs into account.
- Do not use in conjunction with a flow conditioner.

3.1 Orientation
The measuring device must be installed in the pipe as follows:

![Horizontal orientation, transmitter head down]

3.2 Configuring the measuring device
The Medium selection wizard can be used to set all the parameters that are needed to configure the measuring device for wet steam measurement.

Perform the following to configure the measuring device:

1. Set the medium \(\rightarrow\) 9.
2. Set the process pressure \(\rightarrow\) 10.
3. Activate pressure compensation \(\rightarrow\) 11.

3.2.1 Setting the medium

1. Call up the Medium selection wizard.
2. In the Select medium parameter \(\rightarrow\) 10, select the Steam option.

Navigation
'Setup' menu \(\rightarrow\) Medium selection

Structure of the wizard
Parameter overview with brief description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Selection</th>
<th>Factory setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Select medium</td>
<td>Select medium type.</td>
<td>Steam</td>
<td>Steam</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 3.2.2 Setting the process pressure

#### Switching the process pressure to activate wet steam measurement

Once "Steam" has been selected as the medium, the process pressure present in the system must be set. The **Fixed process pressure** parameter is set to the value **0 bar abs. (ex works)**. In this case, the measuring device only calculates on the saturated steam curve → § 24. It is only possible to perform wet steam measurement if the **Fixed process pressure** parameter is set to a value ≠ 0 bar abs..

1. Call up the **Medium selection** wizard.
2. In the **Fixed process pressure** parameter (→ § 10) enter the process pressure present in the system or a value ≠ 0.

_Endress+Hauser recommends the use of active pressure compensation. This fully rules out the risk of measured errors due to pressure variations and incorrect entries → § 11._

#### Navigation

"Setup" menu → Medium selection

Parameter overview with brief description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Prerequisite</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>User entry</th>
<th>Factory setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Fixed process pressure | The following conditions are met:  
  - Order code for 'Sensor version', option 'Mass flow (integrated temperature measurement)'  
  - In the **External value** parameter (→ § 11), the **Pressure** option is not selected. | Enter fixed value for process pressure.  
  _Dependency_  
  The unit is taken from the **Pressure unit** parameter  
  For detailed information on the calculation of the measured variables with steam:  
  For detailed information on setting the parameter in steam applications, see the Special Documentation for the **Wet Steam Detection** and **Wet Steam Measurement** application package. | 0 to 250 bar abs. | 0 bar abs.       |

---

4) This factory setting enables backward compatibility for existing measuring points fitted with the previous Prowirl 73 model.
### 3.2.3 Activating pressure compensation

Users can choose to also perform active pressure compensation in order to minimize the effect of pressure variations. The pressure can be read in via the current input or fieldbuses.

For detailed information on reading in the pressure, see the Operating Instructions for the device → 5

1. Call up the **External compensation** submenu.
2. In the **External value** parameter (→ 11), select the **Pressure** option.

**Navigation**
'Setup' menu → Advanced setup → External compensation

---

#### Parameter overview with brief description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Selection</th>
<th>Factory setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>External value</td>
<td>Assign variable from external device to process variable.</td>
<td>Pressure</td>
<td>Off</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note on PROFIBUS PA**

If an external pressure transmitter is used to read in the pressure in devices with PROFIBUS PA, set the unit to Pascal in the pressure unit parameter.

**Navigation**
'Setup' menu → System units

---

#### Parameter overview with brief description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Prerequisite</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Selection</th>
<th>Factory setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Pressure unit | For the following order code: 'Sensor version', option 'Mass flow' | Select process pressure unit. **Effect**
The unit is taken from the:
- Calculated saturated steam pressure
- Atmospheric pressure
- Maximum value
- Fixed process pressure
- Pressure
- Reference pressure | Unit choose list | Country-specific:
- bar
- psi |
4 Operation

The steam quality is constantly calculated in the background.

Once the Wet Steam Measurement application package has been successfully put into operation, the following measuring device functions can be used:
- Wet steam warning if steam quality is in the range from 80 to 100 % → 12
- Correction of the volume flow, mass flow and energy flow → 13
- Configuration of wet steam warning for the switch output → 13
- Configuration of wet steam measurement → 16

4.1 Wet steam warning

The wet steam warning function implemented in the measuring device makes it possible to display a configurable diagnostic message. The threshold for triggering the diagnostic message is set to 80 % steam quality at the factory but this setting can be changed by the customer.

As soon as the steam quality drops below 80 %, the diagnostic message △S872 Wet steam detected appears on the display. This warning message disappears as soon as the steam quality exceeds 85 %. The hysteresis is fixed at 5 % (factory setting) and cannot be changed.

Changing the threshold value

The range of adjustment for this threshold value is 80 to 100 %.

NOTE!

In order to make the setting, the Calculated value option must be selected in the Steam quality parameter (7605).

Navigation:
- 'Setup' menu → Advanced setup → External compensation → Steam quality
  1. Call up the Diagnostic limits submenu.
  2. In the Steam quality limit parameter (→ 13), enter a value from 80 to 100 %.

The diagnostic message △S872 Wet steam detected is assigned the diagnostic behaviour Warning. A warning appears on the display and can be evaluated via the digital interface. It is possible to change the diagnostic behavior to Alarm. As a result if diagnostic message △S872 Wet steam detected is active, the current output adopts the configured failsafe mode.

For detailed information on adapting the diagnostic behavior, see the Operating Instructions → 5

Navigation
- 'Expert' menu → System → Diagnostic handling → Diagnostic limits
Parameter overview with brief description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Prerequisite</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>User entry</th>
<th>Factory setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Steam quality limit</td>
<td>The following conditions are met:</td>
<td></td>
<td>80 to 100 %</td>
<td>80 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• In the Select medium parameter, the Steam option is selected.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• In the Steam quality parameter, the Calculated value option is selected.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.2 Output variable correction

The following measured variables are corrected with the Wet Steam Detection/Measurement application package depending on the steam quality:

- Volume flow
- Mass flow
- Energy flow

The correction depends on the entry in the Steam quality parameter (7605). If the Fixed value option is selected, the Prowirl 200 corrects the measured variables mentioned above with the Steam quality value parameter (factory setting 100 %). If the Calculated value option is selected, the Prowirl 200 corrects the variables using the steam quality currently measured in the process.

For information on the measured error when the Calculated value option is selected, see the "Technical data" section → 18

4.3 Configuring the wet steam warning for the switch output

NOTE!

Compared with the fixed thresholds for the wet steam warning → 12, the behavior of the wet steam warning can be individually configured so that it is assigned to the switch output.

One of the following options must be available in the measuring device:

- Order code for 'Output; input', option B '4-20mA HART, pul./freq./switch output''
- Order code for 'Output; input', option D '4-20mA HART, pul./freq./switch: 4-20mA input''
- Order code for 'Output; input', option G 'PROFIBUS PA, pul./freq./switch output''

Configure the wet steam warning with the values recommended by Endress+Hauser for typical steam applications.

HART navigation:

'Setup' menu → Pulse/frequency/switch output

PROFIBUS PA navigation:
**Setup** menu → **Advanced setup** submenu → **Pulse/frequency/switch output** wizard

In the PROFIBUS PA communication mode, the settings for configuring the wet steam warning so that it is assigned to the switch output are the same as the settings in the HART communication mode.

1. Specify the operating mode of the output.
   - In the **Operating mode** parameter (→ 15), the **Switch** option is selected.

2. Select the function for the switch output.
   - In the **Switch output function** parameter (→ 15), the **Limit** option is selected.

3. Select the process variable for the limit function.
   - In the **Assign limit** parameter (→ 16), the **Steam quality** option is selected.

4. Enter the measured value for the switch-on value.
   - In the **Switch-on value** parameter (→ 16), the value **85 %** has been entered.

5. Enter the measured value for the switch-off value.
   - In the **Switch-off value** parameter (→ 16), the value **95 %** has been entered.

6. Enter the delay time for switching on the switch output.
   - In the **Switch-on delay** parameter (→ 16), the value **0.0 s** has been entered.

7. Enter the delay time for switching off the switch output.
   - In the **Switch-off delay** parameter (→ 16), the value **0.0 s** has been entered.

8. Specify the output behavior in the event of a device alarm.
   - In the **Failure mode** parameter (→ 16), the **Open** option is selected.

9. Invert the output signal.
   - In the **Invert output signal** parameter (→ 16), the **No** option is selected.

The wet steam warning has now been configured for the switch output.
Navigation
'Setup' menu → Pulse/frequency/switch output

Parameter overview with brief description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Prerequisite</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Selection / User entry</th>
<th>Factory setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operating mode</td>
<td>~</td>
<td>Define the output as a pulse, frequency or switch output.</td>
<td>• Pulse</td>
<td>Pulse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Frequency</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Switch</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switch output function</td>
<td>The Switch option is selected in the Operating mode parameter.</td>
<td>Select function for switch output.</td>
<td>• Off</td>
<td>Off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• On</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Diagnostic behavior</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Limit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Status</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Endress+Hauser
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Prerequisite</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Selection / User entry</th>
<th>Factory setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Assign limit</td>
<td>• The <strong>Switch</strong> option is selected in the <strong>Operating mode</strong> parameter.</td>
<td>Select process variable for limit function.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Volume flow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• The <strong>Limit</strong> option is selected in the <strong>Switch output function</strong> parameter.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
|                    |                                                                             | • Volume flow  
• Corrected volume flow  
• Mass flow  
• Flow velocity  
• Temperature  
• Calculated saturated steam pressure  
• Steam quality  
• Total mass flow  
• Energy flow  
• Heat flow difference  
• Reynolds number  
• Totalizer number  
• Totalizer 1  
• Totalizer 2  
• Totalizer 3 |
| Switch-on value    | • The **Switch** option is selected in the **Operating mode** parameter.     | Enter measured value for the switch-on point.                                                                                                     | Signed floating-point number | Country-specific:  
• 0 m³/h  
• 0 ft³/h |
|                    | • The **Limit** option is selected in the **Switch output function** parameter. |                                                                                                                                                  |                        |                 |
| Switch-off value   | • The **Switch** option is selected in the **Operating mode** parameter.     | Enter measured value for the switch-off point.                                                                                                   | Signed floating-point number | Country-specific:  
• 0 m³/h  
• 0 ft³/h |
|                    | • The **Limit** option is selected in the **Switch output function** parameter. |                                                                                                                                                  |                        |                 |
| Switch-on delay    | • The **Switch** option is selected in the **Operating mode** parameter.     | Define delay for the switch-on of status output.                                                                                                  | 0.0 to 100.0 s         | 0.0 s           |
|                    | • The **Limit** option is selected in the **Switch output function** parameter. |                                                                                                                                                  |                        |                 |
| Switch-off delay   | • The **Switch** option is selected in the **Operating mode** parameter.     | Define delay for the switch-off of status output.                                                                                                 | 0.0 to 100.0 s         | 0.0 s           |
|                    | • The **Limit** option is selected in the **Switch output function** parameter. |                                                                                                                                                  |                        |                 |
| Failure mode       | –                                                                           | Define output behavior in alarm condition.                                                                                                       | • Actual status  
• Open  
• Closed | Open            |
| Invert output signal| –                                                                           | Invert the output signal.                                                                                                                         | • No  
• Yes | No              |

* Visibility depends on order options or device settings

### 4.4 Configuring wet steam measurement

The **Wet Steam Measurement** application package enables the following functions:

- The steam quality can be output as a direct measured at the outputs display/current output/HART/PROFIBUS PA.
- The following additional process variables can be calculated and output:
  - Total mass flow (1854) (on the display/current output/HART/PROFIBUS PA)
  - Condensate mass flow (1857) (on the display/current output/HART/PROFIBUS PA)
- Correction of the volume flow, mass flow and energy flow in the steam application
- A configurable diagnostic message that is displayed if the measuring device is outside the specified ranges of the process variables. (Factory setting **Off**)
The steam quality is derived from the vortex signal according to a patented signal processing method.

For detailed information on the measured error and the valid ranges of the process variables: → 18

If the process variables for determining the steam quality are outside the valid ranges, the measuring device displays diagnostic message $S874$ X% spec invalid and, in the standard configuration, performs a correction with a steam quality of 100 % (factory setting). It is possible to change this diagnostic behavior.

Example

To correct the measuring device with another steam quality when diagnostic message $S874$ X% spec invalid is displayed, the Steam quality value parameter (7630) must be changed accordingly, e.g. to a value of 80 %. (Navigation: “Setup” menu → Advanced setup → External compensation)

The process variables to be output are corrected depending on the Steam quality parameter 5):

- If the Fixed value option is selected, the variables are always corrected using the settings in the Steam quality value parameter (7630)
- If the Calculated value option is selected, the variables are always corrected on the basis of the steam quality calculated by the system, derived from the measured DSC sensor signal. The calculated steam quality is then also directly available as an output value.

5) Navigation: Setup menu → Advanced setup submenu → External compensation submenu
5 Technical data

The Wet Steam Measurement application package is valid for the following ranges:

**SI units**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DN [mm]</th>
<th>Velocity range in the measuring tube [m/s]</th>
<th>Temperature range [°C]</th>
<th>Pressure range [bar abs.]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>5 ≤ u ≤ 35</td>
<td>120 &lt; T &lt; 185</td>
<td>2 &lt; p &lt; 11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>5 ≤ u ≤ 50</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>5 ≤ u ≤ 45</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
<td>5 ≤ u ≤ 50</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>5 ≤ u ≤ 30</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**US units**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>16.4 ≤ u ≤ 114.83</td>
<td>248 &lt; T &lt; 365</td>
<td>29.0 &lt; p &lt; 159.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1½</td>
<td>16.4 ≤ u ≤ 164.0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>16.4 ≤ u ≤ 147.64</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>16.4 ≤ u ≤ 164.0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>16.4 ≤ u ≤ 98.43</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTICE**

Outside the valid ranges, the volume flow, mass flow, energy flow and total mass flow are no longer corrected with the calculated value for steam quality. Outside the valid ranges, these output variables are corrected with the value saved in the Steam quality value parameter (factory setting: 100 %). (Navigation: Setup menu → Advanced setup submenu → External compensation submenu → Steam quality value parameter)

> This can be displayed using the configurable diagnostic message △S874 X% spec invalid (factory setting: Off).

5.1 Measured error for process variables

In the event of wet steam in the region of 80 to 100 % steam quality:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Process variable</th>
<th>Measured error 1)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Volume flow</td>
<td>±3 % 2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mass flow</td>
<td>±4 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Energy flow</td>
<td>±4 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Process variable | Measured error ¹)
--- | ---
Steam quality | -2 to 0 % with steam quality = 100 %
| ±5 % with steam quality ≤ 90 % (typical)
Total mass flow | ±11 %

¹) All the data refer to a confidence interval of 95 % and the steam phase (without condensate)

²) If the volume flow is not corrected on the basis of the measured steam quality, as happens in devices that do not have a wet steam measurement application package, for example, a measured error of up to 7 % can be expected.

For additional information about measured errors, see the "Maximum measured error" section in the Technical Information document → 5
6 General principles

6.1 Introduction

The vortex flow measuring principle is a universal measuring principle that allows users to measure liquids, gases and steams. Thanks to its very robust design, the Prowirl F 200 is the flowmeter of choice in steam applications. Boilers are used for industrial steam generation. Steam is the most efficient energy transfer medium. The two primary applications are the transfer of thermal energy (boiling, heating processes) and kinetic energy (turbines in power stations). The steam present immediately at the outlet of a boiler that does not have a superheater is in a saturated state and is known as saturated steam. This type of steam has a theoretical steam quality of 100 % (x = 1). In relation to a closed volume, saturated steam describes the state when the last droplet of water changed to gas. As soon as energy is withdrawn from this steam condensate forms. This heat transfer involves a lot of energy (latent enthalpy \( h_{fg} \)).

Superheated steam is formed from saturated steam if the temperature is increased at a constant pressure or the pressure drops at a constant temperature.

6.2 Steam quality

Wet steam describes a two-phase mixture. Saturated steam and condensate are in thermodynamic equilibrium. A steam quality of 80 %, for instance, means that 80 % of the mass flow is in a gaseous state and 20 % in a liquid state.

The steam quality \( x \) is referenced to the mass flow. A steam quality of 50 % does not mean that half the pipe is filled with water.

6.2.1 Volumetric comparison

Steam quality is a mass ratio:

\[
x = \frac{\dot{m}_{steam}}{(\dot{m}_{steam} + \dot{m}_{condensate})}
\]

Example 1

In a closed volume, 80 % of the mass fraction is in the form of saturated steam and 20 % in the form of condensate (= 80 % steam quality). At 10 bar (145 psi) absolute pressure, the volume consists of 99.9 percentage volume saturated steam and 0.1 percentage volume condensate because the density of the condensate is 200 times greater than that of steam.

Example 2

At a pressure of 8 bar (116 psi) and a temperature of +170 °C (+338 °F), 4 000 kg (8 818.5 lb) of steam flow through a pipe (DN 100 (4'')) per hour. The steam quality is 80 %. The steam flows at a velocity of 36 m/s (118.1 ft/s). Presuming that the flow involved is annular flow → \( \delta 21 \) and that the velocity of the condensate is 2 m/s (6.6 ft/s), a volumetric comparative variable can be calculated. With a steam quality of 80 %, the resulting annular flow would have a thickness of 0.5 mm (0.02 in).

6.2.2 Mass compensation

Volume flow is the primary measuring signal used in the vortex meter measuring principle. The volume flow of the gas phase (primary phase) can be measured with sufficient accuracy using conventional vortex flowmeters. However most users are more interested in the mass flow or energy flow of the steam as the transfer or release of energy is the primary task in steam applications. Modern vortex flowmeters offer users gas phase
compensation for such situations. In our previous example, mass compensation of the gas phase means that only 80% of the total mass flow is measured. This consequently results in problems when analyzing the energy of a client's process:
- The client has no information about the quality of the steam or process.
- The process is inefficient as only the mass flow of the primary phase can be factored into efficiency calculations.
- The absence of an indicator for the quality of the steam means that an efficiency or safety analysis must be based on assumptions, making the process unsafe as a result.

6.3 Two-phase flow
In flow measurement, "two-phase flow" occurs when a gas phase and a liquid phase are present at the same time.

6.3.1 Classifications
Classifications for two-phase flow (depending on the steam quality, velocity of the primary phase, pressure and temperature):

**Channel flow**
The liquid phase stays at the bottom of the pipe, while the gas phase flows over it at a higher flow velocity.

**Wavy flow**
The liquid phase stays at the bottom of the pipe, while the gas phase causes waves to occur in the liquid (increasing the risk of steam and water hammer).

![Wavy flow - steam, condensate](image1)

**Annular flow**
The liquid phase (condensate) is present in the form of an annular-shaped film on the pipe wall, while the gas phase flows through the middle of it.

![Annular flow - steam, condensate](image2)
6.4 System efficiency

For efficient energy transfer it must be ensured that the optimum steam state is provided for the individual application:
- Transfer of energy through a distribution system: slightly superheated steam
  The heat transfer coefficient is lower than in the case of saturated steam → less heat loss
- Operation of a turbine (gas kinetic energy does the work): highly superheated steam
  Dry steam → no liquid parts, therefore less risk of abrasion on the turbine blades.
- Transfer of energy to the process: saturated steam
  The heat transfer coefficient is higher than in the case of superheated steam → most of the energy can be transferred to the process.

Once steam has been generated, it is distributed through pipes to the various processes. During this distribution process, make sure to keep heat loss to a minimum.

Reasons for heat loss:
- Poor insulation
- Long distribution routes

The proportion of heat lost directly affects the system efficiency. Boilers operated incorrectly drive down system efficiency. The steam produced is of a poorer quality and can therefore not store the same amount of energy as saturated steam (100 % steam quality). If the steam quality drops below 100 %, the steam is known as wet steam. This wet steam contains a lower latent enthalpy \( h_{fg} \) in proportion to the steam quality that can be transferred to the process.

As a result, the poorer the quality of steam the lower the system efficiency.

6.5 Safety risk

Further to this wet steam is also a considerable safety risk. Large amounts of condensate can cause considerable damage in systems.

Typical risks presented by poor steam quality:
- Water hammer
- Steam hammer
- Frothover in the start-up phase

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Danger</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Effect</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Water hammer                        | Condensate fills up the entire pipe for a short time and travels through the pipe at the speed of the steam.                                                                                                  | • Destroys pipes, valves, measuring technology equipment  
                                                                                       | • Loud banging                                                                         |
| Steam hammer                        | A certain volume of steam is trapped between condensate at both ends for a short while → A sudden phase change of the trapped steam produces a local vacuum and causes the condensate fronts to collide → Shock waves with pressures up to 160 bar (2320.6 psi) are generated | • Destroys pipes, valves, measuring technology equipment  
                                                                                       | • Loud banging                                                                         |
| Frothover in the start-up phase     | In the start-up phase of a steam system, it must be ensured that the connected steam consumption processes do not draw in more steam than can be generated. If this does nevertheless happen, the boiler pressure falls. If the boiler pressure is too low, this causes a pull over the surface of the water → some of the liquid water enters the flow of steam | • Boiler starts up and shuts down frequently  
                                                                                       | • In extreme situations boiler can explode (if heating pipes are exposed and low-water alarm is defective at the same time)  
                                                                                       | • Frothover, corrosive boiler water destroys pipes, valves, measuring technology equipment  
                                                                                       | • Loud banging                                                                         |

Therefore, the poorer the quality of steam the higher the safety risk.
The risk of water hammer or steam hammer increases with decreasing steam quality. For this reason condensate traps are used in modern steam systems. A condensate trap removes the condensate from the pipe and increases the quality of the steam.

### 6.6 Wet steam measurement with Prowirl F 200

#### 6.6.1 Prowirl F 200: the steam expert

The Wet Steam Measurement application package in conjunction with active pressure compensation makes the Prowirl F 200 device an expert for steam applications. In industrial process engineering, steam is one of the main heat transfer media. It is important for businesses to make energy transfer as efficient as possible. To properly size and assess efficient steam facilities, exact information about the total mass flow or energy flow is needed. Steam has different states. Knowledge of these states is essential for accurate and correct measurement. For this reason, the customer is asked to enter the steam state in conventional vortex flowmeters. In many cases, customers enter this information based on an assumption or a preference. Prowirl F 200 is the first vortex flowmeter on the market that enables automatic steam measurement across all steam states. Prowirl F 200 with wet steam measurement and active pressure compensation enables an accurate energy balance and gives users a unique opportunity to appraise their process quality.

#### 6.6.2 Advantages over conventional process for determining steam quality

The current state of the art for determining steam quality uses sampling methods, usually in conjunction with throttling calorimeters. This process was first introduced as early as 1888 by Cecil Hobart Peabody.

Wet steam measurement with Prowirl F 200 offers several clear advantages over this process:
- Continuous monitoring and measurement of the steam quality
- Continuous calculation of corrected measured variables that depend on the steam quality
- No additional manpower needed to determine the steam quality (2 people and roughly 3 h work time are generally needed for a single sample using the conventional method)
- As there is no need to open the process the safety risk is considerably lower.
7 Application example

The following section provides an example of a practical application of the Wet Steam Measurement application package in order to illustrate the advantages this package offers:

- Customer: food industry
- Application: ensure energy efficiency during heat transfer through steam and identify any energy loss immediately
- Process data:
  - Nominal diameter: DN 50 (2"
  - Process pressure: 3 bar abs. (43.51 psi abs.)
  - Process temperature: 133 °C (271.4 °F)
  - Flow range: 200 to 500 kg/h (7.35 to 18.37 lb/min)

The customer has a main boiler and adds additional boilers where needed. The steam is delivered to the subsystems via a large steam distribution system. The pipes to the consumers are > 50 m (164 ft) and some are not insulated for reasons of the plant layout. The customer wanted a solution that provided information about the steam quality and therefore the energy efficiency of the system.

Endress+Hauser's patented, innovative solution meets the customer's requirements with the Wet Steam Measurement application package.

The following advantages won the client over:
- Measurement of the steam quality
- Correct measurement of the primary phase (gaseous steam) taking into consideration the steam quality present at the measuring point
- The ability to output mass flow and energy flow as process variables

Endress+Hauser sold the following solution in this application:
- Prowirl F 200
- Order code for "Nominal diameter", option 50 "DN50 2"
- Order code for "Output; input", option D "4-20mA HART, pul./freq./switch; 4-20mA input"
- Order code for "Sensor version", option 3 "Mass flow (integrated temperature measurement)"
- Order code for "Application package", option EU "Wet steam measurement"
- Cerabar S PMC71